OWNER'S MANUAL 2022



250 EXC TPI 250 EXC SIX DAYS TPI 250 XC-W TPI 300 EXC TPI 300 EXC SIX DAYS TPI 300 XC-W TPI 300 EXC TPI ERZBERGRODEO 300 XC-W TPI ERZBERGRODEO

ART. NO. 3214421EN





Congratulations on your decision to purchase a KTM motorcycle. You are now the owner of a state-of-the-art sports vehicle which, with appropriate care, will bring you pleasure for a long time to come.

We wish you good and safe riding at all times!

Enter the serial numbers of your vehicle below.

Vehicle identification number (💷 p. 14)	Dealer's stamp
Engine number (📖 p. 14)	
Key number (All EXC models) (🕮 p. 14)	

The Owner's Manual contained the latest information for this model series at the time of going to print. However, minor differences due to further developments in design cannot be ruled out completely.

All specifications contained herein are non-binding. KTM Sportmotorcycle GmbH specifically reserves the right to modify or delete technical specifications, prices, colors, forms, materials, services, designs, equipment, etc., without prior notice and without specifying reasons, to adapt these to local conditions, as well as to stop production of a particular model without prior notice. KTM accepts no liability for delivery options, deviations from figures and descriptions, misprints, and other errors. The models portrayed partly contain special equipment that does not belong to the regular scope of supply.

© 2021 KTM Sportmotorcycle GmbH, Mattighofen Austria

All rights reserved

Reproduction, even in part, as well as copying of all kinds, is permitted only with the express written permission of the copyright owner.



ISO 9001(12 100 6061)

KTM applies quality assurance processes that lead to the highest possible product quality as defined in the ISO 9001 international quality management standard. Issued by: TÜV Management Service

REG.NO. 12 100 6061 KTM Sportmotorcycle GmbH Stallhofnerstraße 3 5230 Mattighofen, Austria

This document is valid for the following models: 250 EXC TPI EU (F7303V7) 250 EXC SIX DAYS TPI EU (F7303V2) 250 XC-W TPI US (F7375V4) 300 EXC TPI EU (F7403V7) 300 EXC SIX DAYS TPI EU (F7403V2) 300 EXC SIX DAYS TPI CN (F7487V2) 300 EXC SIX DAYS TPI ASEAN (F7488V2) 300 XC-W TPI US (F7475V3) 300 EXC TPI ERZBERGRODEO EU (F7403V3) 300 XC-W TPI ERZBERGRODEO US (F7475V6)



3214421en

1	MEANS	S OF REPRESENTATION	. 6
	1.1 1.2	Symbols used Formats used	
2	SAFET	Y ADVICE	. 7
	 2.1 2.2 2.3 2.4 2.5 2.6 2.7 2.8 2.9 2.10 	Use definition – intended use Misuse Safety advice Degrees of risk and symbols Tampering warning Safe operation Protective clothing Work rules Environment Owner's Manual	. 7 . 7 . 8 . 8 . 8 . 9 . 9 . 9
3	IMPOR	TANT NOTES	11
	3.1 3.2 3.3 3.4 3.5 3.6	Manufacturer warranty, implied warranty Fuel, auxiliary substances Spare parts, technical accessories Service Figures Customer service	11 11 11 11 11 11
4	VIEW C	OF VEHICLE	12
	4.1 4.2	View of vehicle, front left (example) View of vehicle, rear right (example)	12 13
5	SERIAL	_ NUMBERS	14
	5.1 5.2 5.3 5.4 5.5 5.6	Vehicle identification number Type label Key number (All EXC models) Engine number Fork part number Shock absorber article number	
6	CONTR	OLS	16
	6.1 6.2 6.3 6.4 6.5 6.6 6.7 6.8 6.9 6.10	Clutch lever Hand brake lever Throttle grip Stop button (All EXC models) Stop button (All XC-W models) Horn button (All EXC models) Light switch (All EXC models) Turn signal switch (All EXC models) Emergency OFF switch (All EXC models)	16 16 16 17 17 17 17 18
	6.11	Start button	18
	6.12	Map switch (All special models)	18

6.13	Overview of indicator lights (All EXC models)	19
6.14	Overview of indicator lights (All XC-W models)	19
6.15	Opening the fuel tank filler cap	19
6.16	Closing the fuel tank filler cap	20
6.17	Opening 2-stroke oil tank cap	20
6.18	Closing 2-stroke oil tank cap	21
6.19	Supporting strap (All ERZBERGRODEO models)	21
6.20	Cold start button	21
6.21	Idle speed adjusting screw	22
6.22	Shift lever	22
6.23	Foot brake lever	23
6.24	Side stand	23
6.25	Steering lock (All EXC models)	23
		23
6.26	Locking the steering (All EXC models)	24
6.27	Unlocking the steering (All EXC	
0127	models)	24
	NATION INSTRUMENT	<u>م</u> ۲
		25
7.1	Combination instrument overview	25
7.2	Activation and test	25
7.3	Setting kilometers or miles	25
7.4	Adjusting combination instrument	
	function	26
7.5	Setting the clock	27
7.6	Viewing the lap time	27
7.7	Display mode SPEED (speed)	28
7.8	Display mode SPEED/H (operating	
	hours)	28
7.9	Setup menu	28
7.10	Adjusting the unit of measurement	29
7.11	Display mode SPEED/CLK (time)	30
7.12	Setting the clock	30
7.13	Display mode SPEED/LAP (lap	
	time)	30
7.14	Viewing the lap time	
7.15	Display mode SPEED/ODO	
	(odometer)	31
7.16	Display mode SPEED/TR1 (trip	
	master 1)	32
7.17	Display mode SPEED/TR2 (trip	
	master 2)	32
7.18	Adjusting TR2 (trip master 2)	32
7.19	Display mode SPEED/A1 (average	
,,	speed 1)	33
7.20	Display mode SPEED/A2 (average	
7.20	speed 2)	33
7.21	Display mode SPEED/S1 (stop	
	watch 1)	34
7.22	Display mode SPEED/S2 (stop	
	watch 2)	34
7.23	Table of functions	
		2

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	7.24	Table of conditions and menu activation	36
8	PREPA	RING FOR USE	37
	8.1	Advice on preparing for first use	37
	8.2	Running in the engine	38
	8.3	Starting power of lithium-ion	
		batteries at low temperatures	39
	8.4	Preparing the vehicle for difficult operating conditions	39
	8.5	Preparing the vehicle for riding on	55
	0.0	dry sand	39
	8.6	Preparing the vehicle for riding on wet sand	41
	8.7	Preparing the vehicle for riding on wet and muddy circuits	42
	8.8	Preparing vehicle for high	12
		temperatures or slow riding	42
	8.9	Preparing the vehicle for low	
		temperatures or snow	43
9	RIDING	INSTRUCTIONS	44
	9.1	Checks and maintenance measures	
	9.2	when preparing for use Starting the vehicle	44 44
	9.3	Starting off	45
	9.4	Shifting, riding	45
	9.5	Braking	46
	9.6	Stopping, parking	47
	9.7	Transporting	47
	9.8	Refueling	48
	9.9	Adding 2-stroke oil	49
10	SERVIC	E SCHEDULE	50
	10.1	Additional information	50
	10.2	Required work	50
	10.3	Recommended work	51
11	TUNIN	G THE CHASSIS	53
	11.1	Checking the basic chassis setting with the rider's weight	53
	11.2	Compression damping of the shock	
		absorber	53
	11.3	Adjusting the low-speed compression damping of the shock	
		absorber	53
	11.4	Adjusting the high-speed compression damping of the shock	- 4
	115	absorber	54
	11.5	Adjusting the rebound damping of the shock absorber	55
	11.6	Measuring the dimension of the rear wheel unloaded	55
	11.7	Checking the static sag of the shock	55
	/	absorber	56

11.8	Checking the riding sag of the shock absorber	56
11.9	Adjusting the spring preload of the shock absorber ◀	57
11.10	Adjusting the riding sag 🌂	58
11.10	Checking the basic setting of the fork	58
11.12	Adjusting the compression damping of the fork	59
11.13	Adjusting the rebound damping of the fork	59
11.14	Adjusting the spring preload of the fork	60
11.15	Handlebar position	61
11.16	Adjusting the handlebar position 4	61
SERVIC	CE WORK ON THE CHASSIS	64
12.1	Raising the motorcycle with a lift stand	64
12.2	Removing the motorcycle from the	
	lift stand	64
12.3	Bleeding the fork legs	64
12.4	Cleaning the dust boots of the fork	
	legs	65
12.5	Removing the fork protector	65
12.6	Installing the fork protector	66
12.7	Removing the fork legs 🔌	66
12.8	Installing the fork legs 🔌	67
12.9	Removing the lower triple clamp (All standard XC-W models, All standard 5XC models, All	68
12.10	standard EXC models) Removing the lower triple clamp ◀ (All special models)	68
12.11	Installing the lower triple clamp ◀ (All standard XC-W models, All	00
	standard EXC models)	69
12.12	Installing the lower triple clamp A (All special models)	72
12.13	Checking steering head bearing play	74
12.14	Adjusting the steering head bearing play 🔦	74
12.15	Lubricating the steering head bearing \	76
12.16	Removing front fender	76
12.10	Installing front fender	76
12.17	Removing the shock absorber 4	77
12.18	Installing the shock absorber 4	77
	-	78
12.20 12.21	Removing the seat	78 78
	Mounting the seat	
12.22	Removing the air filter box cover	79
12.23	Installing the air filter box cover	79
12.24	Removing the air filter	80
12.25	Installing the air filter A	80
12.26	Cleaning the air filter and air filter box \checkmark	81

	12.27	Preparing air filter box cover for securing 4	1
	12.28	Removing the main silencer	2
	12.29	Installing the main silencer	2
	12.30	Changing the glass fiber yarn filling of the main silencer ◀	2
	12.31	Removing the fuel tank 🌂 83	3
	12.32	Installing the fuel tank 4 8	5
	12.33	Checking the chain for dirt	6
	12.34	Cleaning the chain 8	7
	12.35	Checking the chain tension	7
	12.36	Adjusting the chain tension	8
	12.37	Checking the chain, rear sprocket, engine sprocket, and chain guide 89	q
	12.38	Checking the frame 4 93	
	12.39	Checking the link fork	
	12.30	Checking the throttle cable routing 93	
	12.40	Checking the rubber grip	
	12.41	Adjusting the basic position of the	5
		clutch lever 93	3
	12.43	Checking/correcting the fluid level of the hydraulic clutch	4
	12.44	Changing the hydraulic clutch fluid	5
	12.45	Removing the engine guard (All	
	12.46	special models)	6
	12.40	special models)	6
13	BRAKE	9 SYSTEM 9	7
13	BRAKE 13.1	SYSTEM	-
13		Checking the free travel of the hand	7
13	13.1	Checking the free travel of the hand brake lever	7
13	13.1 13.2 13.3	Checking the free travel of the hand brake lever	7 7 8
13	13.113.213.313.4	Checking the free travel of the hand brake lever	7 7 8 8
13	 13.1 13.2 13.3 13.4 13.5 	Checking the free travel of the hand brake lever	7 7 8 8 9
13	 13.1 13.2 13.3 13.4 13.5 13.6 	Checking the free travel of the hand brake lever	7 7 8 8 9 9
13	 13.1 13.2 13.3 13.4 13.5 13.6 13.7 	Checking the free travel of the hand brake lever	7 7 8 8 9 9
13	 13.1 13.2 13.3 13.4 13.5 13.6 	Checking the free travel of the hand brake lever	7 7 8 8 9 9 0
13	 13.1 13.2 13.3 13.4 13.5 13.6 13.7 	Checking the free travel of the hand brake lever	7 7 8 9 9 0
13	 13.1 13.2 13.3 13.4 13.5 13.6 13.7 13.8 	Checking the free travel of the hand brake lever	7 7 8 9 9 0
13	 13.1 13.2 13.3 13.4 13.5 13.6 13.7 13.8 13.9 13.10 	Checking the free travel of the hand brake lever	7 7 8 9 9 0 1 3
13	 13.1 13.2 13.3 13.4 13.5 13.6 13.7 13.8 13.9 	Checking the free travel of the hand brake lever	7 7 8 8 9 9 0 1 3
13	 13.1 13.2 13.3 13.4 13.5 13.6 13.7 13.8 13.9 13.10 	Checking the free travel of the hand brake lever	7 7 8 8 9 9 0 1 3 4
13	 13.1 13.2 13.3 13.4 13.5 13.6 13.7 13.8 13.9 13.10 13.11 	Checking the free travel of the hand brake lever	7 7 8 8 9 9 0 1 3 4 5
13	 13.1 13.2 13.3 13.4 13.5 13.6 13.7 13.8 13.9 13.10 13.11 13.12 	Checking the free travel of the hand brake lever	7 7 8 8 9 9 0 1 3 4 5 6
13	 13.1 13.2 13.3 13.4 13.5 13.6 13.7 13.8 13.9 13.10 13.11 13.12 13.13 13.14 	Checking the free travel of the hand brake lever	7 7 8 8 9 9 0 1 3 4 5 6 6
	 13.1 13.2 13.3 13.4 13.5 13.6 13.7 13.8 13.9 13.10 13.11 13.12 13.13 13.14 	Checking the free travel of the hand brake lever	7 7 8 8 9 9 0 1 3 4 5 6 6 9

	14.3	Removing the rear wheel 🌂	111
	14.4	Installing the rear wheel 🌂	112
	14.5	Checking the tire condition	113
	14.6	Checking tire pressure	114
	14.7	Checking spoke tension	114
15	ELECT	RICAL SYSTEM	116
	15.1	Removing the 12-V battery 🌂	116
	15.2	Installing the 12-V battery 🌂	118
	15.3	Charging the 12-V battery 🔧	119
	15.4	Changing main fuse	121
	15.5	Changing the fuses of individual electrical power consumers	122
	15.6	Removing the headlight mask with the headlight	123
	15.7	Installing the headlight mask with	125
		the headlight	124
	15.8	Changing the headlight bulb	124
	15.9	Changing the turn signal bulb (All	105
	15 10	EXC models)	125
	15.10	Checking the headlight setting	126
	15.11 15.12	Adjusting the headlight range Changing the combination	127
	15.12	instrument battery	127
	15.13	Diagnostics connector	128
16	COOLII	NG SYSTEM	129
	16.1	Cooling system	129
	16.2	Checking the antifreeze and	125
	10.2	coolant level	129
	16.3	Checking the coolant level	130
	16.4	Draining the coolant 🔧	130
	16.5	Refilling with coolant 🔌	131
	16.6	Changing the coolant 🌂	133
17	TUNIN	G THE ENGINE	135
	17.1	Checking the play in the throttle	
	17.2	cable Adjusting the play in the throttle	135
	17.2	cable 4	135
	17.3	Setting the characteristic map of	126
	17.4	the throttle response ▲ Adjusting the idle speed ▲	136 137
	17.4	Programming ambient air	157
		pressure	138
	17.6	Ignition curve plug-in connector	139
	17.7	Changing the ignition timing map (All standard XC-W models, All	
		standard EXC models)	139
	17.8	Checking the basic position of the	140
	170	shift lever	140
	17.9	Adjusting the basic position of the shift lever	140
18	SERVIO	CE WORK ON THE ENGINE	141
	18.1	Changing the fuel screen 4	141
			- • •

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	18.2	Checking 2-stroke oil level	142
	18.3 18.4	Priming oil pump Cleaning the oil screen in the oil	142
	18.5	tank ◀ Checking the gear oil level	144 147
	18.6	Changing the gear oil A	148
	18.7	Adding the gear oil A	149
19	CLEAN	ING, CARE	150
	19.1 19.2	Cleaning the motorcycle Checks and maintenance steps for winter operation	150 151
20	STORA	GE	152
	20.1	Storage	152
	20.1	Preparing for use after storage	152
21	TROUB	LESHOOTING	154
22	BLINK	CODE	157
23	TECHN	IICAL DATA	159
	23.1	Engine	159
	23.1.1	All 250 models	159
	23.1.2	All 300 models	159
	23.2	Engine tightening torques	160
	23.3	Capacities	162
	23.3.1	Gear oil	162
	23.3.2 23.3.3	Coolant	162
	23.3.3 23.4	Fuel Chassis	162 162
	23.4	Electrical system	163
	23.6	Tires	163
	23.7	Fork	164
	23.8	Shock absorber	164
	23.9	Chassis tightening torques	165
24	SUBST	ANCES	168
25		ARY SUBSTANCES	170
26		ARDS	172
27		OF SPECIAL TERMS	173
28		F ABBREVIATIONS	174
29	LIST O	F SYMBOLS	175
	29.1	Red symbols	175
	29.2	Yellow and orange symbols	175
	29.3	Green and blue symbols	175
INDI	⊑∧		176

1 MEANS OF REPRESENTATION

The meani	ng of specific symbols is described below.
	Indicates an expected reaction (e.g. of a work step or a function).
X	Indicates an unexpected reaction (e.g. of a work step or a function).
4	All work marked with this symbol requires specialist knowledge and technical understanding. In the interest of your own safety, have these jobs performed by an authorized KTM workshop! Your motorcycle will be optimally cared for there by specially trained experts using the auxiliary tools required.
	Indicates a page reference (more information is provided on the specified page).
i	Indicates information with more details or tips.
»	Indicates the result of a testing step.
V	Indicates a voltage measurement.
Α	Indicates a current measurement.
•	Indicates the end of an activity, including potential rework.

1.2 Formats used

The typographical formats used in this document are explained below.

Proprietary name	Indicates a proprietary name.
Name®	Indicates a protected name.
Brand™	Indicates a brand available on the open market.
Underlined terms	Refer to technical details of the vehicle or indicate technical terms, which are explained in the glossary.

2.1 Use definition – intended use

(All EXC models)

This vehicle has been designed and built to withstand the normal stresses and strains of racing. This vehicle complies with the currently valid regulations and categories of the top international motorsports organizations.

• Info This

This vehicle is only authorized for operation on public roads in the homologated (restricted) version. The derestricted version of this vehicle must only be operated in closed off areas away from public highway traffic.

This vehicle is designed for use in offroad endurance competition, and not primarily for use in motocross.

(All XC-W models)

This vehicle has been designed and built to withstand the normal stresses and strains of racing. This vehicle complies with the currently valid regulations and categories of the top international motorsports organizations.

e Info

This vehicle is not approved for use on public roads.

This vehicle is designed for use in offroad endurance competition, and not primarily for use in motocross.

2.2 Misuse

The vehicle must only be used as intended.

Dangers can arise for people, property and the environment through use not as intended.

Any use of the vehicle beyond the intended and defined use constitutes misuse.

Misuse also includes the use of operating and auxiliary fluids which do not meet the required specification for the respective use.

2.3 Safety advice

A number of safety instructions need to be followed to operate the product described safely. Therefore read this instruction and all further instructions included carefully. The safety instructions are highlighted in the text and are referred to at the relevant passages.

Info

Various information and warning labels are attached in prominent locations on the product described. Do not remove any information or warning labels. If they are missing, you or others may not recognize dangers and may therefore be injured.

2.4 Degrees of risk and symbols

Danger

Identifies a danger that will immediately and invariably lead to fatal or serious permanent injury if the appropriate measures are not taken.

Warning

Identifies a danger that is likely to lead to fatal or serious injury if the appropriate measures are not taken.



Identifies a danger that may lead to minor injuries if the appropriate measures are not taken.

Note

Identifies a danger that will lead to considerable machine and material damage if the appropriate measures are not taken.



Indicates a danger that will lead to environmental damage if the appropriate measures are not taken.

2.5 Tampering warning

Tampering with the noise control system is prohibited. Federal law prohibits the following acts or the causing thereof:

- 1 The removal or rendering inoperative by any person other than for purposes of servicing, repair, or replacement, of any device or element of design incorporated into any new vehicle for the purpose of noise control prior to its sale or delivery to the ultimate purchaser or while it is in use, or
- 2 the use of the vehicle after such device or element of design has been removed or rendered inoperative by any person.

Among those acts presumed to constitute tampering are the acts listed below:

- 1 Removal or puncturing of the main silencers, baffles, header pipes or any other components which conduct exhaust gases.
- 2 Removal or puncturing of parts of the intake system.
- 3 Lack of proper maintenance.
- 4 Replacing moving parts of the vehicle, or parts of the exhaust system or intake system, with parts other than those specified by the manufacturer.

2.6 Safe operation

Danger

Danger of accidents A rider who is not fit to ride poses a danger to him or herself and others.

- Do not operate the vehicle if you are not fit to ride due to alcohol, drugs or medication.
- Do not operate the vehicle if you are physically or mentally impaired.

Danger

Danger of poisoning Exhaust gases are toxic and inhaling them may result in unconsciousness and death.

- Always make sure there is sufficient ventilation when running the engine.
- Use effective exhaust extraction when starting or running the engine in an enclosed space.



Warning

Danger of burns Some vehicle components become very hot when the vehicle is operated.

- Do not touch any parts such as the exhaust system, radiator, engine, shock absorber, or brake system before the vehicle parts have cooled down.
- Let the vehicle parts cool down before you perform any work on the vehicle.

Only operate the vehicle when it is in perfect technical condition, in accordance with its intended use, and in a safe and environmentally compatible manner.

The vehicle should only be used by trained persons. An appropriate driver's license is needed to drive the vehicle on public roads.

Have malfunctions that impair safety promptly eliminated by an authorized KTM workshop. Adhere to the information and warning labels on the vehicle.

2.7 Protective clothing

Warning

Risk of injury Missing or poor protective clothing presents an increased safety risk.

- Wear appropriate protective clothing such as helmet, boots, gloves as well as trousers and a jacket with protectors on all rides.
- Always wear protective clothing that is in good condition and meets the legal regulations.

In the interest of your own safety, KTM recommends that you only operate the vehicle while wearing protective clothing.

2.8 Work rules

Unless specified otherwise, the ignition must be turned off during all work (models with ignition lock, models with remote key) or the engine must be at a standstill (models without ignition lock or remote key).

Special tools are necessary for certain tasks. The tools are not a component of the vehicle, but can be ordered using the number in parentheses. Example: bearing puller (15112017000)

During assembly, use new parts to replace parts which cannot be reused (e.g. self-locking screws and nuts, expansion screws, seals, sealing rings, O-rings, pins, and lock washers).

In the case of certain screws, a screw adhesive (e.g. **Loctite**[®]) is required. Observe the manufacturer's instructions.

If thread locker (e.g., **Precote**[®]) has already been applied to a new part, do not apply any additional thread locker. After disassembly, clean the parts that are to be reused and check them for damage and wear. Change damaged or worn parts.

After completing a repair or service work, check the operating safety of the vehicle.

2.9 Environment

If you use your motorcycle responsibly, you can ensure that problems and conflicts do not occur. To protect the future of the motorcycle sport, make sure that you use your motorcycle legally, display environmental consciousness, and respect the rights of others.

When disposing of used oil, other operating and auxiliary fluids, and used components, comply with the laws and regulations of the respective country.

Because motorcycles are not subject to the EU regulations governing the disposal of used vehicles, there are no legal regulations that pertain to the disposal of an end-of-life motorcycle. Your authorized KTM dealer will be glad to advise you.

2.10 Owner's Manual

Read this owner's manual carefully and completely before making your first trip. The Owner's Manual contains useful information and many tips on how to operate, handle, and service your motorcycle. This is the only way to find out how best to customize the vehicle for your own use and how you can protect yourself from injury.

•	Tip
	01

Store the Owner's Manual on your terminal device, for example, so that you can read it whenever you need to.

If you would like to know more about the vehicle or have questions on the material you read, please contact an authorized KTM dealer.

The Owner's Manual is an important component of the vehicle. If the vehicle is sold, the Owner's Manual must be downloaded again by the new owner.

The Owner's Manual can be downloaded several times using the QR code or the link on the delivery certificate.

The Owner's Manual is also available for download from your authorized KTM dealer and on the KTM website. A printed copy can also be ordered from your authorized KTM dealer. International KTM Website: KTM.COM

3.1 Manufacturer warranty, implied warranty

The work prescribed in the service schedule must only be carried out in an authorized KTM workshop and confirmed in the **KTM Dealer.net**, as otherwise all warranty claims will be void. Damage or secondary damage caused by tampering with and/or conversions on the vehicle are not covered by the manufacturer warranty.

3.2 Fuel, auxiliary substances

Note

Environmental hazard Improper handling of fuel is a danger to the environment.

Do not allow fuel to enter the groundwater, the soil, or the sewage system.

Use fuels and auxiliary substances in accordance with the Owner's Manual and specification.

3.3 Spare parts, technical accessories

For your own safety, only use spare parts and accessory products that are approved and/or recommended by KTM and have them installed by an authorized KTM workshop. KTM accepts no liability for other products and any resulting damage or loss.

Certain spare parts and accessory products are specified in parentheses in the descriptions. Your authorized KTM dealer will be glad to advise you.

The latest news **KTM PowerParts** on your vehicle can be found on the KTM website. International KTM Website: KTM.COM

3.4 Service

A prerequisite for perfect operation and prevention of premature wear is that the service, care, and tuning work on the engine and chassis is properly carried out as described in the Owner's Manual. An incorrect suspension setting can lead to damage and breakage of chassis components.

Use of the vehicle under difficult conditions, such as on sand or on wet, dusty and muddy surfaces, can result in significantly increased wear of components, such as the drive train, brake system, air filter or suspension components. For this reason, it may be necessary to inspect or replace parts before the next scheduled service. It is imperative that you adhere to the stipulated run-in times and service intervals. If you observe these exactly,

you will ensure a much longer service life for your motorcycle.

The relevant mileage or time interval is whichever occurs first.

3.5 Figures

The figures contained in the manual may depict special equipment.

In the interest of clarity, some components may be shown disassembled or may not be shown at all. It is not always necessary to disassemble the component to perform the activity in question. Please follow the instructions in the text.

3.6 Customer service

Your authorized KTM dealer will be happy to answer any questions you may have on your vehicle and KTM.

A list of authorized KTM dealers can be found on the KTM website. International KTM Website: KTM.COM

4 VIEW OF VEHICLE

4.1 View of vehicle, front left (example)



- 2 Clutch lever (19 p. 16)
- Fuel tank filler cap
- 4 Seat
- 6 Air filter box cover
- 6 Side stand (🕮 p. 23)
- Shift lever (p. 22)

4.2 View of vehicle, rear right (example)



- Stop button (I p. 16) (All EXC models)
- 3 Emergency OFF switch (IP p. 18) (All EXC models)
- 3 Start button (🕮 p. 18)
- 4 Throttle grip (📖 p. 16)
- **5** Vehicle identification number () p. 14)
- 6 Foot brake lever (🕮 p. 23)

5 SERIAL NUMBERS

5.1 Vehicle identification number



The vehicle identification number **1** is stamped on the right side of the steering head.

5.2 Type label



Type label 1 is fixed to the front of the steering head.

5.3 Key number (All EXC models)



The key number **1** for the steering lock is stamped onto the key connector.

5.4 Engine number



The engine number **1** is located on the left side of the engine over the engine sprocket.



401948-10

6 CONTROLS

6.1 Clutch lever



Clutch lever **1** is fitted on the handlebar on the left. The clutch is activated hydraulically and adjusts itself automatically.

6.2 Hand brake lever



Hand brake lever **①** is fitted on the right side of the handlebar. The front brake is engaged using the hand brake lever.

6.3 Throttle grip



Throttle grip \bigcirc is fitted on the right side of the handlebar.

6.4 Stop button (All EXC models)



The stop button **()** is fitted on the left side of the handlebar. **Possible states**

- The stop button ⊠ is in the basic position In this position, the ignition circuit is closed and the engine can be started.
- Stop button ⊗ pressed In this position, the ignition circuit is interrupted, a running engine stops, and a non-running engine will not start.

6.5 Stop button (All XC-W models) The stop button 1 is fitted on the left side of the handlebar. Possible states The stop button \otimes is in the basic position – In this position, • the ignition circuit is closed and the engine can be started. Stop button \otimes pressed – In this position, the ignition circuit • is interrupted, a running engine stops, and a non-running engine will not start. E00821-10 6.6 Horn button (All EXC models) Horn button **①** is fitted on the left side of the handlebar. Possible states The horn button is in the basic position • The horn button is pressed - The horn is operated in this position. S04875-11 6.7 Light switch (All EXC models) Light switch 1 is fitted on the left side of the handlebar.



 Light switch ① is fitted on the left side of the handlebar.

 Possible states

 Image: Description of the left switch is in the central position. In this position, the low beam and tail light are switched on.

 Image: Description of the left switch is turned to the left.

 In this position, the high beam and the tail light are switched on.

 Image: Description of the left switch is turned to the left.

 In this position, the high beam and the tail light are switched on.

6.8 Light switch (All XC-W models)



The light switch **1** is located to the left of the combination instrument.

Possible states

- Light off Light switch is pressed in up to the stop. In this position, the light is switched off.
- Light on Light switch is pulled out to the stop. In this position, the low beam and tail light are switched on.

6 CONTROLS

6.9 Turn signal switch (All EXC models)



Turn signal switch **1** is fitted on the left side of the handlebar. **Possible states**

	Turn signal off – The turn signal switch is in the cen- tral position.
+	Left turn signal, on – The turn signal switch is turned to the left.
•	Right turn signal, on – The turn signal switch is turned to the right.

6.10 Emergency OFF switch (All EXC models)



The emergency OFF switch $oldsymbol{0}$ is fitted on the right side of the handlebar.

Possible states



Ignition off – In this position, the ignition circuitis interrupted, a running engine stops, and anon-running engine will not start.Ignition on – In this position, the ignition circuit isclosed, and the engine can be started.

6.11 Start button



Start button lacksquare is fitted on the right side of the handlebar.

Possible states

- The start button ③ is in the basic position
- The start button ③ is pressed In this position, the starter motor is actuated.

6.12 Map switch (All special models)



The map switch **1** is fitted on the right side of the handlebar.

Possible states

- Map switch in position I The ignition timing map Performance is active in this position.
- Map switch in position II The ignition timing map Soft is active in this position.

The engine characteristic can be altered with the map switch.

lnfo

The map switch has no function in the homologated (restricted) condition of the motorcycle.

6.13 Overview of indicator lights (All EXC models)



Possible st	tates
≣D	The high beam indicator lamp lights up blue – The high beam is switched on.
Ċ	Malfunction indicator lamp lights up/flashes yellow – The <u>OBD</u> has detected a malfunction in the vehi- cle electronics. Come safely to a halt, and contact an authorized KTM workshop.
	The fuel level warning lamp lights up yellow – The fuel level has reached the reserve mark.
	Turn signal indicator lamp flashes green – The turn signal is switched on.
	The oil level warning lamp lights up red – Oil level has reached the MIN marking. Ride for no more than until the remaining fuel in the tank is depleted and at the next opportunity refuel with 2-stroke oil.

6.14 Overview of indicator lights (All XC-W models)



Possible states		
≣D	High beam indicator lamp – inoperative	
Ċ	Malfunction indicator lamp lights up/flashes yellow – The <u>OBD</u> has detected a malfunction in the vehi- cle electronics. Come safely to a halt, and contact an authorized KTM workshop.	
	The fuel level warning lamp lights up yellow – The fuel level has reached the reserve mark.	
	The oil level warning lamp lights up red – Oil level has reached the MIN marking. Ride for no more than until the remaining fuel in the tank is depleted and at the next opportunity refuel with 2-stroke oil.	

6.15 Opening the fuel tank filler cap

Danger

Fire hazard Fuel is highly flammable.

The fuel in the fuel tank expands when warm and can escape if overfilled.

- Do not fuel the vehicle in the vicinity of open flames or lit cigarettes.
- Switch off the engine for refueling.
- Make sure that no fuel is spilled; particularly not on hot parts of the vehicle.
- If any fuel is spilled, wipe it off immediately.
- Observe the specifications for refueling.



Warning

Danger of poisoning Fuel is poisonous and a health hazard.

- Avoid skin, eye and clothing contact with fuel.
- Immediately consult a doctor if you swallow fuel.
- Do not inhale fuel vapors.
- In case of skin contact, rinse the affected area with plenty of water.
- Rinse the eyes thoroughly with water, and consult a doctor in case of fuel contact with the eyes.
- Change your clothing in case of fuel spills on them.
- Keep fuels correctly in a suitable canister, and out of the reach of children.

B Note

Environmental hazard Improper handling of fuel is a danger to the environment.

- Do not allow fuel to enter the groundwater, the soil, or the sewage system.



Press release button ①, turn the fuel tank filler cap counterclockwise, and lift it off.

6.16 Closing the fuel tank filler cap



- 6.17 Opening 2-stroke oil tank cap
- Route fuel tank breather hose 2 without kinks.

release button 1 engages.

Mount the fuel tank filler cap and turn it clockwise until



- Fold loop **1** upward.

Turn the 2-stroke oil tank cap counterclockwise and pull it up.



20

6.18 Closing 2-stroke oil tank cap



- Put the 2-stroke oil tank cap on and turn it clockwise.
 Fold loop ① down
 - Fold loop **1** down.
 - ✓ The 2-stroke oil tank cap engages.

6.19 Supporting strap (All ERZBERGRODEO models)



The supporting straps are located at the front **1** and rear **2** of the vehicle.

The vehicle can be recovered from difficult terrain using the supporting straps.

6.20 Cold start button



The cold start button **1** is fitted on the side of the throttle valve body.

If the engine is cold and the ambient temperature is low, the <u>electronic fuel injection system</u> extends the injection time. To help the engine burn the increased fuel quantity, it must be supplied with additional oxygen by pulling the cold start button.

Info

If the engine is warm, the cold start button must be deactivated.

Possible states

- The cold start button is activated The cold start button is pulled out all the way and turned by a 1/4 turn.
- The cold start button is deactivated A further ¹/₄ turn returns the cold start button back to the basic position.

6 CONTROLS

6.21 Idle speed adjusting screw



The idle setting of the throttle valve body substantially influences the vehicle's starting behavior, a stable idle speed, and the vehicle's response when the throttle is opened.

An engine with a correctly set idle speed is easier to start than an engine with the idle speed set incorrectly.

The idle speed is adjusted using the idle speed adjusting screw \bigcirc .

Info

i

If the idle speed is high, the engine is slow to run, the engine brake is low and the throttle response is aggressive, the adjusting screw must be turned clockwise. If the idle speed is low, the engine is running fast, the engine brake is high and the throttle response is not clean, the adjusting screw must be turned counterclockwise.

6.22 Shift lever



Shift lever **1** is mounted on the left side of the engine.



The gear positions can be seen in the photograph. The neutral or idle position is between the first and second gears.

CONTROLS 6

6.23 Foot brake lever



Foot brake lever **1** is located in front of the right footrest. The foot brake lever is used to activate the rear brake.

6.24 Side stand



The side stand **1** is located on the left of the vehicle.



The side stand is used for parking the motorcycle.

- Info
- When you are riding, side stand **1** must be folded up and secured with rubber strap **2**.

6.25 Steering lock (All EXC models)



Steering lock **①** is fitted on the left side of the steering head. The steering lock is used to lock the steering. Steering, and therefore riding, is no longer possible.

6.26 Locking the steering (All EXC models)

Note

Danger of damage The parked vehicle can roll away or fall over.

– Park the vehicle on a firm and level surface.



- Park the vehicle.
- Turn handlebar as far as possible to the right.
- Insert the key for the steering lock into the steering lock, turn it to the left, press it in, and turn it to the right. Pull out the key for the steering lock.

✓ Steering is no longer possible.

lnfo

Never leave the key for the steering lock in the steering lock.

6.27 Unlocking the steering (All EXC models)



- Insert the key for the steering lock into the steering lock, turn it to the left, pull it out, and turn it to the right. Pull out the key for the steering lock.
 - ✓ The handlebar can now be moved again.

Info

Never leave the key for the steering lock in the steering lock.

7.1 Combination instrument overview



- The button \pm is used to select menus and make settings.
- The button = is used to select menus and make settings.

When the vehicle is delivered, only the **SPEED/H** and **SPEED/ODO** display modes are activated.

7.2 Activation and test



Activating combination instrument

The combination instrument is activated when one of the buttons is pressed or an impulse comes from the wheel speed sensor.

Display test

Info

To enable you to check that the display is functioning properly, all display segments light up briefly.

WS (wheel size)

After the display function check, the wheel circumference \boldsymbol{WS} is displayed briefly.



The number 2205 equals the circumference of the 21" front wheel with standard tires.

The display then changes to the last selected mode.

7.3 Setting kilometers or miles

Info

If you change the unit, the value **ODO** is retained and converted accordingly. The values **TR1**, **TR2**, **A1**, **A2** and **S1** are cleared when the unit of measure is changed.

400314-01

	TR1	TR2 A1 A2 S1 S2
$\stackrel{\text{if}}{\Rightarrow} \overset{\text{if}}{\operatorname{Km/h}} \stackrel{\text{Mph}}{\operatorname{Mph}} \stackrel{\text{if}}{\leqslant}$	ODO	LAP CLK H
		400329-01

Condition

The motorcycle is stationary.

- Repeatedly press the button + briefly until H appears at the bottom right of the display.
- Press the button \pm for 2–3 seconds.
 - The Setup menu is displayed and the active functions are shown.
- Repeatedly press the button + briefly until Km/h/Mph flashes.

Adjusting the Km/h

Press the button +.

Adjusting the Mph

Press the button —.

- Wait 3 5 seconds.
 - The settings are stored.

Info

If no button is pressed for 10–12 seconds, or if an impulse comes from the wheel speed sensor, the settings are automatically saved and the setup menu is closed.

7.4 Adjusting combination instrument function

Info

When the vehicle is delivered, only the SPEED/H and SPEED/ODO display modes are activated.

Condition

The motorcycle is stationary.

 \Rightarrow TR1 \in TR2 A1 A2 S1 S2 Km/h Mph 0D0 LAP CLK H 400318-01

- Repeatedly press the button H briefly until H appears at the bottom right of the display.
- Press the button \pm for 2–3 seconds.
 - The Setup menu is displayed and the active functions are / shown.

Info

If no button is pressed for 10-12 seconds, the settings are automatically saved. If no button is pressed for 20 seconds, or if an impulse comes from the wheel speed sensor, the settings are automatically saved and the setup menu is closed.

- Repeatedly press the button H briefly until the desired function flashes.
 - The selected function flashes.

Activating the function

- Press the button +.
 - The symbol continues to appear in the display and the next function appears.

Deactivating a function

- Press the button -. _
 - The symbol disappears in the display and the next function appears.

7.5 Setting the clock



Condition

_

The motorcycle is stationary.

- Press the button \pm for 2–3 seconds.
 - ✓ The hour display flashes.
- Adjust hour display with the button \pm and/or button \equiv .
- Wait 3 5 seconds.
 - \checkmark The next segment of the display flashes and can be set.
 - You can set the following segments in the same way as the hours by pressing the button \pm and the button \equiv .

Info

The seconds can only be set to zero. If no button is pressed for 15–20 seconds, or if an impulse comes from the wheel speed sensor, the settings are automatically saved and the setup menu is closed.

7.6 Viewing the lap time

• Info

This function can only be opened if lap times have actually been timed.

LAP	;	<i>00:08:39</i>
		400321-01

Condition

The motorcycle is stationary.

- Briefly press the button ±.

✓ LAP 1 appears on the left side of the display.

- The laps 1 10 can be viewed with the button \blacksquare .
- Press and hold the button \pm for 3 5 seconds.
 - ✓ The lap times are deleted.
 - - Next display in

Info

When an impulse is received from the wheel speed sensor, the left side of the display changes back to the **SPEED** mode.

7.7 Display mode SPEED (speed)



The current speed is displayed in the **SPEED** display mode. The current speed can be displayed in **Km/h** or **Mph**.

Info

Make the setting according to the country. When an impulse comes from the front wheel, the left side of the display changes to the **SPEED** mode and the current speed is shown.

7.8 Display mode SPEED/H (operating hours)



Condition

- The motorcycle is stationary.

In display mode \mathbf{H} , the operating hours of the engine are displayed.

The operating hour counter stores the total traveling time.

lnfo

The operating hour counter is necessary for ensuring that service work is carried out at the right intervals. If the combination instrument is in **H** display mode when starting off, it automatically changes to the **ODO** display mode.

The ${\bf H}$ display mode is suppressed during the journey.

Press the but- ton $+$ for 2–3	The display changes to the setup menu for the combination instrument functions.
seconds.	
Briefly press the button + .	Next display mode
Press the but- ton for 2–3 seconds.	No function
Briefly press the button	No function

7.9 Setup menu



Condition

- The motorcycle is stationary.

Press the button + for 2–3 seconds.

The Setup menu displays the active functions.

Info

Repeatedly press the button H briefly until the desired function is reached.

If no button is pressed for 20 seconds, the settings are automatically saved.

Briefly press the button + .	Activates the flashing display and changes to the next display
Press the but- ton $+$ for 2–3 seconds.	No function
Briefly press the button —.	Deactivates the flashing display and changes to the next display
Press the but- ton for $2-3$ seconds.	No function
Wait 3 - 5 seconds.	Changes to the next display without changes
Wait 10 - 12 seconds.	Setup menu starts, stores the settings, and changes to H or ODO .

7.10 Adjusting the unit of measurement

	TR1	TR2 A1 A2 S1 S2
$\stackrel{\text{NL}}{\Rightarrow} \underbrace{\underset{\text{Km/h}}{\text{Nph}}}_{\text{H}} \underbrace{\underset{\text{VL}}{\text{Nph}}}_{\text{H}}$	ODO	LAP CLK H
		400329-0

Repeatedly press the button \pm briefly until **Km/h/Mph** flashes.

Condition

•

_

_

_

The motorcycle is stationary.

bottom right of the display.

Press the button \pm for 2–3 seconds.

In measurement unit mode, you can change the unit of measurement.

Repeatedly press the button \pm briefly until **H** appears at the

Info

•

If no button is pressed for 5 seconds, the settings are automatically saved.

Briefly press the button $+$.	Starts selection, activates Km/h display
Press the but- ton $+$ for 2–3 seconds.	No function
Briefly press the button —.	Activates Mph display
Press the but- ton for 2–3 seconds.	No function
Wait 3 - 5 seconds.	Changes to the next display, changes from selection to the Setup menu
Wait 10 - 12 seconds.	Stores and closes the Setup menu

7.11 Display mode SPEED/CLK (time)



The time is shown in display mode **CLK**.

Press the but- ton \pm for 2–3 seconds.	The display changes to the Setup menu of the clock.
Briefly press the button +.	Next display mode
Press the but- ton for 2–3 seconds.	No function
Briefly press the button —.	No function

7.12 Setting the clock



Condition

- The motorcycle is stationary.
- Press the button \pm for 2–3 seconds.

Press the but- ton $+$ for 2–3 seconds.	Increases the value
Briefly press the button +.	Increases the value
Press the but- ton for 2–3 seconds.	Reduces the value
Briefly press the button .	Reduces the value
Wait 3 - 5 seconds.	Changes to the next value
Wait 10 - 12 seconds.	Exit the Setup menu

7.13 Display mode SPEED/LAP (lap time)



In the $\ensuremath{\textbf{LAP}}$ display mode, up to 10 lap times can be timed with the stop watch.

• Info

If the lap time continues running after the button — is pressed, 9 memory locations are occupied. Lap 10 must be timed using the button +.

Press the but- ton $+$ for 2–3 seconds.	The stop watch and the lap time are reset.
Briefly press the button $+$.	Next display mode
Press the but- ton for 2–3 seconds.	Stops the clock.
Briefly press the button .	Starts the stop watch or stop the current lap time measurement, stores it and the stop watch starts the next lap.

7.14 Viewing the lap time

LAP	;	00:08:39
		400321-01

Condition

- The motorcycle is stationary.
- Briefly press the button +.

Press the but- ton $+$ for 2–3 seconds.	The stop watch and the lap time are reset.
Briefly press the button +.	Select a lap from 1–10
Press the but- ton for 2–3 seconds.	No function
Briefly press the button —.	View the next lap time.

7.15 Display mode SPEED/ODO (odometer)

The total traveled distance is shown in display mode **ODO**.

Press the but- ton $+$ for 2–3 seconds.	No function
Briefly press the button +.	Next display mode
Press the but- ton for 2–3 seconds.	No function
Briefly press the button .	No function

7.16 Display mode SPEED/TR1 (trip master 1)



 Repeatedly press the button + briefly until TR1 appears at the top right of the display.

TR1 (trip master 1) runs constantly and counts up to 999.9. You can use it to measure trips or the distance between refueling stops.

TR1 is coupled with A1 (average speed 1) and S1 (stop watch 1).

Info

If 999.9 is exceeded, the values of **TR1**, **A1** and **S1** are automatically reset to 0.0.

Press the but- ton \pm for 2–3 seconds.	Displays of TR1 , A1 and S1 are reset to 0,0.
Briefly press the button +.	Next display mode
Press the but- ton for 2–3 seconds.	No function
Briefly press the button .	No function

7.17 Display mode SPEED/TR2 (trip master 2)



Repeatedly press the button
 briefly until TR2 appears at the top right of the display.

TR2 (trip master 2) runs constantly and counts up to 999.9.

Press the but- ton \blacksquare for 2–3 seconds.	Clears the values TR2 and A2 .
Briefly press the button +.	Next display mode
Press the but- ton for $2-3$ seconds.	Reduces value of TR2.
Briefly press the button —.	Reduces value of TR2.

7.18 Adjusting TR2 (trip master 2)



Condition

- The motorcycle is stationary.
- Press the button for 2–3 seconds until **TR2** flashes.

The displayed value can be set manually with the button \blacksquare and the button \blacksquare . This is a very practical function when riding using the road book.

• Info

The **TR2** value can also be corrected manually during the journey with the button + and the button -. If 999.9 is exceeded, the value of **TR2** is automatically reset to 0.0.

Press the but- ton $+$ for 2–3 seconds.	Increases value of TR2.
Briefly press the button $+$.	Increases value of TR2.
Press the but- ton for $2-3$ seconds.	Reduces value of TR2.
Briefly press the button —.	Reduces value of TR2 .
Wait 10 - 12 seconds.	Stores and closes the Setup menu.

7.19 Display mode SPEED/A1 (average speed 1)

_



Repeatedly press the button \pm briefly until **A1** appears at the top right of the display.

A1 (average speed 1) shows the average speed calculated using **TR1** (trip master 1) and **S1** (stop watch 1).

The calculation of this value is activated by the first impulse of the wheel speed sensor and ends 3 seconds after the last impulse.

Press the but- ton $+$ for 2–3 seconds.	Displays of TR1, A1 and S1 are reset to 0.0.
Briefly press the button + .	Next display mode
Press the but- ton for 2–3 seconds.	No function
Briefly press the button .	No function

7.20 Display mode SPEED/A2 (average speed 2)



A2 (average speed 2) shows the average speed on the basis of the current speed if the stop watch **S2** (stop watch 2) is running.

Info

The displayed value can differ from the actual average speed if **S2** was not stopped after the ride.

Briefly press	Next display mode
the button $+$.	

Press the but- ton $+$ for 2–3 seconds.	No function
Press the but- ton for 2–3 seconds.	No function
Briefly press the button .	No function

7.21 Display mode SPEED/S1 (stop watch 1)



S1 (Stop watch 1) shows the riding time based on **TR1** and continues running as soon as an impulse arrives from the wheel speed sensor.

The calculation of this value starts with the first impulse from the wheel speed sensor and ends 3 seconds after the last impulse.

Press the but- ton $+$ for 2–3 seconds.	Displays of TR1, A1 and S1 are reset to 0.0.
Briefly press the button +.	Next display mode
Press the but- ton for 2–3 seconds.	No function
Briefly press the button .	No function

7.22 Display mode SPEED/S2 (stop watch 2)



S2 (Stop watch 2) is a manual stop watch.

If **S2** is running in the background, the display **S2** flashes.

Press the but- ton \pm for 2–3 seconds.	The displays of S2 and A2 are set to 0,0.
Briefly press the button +.	Next display mode
Press the but- ton for $2-3$ seconds.	No function
Briefly press the button —.	Starts or stops S2 .
7.23 Table of functions

Display	Press the button \pm for 2–3 seconds.	Briefly press the button ₩.	Press the but- ton for 2–3 seconds.	Briefly press the button .	Wait 3 - 5 seconds.	Wait 10 - 12 seconds.
Display mode SPEED/H (oper- ating hours)	The display changes to the setup menu for the combination instrument functions.	Next display mode	No function	No function		
Setup menu	No function	Activates the flashing display and changes to the next dis- play	No function	Deactivates the flashing display and changes to the next dis- play	Changes to the next dis- play without changes	Setup menu starts, stores the settings, and changes to H or ODO .
Adjusting the unit of mea- surement	No function	Starts selec- tion, acti- vates Km/h display	No function	Activates Mph display	Changes to the next dis- play, changes from selec- tion to the Setup menu	Stores and closes the Setup menu
Display mode SPEED/CLK (time)	The display changes to the Setup menu of the clock.	Next display mode	No function	No function		
Setting the clock	Increases the value	Increases the value	Reduces the value	Reduces the value	Changes to the next value	Exit the Setup menu
Display mode SPEED/LAP (lap time)	The stop watch and the lap time are reset.	Next display mode	Stops the clock.	Starts the stop watch or stop the cur- rent lap time measure- ment, stores it and the stop watch starts the next lap.		
Viewing the lap time	The stop watch and the lap time are reset.	Select a lap from 1–10	No function	View the next lap time.		
Display mode SPEED/0D0 (odometer)	No function	Next display mode	No function	No function		
Display mode SPEED/TR1 (trip master 1)	Displays of TR1, A1 and S1 are reset to 0,0.	Next display mode	No function	No function		

7 COMBINATION INSTRUMENT

Display	Press the but- ton	Briefly press the button .	Press the but- ton — for 2–3 seconds.	Briefly press the button —.	Wait 3 - 5 seconds.	Wait 10 - 12 seconds.
Display mode SPEED/TR2 (trip master 2)	Clears the values TR2 and A2 .	Next display mode	Reduces value of TR2 .	Reduces value of TR2 .		
Adjusting TR2 (trip master 2)	Increases value of TR2 .	Increases value of TR2 .	Reduces value of TR2 .	Reduces value of TR2 .		Stores and closes the Setup menu.
Display mode SPEED/A1 (aver- age speed 1)	Displays of TR1, A1 and S1 are reset to 0.0.	Next display mode	No function	No function		
Display mode SPEED/A2 (aver- age speed 2)	No function	Next display mode	No function	No function		
Display mode SPEED/S1 (stop watch 1)	Displays of TR1, A1 and S1 are reset to 0.0.	Next display mode	No function	No function		
Display mode SPEED/S2 (stop watch 2)	The displays of S2 and A2 are set to 0,0.	Next display mode	No function	Starts or stops S2 .		

7.24 Table of conditions and menu activation

Display	The motorcycle is stationary.	Menu can be activity vated		
Display mode SPEED/H (operating hours)	•			
Setup menu	•			
Adjusting the unit of measurement	•			
Setting the clock	•			
Display mode SPEED/LAP (lap time)		•		
Viewing the lap time	•			
Display mode SPEED/TR1 (trip master 1)		•		
Display mode SPEED/TR2 (trip master 2)		•		
Adjusting TR2 (trip master 2)	•			
Display mode SPEED/A1 (average speed 1)		•		
Display mode SPEED/A2 (average speed 2)		•		
Display mode SPEED/S1 (stop watch 1)		•		
Display mode SPEED/S2 (stop watch 2)		•		

8.1 Advice on preparing for first use

Danger

Danger of accidents A rider who is not fit to ride poses a danger to him or herself and others.

- Do not operate the vehicle if you are not fit to ride due to alcohol, drugs or medication.
 - Do not operate the vehicle if you are physically or mentally impaired.



Warning

Risk of injury Missing or poor protective clothing presents an increased safety risk.

- Wear appropriate protective clothing such as helmet, boots, gloves as well as trousers and a jacket with protectors on all rides.
- Always wear protective clothing that is in good condition and meets the legal regulations.



Warning

Danger of crashing Different tire tread patterns on the front and rear wheel impair the handling characteristic.

Different tire tread patterns can make the vehicle significantly more difficult to control.

- Make sure that only tires with a similar tire tread pattern are fitted to the front and rear wheel.



Warning

Danger of accidents An unadapted riding style impairs the handling characteristic.

- Adapt your riding speed to the road conditions and your riding ability.



Warning

Danger of accidents The vehicle is not designed to carry passengers.

- Do not ride with a passenger.



Warning

Danger of accidents The brake system fails in the event of overheating.

- If the foot brake lever is not released, the brake linings drag continuously.
- Take your foot off the foot brake lever if you do not want to brake.

Warning

Danger of accidents Total weight and axle loads influence the handling characteristic.

- Do not exceed the maximum permissible overall weight or the axle loads.



Warning

Risk of misappropriation People who act without authorization endanger themselves and others.

- Do not leave the vehicle unattended if the engine is running.
- Protect the vehicle against access by unauthorized persons.

Info

When using your motorcycle, remember that others may feel disturbed by excessive noise.

- Make sure that the pre-sales inspection work has been carried out by an authorized KTM workshop.

- ✓ You will receive a delivery certificate when the vehicle is handed over.
- Before riding for the first time, read the entire Owner's Manual carefully.
- Get to know the controls.

(All EXC models)

– Adjust the free travel of the handbrake lever. (🕮 p. 97)

(All XC-W models)

- Adjust the basic position of the hand brake lever. (🕮 p. 98)
- Adjust the basic position of the foot brake lever. 🔌 📖 p. 103)
- Adjust the basic position of the shift lever.

 (Image: p. 140)
- Get used to handling the motorcycle on a suitable surface before undertaking a more challenging trip.

• Info

When offroad, it is recommended that you are accompanied by another person on another vehicle so that you can help each other.

- Try also to ride as slowly as possible and in a standing position to get a better feel for the motorcycle.
- Do not make any off-road trips that exceed your ability and experience.
- Hold the handlebar firmly with both hands and keep your feet on the footrests when riding.
- If you carry luggage, make sure you secure it firmly as close as possible to the center of the vehicle and ensure even weight distribution between the front and rear wheels.



Info

Motorcycles react sensitively to any changes of weight distribution.

The maximum permissible overall weight and the maximum permissible axle loads must not be exceeded.
 Guideline

Maximum permissible overall weight	335 kg (739 lb.)
Maximum permissible front axle load	145 kg (320 lb.)
Maximum permissible rear axle load	190 kg (419 lb.)

- Check the spoke tension. (🕮 p. 114)



The spoke tension must be checked after half an hour of operation.

– Run the engine in. (🕮 p. 38)

Info

8.2 Running in the engine

- During the running-in phase, do not exceed the specified engine performance.

Guideline

Maximum engine performance	
During the first 3 operating hours	< 70 %
During the first 5 operating hours	< 100 %

- Avoid fully opening the throttle!
- Check the idle speed regularly.

```
Guideline
```

I

• Info

The idle speed may change during the run-in time.

- » If the idle speed changes:
 - Adjust the idle speed. 🔌 (🕮 p. 137)

8.3 Starting power of lithium-ion batteries at low temperatures



Lithium-ion batteries are far lighter than lead batteries, have a low self-discharge rate, and have more starting power at temperatures over 15 °C (60 °F). At low temperatures, however, the starting power of lithium-ion batteries drops to below that of lead batteries.

Multiple starting attempts may be needed. Press the start button for 5 seconds, and wait 30 seconds between attempts. The pauses are necessary so that the heat created can distribute through the lithium-ion battery and the 12-V battery is not damaged.

If the charged lithium-ion battery is unable to actuate the starter motor when temperatures are below 15 °C (60 °F), the battery is not faulty, but needs to be warmed up internally to increase its starting power (current output).

The starting power increases as the battery warms up.

8.4 Preparing the vehicle for difficult operating conditions

Info

Use of the vehicle under difficult conditions, such as on sand or on wet and muddy surfaces, can result in significantly increased wear of components, such as the drive train, brake system, or suspension components. For this reason, it may be necessary to inspect or replace parts before the next scheduled service.

• Info

Check the air filter approx. every 30 minutes.

- Check the electrical connector for humidity and corrosion and to ensure it is firmly seated.

- » If humidity, corrosion, or damage is found:
- Clean and dry the connector, or change it if necessary.

Difficult operating conditions are:

- Rides on wet sand. (📖 p. 41)
- Rides on wet and muddy circuits. (p. 42)
- Rides at high temperatures or slow riding. (E) p. 42)
- Riding at low temperatures and in snow. (IP p. 43)

8.5 Preparing the vehicle for riding on dry sand



Check the radiator cap.

Value on the radiator cap	1.8 bar (26 psi)
. If the indicated value does	act correspond to the cotraint

If the indicated value does not correspond to the setpoint value:



Warning

Danger of scalding During motorcycle operation, the coolant gets very hot and is under pressure.

- Do not open the radiator, the radiator hoses or other cooling system components if the engine or the cooling system are at operating temperature.
- Allow the cooling system and the engine to cool down before you open the radiator, the radiator hoses or other components of the cooling system.
- In the event of scalding, rinse the area affected immediately with lukewarm water.
- Change the radiator cap.
- Mount the air filter dust cover.

Air filter dust cover (79006920000)

- Info
- Observe the **KTM PowerParts** fitting instructions.

Mount the air filter sand cover.

Air filter sand cover (79006922000)



- Observe the **KTM PowerParts** fitting instructions.
- Clean the chain.

- Mount the steel sprocket.
- Grease the chain.

Universal oil spray (🕮 p. 171)

- Clean the radiator fins.
- Straighten the bent radiator fins carefully.

Condition

- Regular use in sand
- Change the piston every 10 operating hours.







8.6 Preparing the vehicle for riding on wet sand



- Allow the cooling system and the engine to cool down before you open the radiator, the radiator hoses or other components of the cooling system.
- In the event of scalding, rinse the area affected immediately with lukewarm water.
- Change the radiator cap.
- Mount the air filter rain cover.

Air filter rain cover (79006921000)

• Info

Observe the KTM PowerParts fitting instructions.



TWINGOAT

Clean the chain.

M01106-01

Chain cleaner (🕮 p. 170)

- Mount the steel sprocket.
- Grease the chain.

Universal oil spray (🕮 p. 171)

- Clean the radiator fins.
- Straighten the bent radiator fins carefully.

Condition

Regular use in sand

- Change the piston every 10 operating hours.

8 PREPARING FOR USE

8.7 Preparing the vehicle for riding on wet and muddy circuits





Mount the air filter rain cover.

Air filter rain cover (79006921000)

i

Info

Observe the **KTM PowerParts** fitting instructions.

- Mount the steel sprocket.
- Clean the motorcycle. (📖 p. 150)
- Straighten the bent radiator fins carefully.

8.8 Preparing vehicle for high temperatures or slow riding



Check the radiator cap.

·	
Value on the radiator cap	1.8 bar (26 psi)

» If the indicated value does not correspond to the setpoint value:



Warning

Danger of scalding During motorcycle operation, the coolant gets very hot and is under pressure.

- Do not open the radiator, the radiator hoses or other cooling system components if the engine or the cooling system are at operating temperature.
- Allow the cooling system and the engine to cool down before you open the radiator, the radiator hoses or other components of the cooling system.
- In the event of scalding, rinse the area affected immediately with lukewarm water.
- Change the radiator cap.



Adjust the secondary drive to the road conditions.

• Info

The transmission oil heats up quickly when the clutch is operated frequently due to an excessively high secondary drive.

Clean the chain.

i

_

Chain cleaner (🕮 p. 170)

- Clean the radiator fins.
- Straighten bent radiator fins carefully.
- Check the coolant level. (I p. 130)

8.9 Preparing the vehicle for low temperatures or snow



Mount the air filter rain cover.

Air filter rain cover (79006921000)

Info Observe the KTM PowerParts fitting instructions.

9.1 Checks and maintenance measures when preparing for use

• Info

Before every trip, check the condition of the vehicle and ensure that it is safe to operate. The vehicle must be in perfect technical condition when it is being operated.



- Check the gear oil level. (p. 147)
- Check the electrical system.
- Check the front brake fluid level. (El p. 99)
- Check the rear brake fluid level. (🕮 p. 104)
- Check the front brake linings. (
 p. 100)
- Check the brake linings of the rear brake. (🕮 p. 106)
- Check that the brake system is functioning properly.
 - Check the coolant level. (🛤 p. 130)
- Check the chain for dirt. (
 p. 86)
- Check the chain, rear sprocket, engine sprocket, and chain guide. (
 p. 89)
- Check the tire condition. (
 p. 113)
- Check tire pressure. (🕮 p. 114)

• Info The

The spoke tension must be checked regularly as incorrect spoke tension will strongly impair riding safety.

- Clean the dust boots of the fork legs. (I p. 65)
- Bleed the fork legs. (I p. 64)
- Check the air filter.
- Check the settings of all controls and ensure that they can be operated smoothly.
- Check all screws, nuts, and hose clamps regularly for tightness.
- Check the fuel level.
- Check 2-stroke oil level. (
 p. 142)

9.2 Starting the vehicle

1 Danger

Danger of poisoning Exhaust gases are toxic and inhaling them may result in unconsciousness and death.

- Always make sure there is sufficient ventilation when running the engine.
- Use effective exhaust extraction when starting or running the engine in an enclosed space.

Note

Engine damage High revving speed with a cold engine negatively impacts the lifespan of the engine.

Always run the engine warm at a low speed.

RIDING INSTRUCTIONS 9



9.3 Starting off

lnfo

Switch on the light before riding the vehicle. You will be seen earlier by other motorists. When you are riding, the side stand must be folded up and secured with the rubber strap.

 Pull the clutch lever, shift into first gear, release the clutch lever slowly and at the same time open the throttle carefully.

9.4 Shifting, riding

Danger of accidents If you change down at high engine speed, the rear wheel blocks and the engine races.

- Do not change into a low gear at high engine speed.

Warning

Warning

Engine failure The engine will not be lubricated unless there is 2-stroke oil in the oil tank.

If the oil level warning light lights up, the 2-stroke oil is sufficient for the remaining tank of fuel.

- As soon as the oil level warning light lights up, ride for no longer than until the remaining fuel in the tank is depleted.
- At the next opportunity add 2-stroke oil before you refuel.
- Time the oil pump if the 2-stroke oil hose has been removed or the 2-stroke oil tank has been fully depleted in error.

e Info

If you hear unusual noises while riding, stop immediately, switch off the engine, and contact an authorized KTM workshop.

First gear is used for starting off and for steep inclines.

- Shift into a higher gear when conditions allow (incline, road situation, etc.). To do so, release the throttle
 while simultaneously pulling the clutch lever, shift into the next gear, release the clutch lever and open the
 throttle.
- If the cold start function was activated, deactivate the cold start button after the engine has warmed up.
- After reaching maximum speed by fully opening the throttle grip, turn the throttle back so it is ³/₄ open. This will barely reduce the speed, but fuel consumption will be considerably lower.
- Always open the throttle only as much as the engine can handle abrupt throttle opening increases fuel consumption.
- To shift down, apply the brakes and close the throttle at the same time.
- Pull the clutch lever and shift into a lower gear, release the clutch lever slowly, and either open the throttle or shift again.
- Switch off the engine if running at idle speed or stationary for a long time.

Guideline ≥ 2 min

- Avoid frequent and longer slipping of the clutch. This causes the gear oil, engine and cooling system to heat up.
- Ride at a low engine speed instead of at a high engine speed with a slipping clutch.

9.5 Braking

Warning

Danger of accidents Excessively forceful application of the brakes blocks the wheels.

- Adjust application of the brakes to the respective riding situation and riding surface conditions.



Warning

Danger of accidents A spongy pressure point on the front or rear brake reduces braking efficiency.

Check the brake system and do not continue riding until the problem is eliminated. (Your authorized KTM workshop will be glad to help.)

Warning

Danger of accidents Moisture and dirt impair the brake system.

- Brake carefully several times to dry out and remove dirt from the brake linings and the brake discs.

- On sandy, wet or slippery surfaces, use the rear brake.

 Braking should always be completed before you go into a bend. Change down to a lower gear appropriate to your road speed.

9.6 Stopping, parking

Warning

Risk of misappropriation People who act without authorization endanger themselves and others.

- Do not leave the vehicle unattended if the engine is running.
- Protect the vehicle against access by unauthorized persons.



Warning

Danger of burns Some vehicle components become very hot when the vehicle is operated.

- Do not touch any parts such as the exhaust system, radiator, engine, shock absorber, or brake system before the vehicle parts have cooled down.
- Let the vehicle parts cool down before you perform any work on the vehicle.

Note

Material damage The vehicle may be damaged by incorrect procedure when parking. Significant damage may be caused if the vehicle rolls away or falls over.

The components for parking the vehicle are designed only for the weight of the vehicle.

- Park the vehicle on a firm and level surface.
- Ensure that nobody sits on the vehicle when the vehicle is parked on a stand.

Note

Fire hazard Hot vehicle components pose a fire hazard and explosion risk.

- Do not park the vehicle near to materials which are highly flammable or explosive.
- Allow the vehicle to cool down before covering it.
- Apply the brakes on the motorcycle.
- Shift the transmission to neutral position.

(All EXC models)

– Press and hold the stop button \boxtimes while the engine is idling until the engine stops.

(All XC-W models)

- Press and hold the stop button \otimes while the engine is idling until the engine stops.
- Park the motorcycle on firm ground.

9.7 Transporting

Note

Danger of damage The parked vehicle can roll away or fall over.

- Park the vehicle on a firm and level surface.

Note

Fire hazard Hot vehicle components pose a fire hazard and explosion risk.

- Do not park the vehicle near to materials which are highly flammable or explosive.
- Allow the vehicle to cool down before covering it.

9 RIDING INSTRUCTIONS



- Switch off the engine.
- Use tension belts or other suitable devices to secure the motorcycle against falling over or rolling away.

9.8 Refueling

Danger

Fire hazard Fuel is highly flammable.

The fuel in the fuel tank expands when warm and can escape if overfilled.

- Do not fuel the vehicle in the vicinity of open flames or lit cigarettes.
- Switch off the engine for refueling.
- Make sure that no fuel is spilled; particularly not on hot parts of the vehicle.
- If any fuel is spilled, wipe it off immediately.
- Observe the specifications for refueling.

Warning

Danger of poisoning Fuel is poisonous and a health hazard.

- Avoid skin, eye and clothing contact with fuel.
- Immediately consult a doctor if you swallow fuel.
- Do not inhale fuel vapors.
- In case of skin contact, rinse the affected area with plenty of water.
- Rinse the eyes thoroughly with water, and consult a doctor in case of fuel contact with the eyes.
- Change your clothing in case of fuel spills on them.

Note

Material damage Inadequate fuel quality causes the fuel filter to quickly become clogged.

In some countries and regions, the available fuel quality and cleanliness may not be sufficient. This will result in problems with the fuel system.

 Refuel only with clean fuel that meets the specified standards. (Your authorized KTM workshop will be glad to help.)



Note

Environmental hazard Improper handling of fuel is a danger to the environment.

- Do not allow fuel to enter the groundwater, the soil, or the sewage system.



Guidenne				
Level A	35 mm	35 mm (1.38 in)		
Total fuel tank capacity, approx.	9 I (2.4 US gal)	Super unleaded (ROZ 95) (🕮 p. 169)		
Info Do not refuel u	ising pre-mixed fu	el.		

Close the fuel tank filler cap. (🕮 p. 20)

9.9 Adding 2-stroke oil

Warning

Engine failure The engine will not be lubricated unless there is 2-stroke oil in the oil tank. If the oil level warning light lights up, the 2-stroke oil is sufficient for the remaining tank of fuel.

_

- As soon as the oil level warning light lights up, ride for no longer than until the remaining fuel in the tank is depleted.
- At the next opportunity add 2-stroke oil before you refuel.
- Time the oil pump if the 2-stroke oil hose has been removed or the 2-stroke oil tank has been fully depleted in error.



- Open 2-stroke oil tank cap. (💷 p. 20)
- Fill the 2-stroke oil tank up to the lower edge (A) of the filler neck.

Guideline

Only use 2-stroke oil which is appropriate for separate lubrication.

2-stroke oil tank con-	0.6 (0.6 gt.)	Engine oil, 2-stroke
tent approx.		(🕮 p. 168)

- Close 2-stroke oil tank cap. (🕮 p. 21)

◀

10.1 Additional information

Any further work that results from the compulsory work or from the recommended work must be ordered separately and invoiced separately.

Different service intervals may apply in your country, depending on the local operating conditions. Individual service intervals and scopes may change in the course of technical developments. The most up-to-date service schedule can always be found on KTM Dealer.net. Your authorized KTM dealer will be happy to advise you.

10.2 Required work

Every 10 operating hours wh Every					orts
Every 20 o			-		
After 5 operat		-			
After 1 operating	-	_			
Read out the fault memory using the KTM diagnostics tool. 🔌	0	0	•	٠	•
Check that the electrical system is functioning properly.	0		•	٠	•
Check and charge the 12-V battery. 🔺			•	•	•
Check the front brake linings. (🕮 p. 100)			•	٠	•
Check the brake linings of the rear brake. (🕮 p. 106)			•	٠	•
Check the brake discs. (📖 p. 98)			•	•	•
Check the brake lines for damage and leakage.			•	٠	•
Check the rear brake fluid level. (📖 p. 104)			•	•	•
Check the free travel of the foot brake lever. (•	•	•
Check the frame. 🔺 💷 p. 92)			•	•	•
Check the link fork. 🔌 💷 p. 92)			•	٠	•
Check the fork bearing for play. 🔌			•	٠	
Check the shock absorber heim joint for play. 🔧			•	٠	
Check the tire condition. (💷 p. 113)	0		•	•	•
Check tire pressure. (🕮 p. 114)	0		•	٠	•
Check the wheel bearing for play. 🔧			•	٠	•
Check the wheel hubs. 🔌			•	•	•
Check the rim run-out. 🔌	0		•	٠	
Check the spoke tension. (📖 p. 114)	0		•	٠	•
Check the chain, rear sprocket, engine sprocket, and chain guide. (💷 p. 89)			•	٠	•
Check the chain tension. (🕮 p. 87)	0		•	٠	•
Grease all moving parts (e.g. side stand, hand lever, chain, etc.) and check for smooth operation.			•	•	•
Check/correct the fluid level of the hydraulic clutch. (P. 94)		-	•	٠	•
Check the front brake fluid level. (🕮 p. 99)		-	•	٠	٠
Check the free travel of the hand brake lever. (📖 p. 97)		-	•	٠	٠
Check steering head bearing play. (📖 p. 74)	0		•	٠	
Change the spark plug and spark plug connector. 🔧				٠	
Check the reed valve housing, reed valve and intake flange. 🔌			•	٠	
Change the gear oil. 🔌 📖 p. 148)		0		٠	
Check all hoses (e.g. fuel, cooling, bleeder, drainage, etc.) and sleeves for cracking, leaks, and incorrect routing.	0		•	•	•

Every 10 operating hours when used for motorsports						
Every	40 op	erati	ng ho	ours		
Every 20 o	perati	ng ho	ours			
After 5 operat	ing h	ours				
After 1 operating	hour					
Check the antifreeze and coolant level. (p. 129)	0		•	٠	•	
Check the cables for damage and for routing without kinks. \blacktriangleleft			•	•	•	
Check that the throttle cables are undamaged, routed without sharp bends, and set correctly.	0		•	٠	•	
Clean the air filter and air filter box. \land 💷 p. 81)			٠	٠	•	
Change the glass fiber yarn filling of the main silencer. 🔌 💷 p. 82)			٠	٠		
Service the fork. 🔌				٠		
Perform the shock absorber service. 🔌				٠		
Check the tightness of the easily accessible, safety-relevant screws and nuts. \blacktriangleleft	0		٠	٠	•	
Change the fuel screen. 🔌 💷 p. 141)	0		٠	٠	•	
Check the fuel pressure. 🔧			•	٠	•	
Check the headlight setting. (📖 p. 126)	0		٠	٠	•	
Check the idle speed. 🔧			•	٠	•	
Final check: Check the vehicle for operating safety and take a test ride.	0	0	٠	٠	•	
Read out the error memory after the test ride using the KTM diagnostics tool. \blacktriangleleft	0	0	•	٠	•	
Make a service entry in KTM Dealer.net. 🔌	0	0	•	٠	•	

• One-time interval

• Periodic interval

10.3 Recommended work

	Every 40 ope	rating	hour	s whe	en us	ed fo	or mo	torsp	orts
	Every 10 operatin	g hour	s who	en us	ed fo	or mo	torsp	orts	
	every 48 months						nths		
			eve	ery 12	2 mo	nths			
	Every	80 oj	oerati	ng ho	ours				
	Every 40	operat	ing ho	ours					
	After 20 opera	ting h	ours						
	After 10 operating	hours							
Change the front brake fluid. 🔧						•	•		
Change the rear brake fluid. 🔌						•	٠		
Change the hydraulic clutch fluid. 🔌 🕮 p. 95)						•	•		
Lubricate the steering head bearing. 🔌 🕮 p. 76)						•	•		
Clean the pressure sensor hose. 🔌					٠	•	•		•
Service the fork. 🔺		0							
Perform the shock absorber service. 🔌			0						
Check the electric starter drive. 🔌					٠				٠
Change the fuel filter. 🔦					٠				٠
Change the piston and check the cylinder. 🔌					٠				٠
Change the oil pump; clean the oil screen. 🔌					٠				
Clean the oil screen in the oil tank. 🔌				•					
Clean the protection cap of the pressure sensor. 🔌				•	٠			•	•

Every 40 oper	ating	hours v	vhen u	sed fo	or mo	torsp	orts
Every 10 operating hours when used for motorsports							
		(every 4	8 mo	nths		
		every	12 m	onths			
Every	80 op	erating	hours				
Every 40 operating hours							
After 20 operating hours							
After 10 operating h	ours						
Change the coolant. 🔌 📖 p. 133)					•		
Perform minor engine service. (Check the exhaust control for functioning and smooth operation. Check the clutch.) \blacktriangleleft		1	• •			•	•
Perform major engine service including removing and installing the engine. (Change the connecting rod, conrod bearing, and crank pin. Clean the hose connections of the pressure sensor. Check the transmission and shift mechanism. Change all engine bearings.)			•				•

• One-time interval

• Periodic interval

11.1 Checking the basic chassis setting with the rider's weight

• Info

When adjusting the basic chassis setting, first adjust the shock absorber and then the fork.



- For optimal motorcycle riding characteristics and to avoid damage to forks, shock absorbers, link fork and frame, the basic settings of the suspension components must match the rider's weight.
- As delivered, KTM offroad motorcycles are adjusted for an average rider's weight (with full protective clothing).
 Guideline

Standard rider weight	75 85 kg (165
	187 lb.)

- If the rider's weight is above or below this range, the basic setting of the suspension components must be adjusted accordingly.
- Small weight differences can be compensated by adjusting the spring preload, but in the case of large weight differences, the springs must be replaced.

11.2 Compression damping of the shock absorber

The compression damping of the shock absorber is divided into two ranges: high-speed and low-speed. High-speed and low-speed refer to the compression speed of the rear wheel suspension and not to the vehicle speed.

The high-speed compression adjuster has an effect, for example, when landing after a jump: the rear wheel suspension compresses quickly.

The low-speed compression adjuster has an effect, for example, when riding over long ground swells: the rear wheel suspension compresses slowly.

These two ranges can be adjusted separately, although the transition between high-speed and low-speed is gradual. Thus, modifications in the high-speed range affect the compression damping in the low-speed range and vice versa.



Caution

Risk of injury Parts of the shock absorber will move around if the shock absorber is detached incorrectly. The shock absorber is filled with highly compressed nitrogen.

- Please follow the description provided. (Your authorized KTM workshop will be glad to help.)

Info

The effect of the low-speed compression adjuster can be seen in slow to normal compression of the shock absorber.

11 TUNING THE CHASSIS



Turn adjusting screw ① clockwise with a screwdriver as far as the last perceptible click.



- Do not loosen fitting **2**!
- Turn counterclockwise by the number of clicks corresponding to the shock absorber type.

Guideline

Low-speed compression damping				
Comfort	18 clicks			
Standard	15 clicks			
Sport	12 clicks			

lnfo

Turn clockwise to increase damping; turn counterclockwise to reduce damping.

4

11.4 Adjusting the high-speed compression damping of the shock absorber

Caution

Risk of injury Parts of the shock absorber will move around if the shock absorber is detached incorrectly. The shock absorber is filled with highly compressed nitrogen.

- Please follow the description provided. (Your authorized KTM workshop will be glad to help.)

Info

The effect of the high speed compression adjuster can be seen in the fast compression of the shock absorber.



Using an open end wrench, turn adjusting screw ① clockwise all the way.



Do not loosen fitting **2**!

- Turn counterclockwise by the number of turns corresponding to the shock absorber type.

Guideline

High-speed compression damping				
Comfort 2.5 turns				
Standard	2 turns			
Sport 1 turn				

Info

Turn clockwise to increase damping; turn counterclockwise to reduce damping.

11.5 Adjusting the rebound damping of the shock absorber

Caution

Risk of injury Parts of the shock absorber will move around if the shock absorber is detached incorrectly. The shock absorber is filled with highly compressed nitrogen.

- Please follow the description provided. (Your authorized KTM workshop will be glad to help.)



-	Turn adjusting screw 🚺	clockwise up to the last perceptible
	click.	

 Turn counterclockwise by the number of clicks corresponding to the shock absorber type.

Guideline

Rebound damping	
Comfort	18 clicks
Standard	15 clicks
Sport	12 clicks

Info

Turn clockwise to increase the damping; turn counterclockwise to reduce damping when the shock absorber rebounds.

11.6 Measuring the dimension of the rear wheel unloaded



- Raise the motorcycle with a lift stand. (E p. 64)

Main work

- Position the sag gage in the rear axle and measure the distance to marking **SAG** on the rear fender.

Sag gauge (00029090100) Pin, sag scale (00029990010)

- Note the value as dimension (A).

Finishing work

- Remove the motorcycle from the lift stand. (E p. 64)



11 TUNING THE CHASSIS

11.7 Checking the static sag of the shock absorber



- Measure dimension 🚯 of rear wheel unloaded. (🕮 p. 55)
- Hold the motorcycle upright with aid of an assistant.
- Measure the distance again between the rear axle and marking **SAG** on the rear fender using the sag gage.
 - Note the value as dimension $oldsymbol{B}$.

• Info

The static sag is the difference between measurements (A) and (B).

- Check the static sag.

Static sag	37 mm (1.46 in)

- » If the static sag is less or more than the specified value:
 - Adjust the spring preload of the shock absorber.
 (Image p. 57)

11.8 Checking the riding sag of the shock absorber



- ing full protective clothing, sits on the seat in a normal sitting position (feet on footrests) and bounces up and down a few times.
 - ✓ The rear wheel suspension levels out.
- Another person again measures the distance between the rear axle and marking **SAG** on the rear fender using the sag gage.
- Note the value as dimension **O**.

• Info

The riding sag is the difference between measurements \mathbf{A} and \mathbf{O} .

Check riding sag.

Riding s	sag		110	mm (4.33 in)	
16.11		1.00			

11.9 Adjusting the spring preload of the shock absorber 🔧

Caution

Risk of injury Parts of the shock absorber will move around if the shock absorber is detached incorrectly. The shock absorber is filled with highly compressed nitrogen.

- Please follow the description provided. (Your authorized KTM workshop will be glad to help.)

Info

Before changing the spring preload, make a note of the present setting, e.g., by measuring the spring length.



Preparatory work

- Raise the motorcycle with a lift stand. (IP p. 64)
- Remove the shock absorber. 🔌 (🕮 p. 77)
- After removing the shock absorber, clean it thoroughly.

Main work

_

- Loosen screw 🚺.
- Turn adjusting ring **2** until the spring is no longer under tension.

Hook wrench (90129051000)

Info

i

- If the spring cannot be fully released, the spring must be removed to accurately measure the spring length.
- Measure the total spring length while the spring is not under tension.
- Tension the spring by turning adjusting ring 2 to specified dimension A.

Guideline

Spring preload 9 mm (0.35 in)

Info

Depending on the static sag and/or the riding sag, it may be necessary to increase or decrease the spring preload.

Tighten screw 1.

Guideline

Screw, shock	M5	5 Nm (3.7 lbf ft)
absorber adjusting		
ring		

Finishing work

- Install the shock absorber. 🛁 (🕮 p. 77)

11.10 Adjusting the riding sag 🔧

Preparatory work

- Remove the shock absorber. A (
 P. 77)
 - After removing the shock absorber, clean it thoroughly.

Main work

Choose and mount a suitable spring.

Guideline

Spring rate	
Weight of rider: 65	57 63 N/mm (325
75 kg (143 165 lb.)	360 lb/in)
Weight of rider: 75	60 66 N/mm (343
85 kg (165 187 lb.)	377 Ib/in)
Weight of rider: 85	63 69 N/mm (360
95 kg (187 209 lb.)	394 lb/in)

• Info

The spring rate is shown on the outside of the spring.

Finishing work

- Install the shock absorber. 🔌 (📖 p. 77)
- Remove the motorcycle from the lift stand. (I p. 64)
- Check the static sag of the shock absorber. (🕮 p. 56)
- Check the riding sag of the shock absorber. (E p. 56)
- Adjust the rebound damping of the shock absorber. (\blacksquare p. 55)

11.11 Checking the basic setting of the fork

Info

For various reasons, no exact riding sag can be determined for the fork.

B00292-10



- As with the shock absorber, smaller differences in the rider's weight can be compensated by the spring preload.
- However, if the fork frequently bottoms out (hard end stop on compression), harder springs must be fitted to avoid damage to the fork and frame.
- If the fork feels unusually hard after extended periods of operation, the fork legs need to be bled.

11.12 Adjusting the compression damping of the fork

Info The hydraulic compression damping determines the fork suspension behavior.



Turn white adjuster ① clockwise as far as it will go.

Info

Adjuster **1** is located at the upper end of the left fork leg. The compression damping is located in left fork

leg **COMP** (white adjuster). The rebound damping is located in right fork leg **REB** (red adjuster).

Turn counterclockwise by the number of clicks corresponding to the fork type.

Guideline

Compression damping	
Comfort	18 clicks
Standard	15 clicks
Sport	12 clicks

Info

Turn clockwise to increase damping; turn counterclockwise to reduce damping during compression.

11.13 Adjusting the rebound damping of the fork

Info

The hydraulic rebound damping determines the fork suspension behavior.



Turn red adjuster 1 clockwise as far as it will go.

Adjuster **1** is located at the upper end of the right fork leg. The rebound damping is located in right fork leg **REB**

(red adjuster). The compression damping is located in left fork leg **COMP** (white adjuster).

 Turn counterclockwise by the number of clicks corresponding to the fork type.

Guideline

Rebound damping	
Comfort	18 clicks
Standard	15 clicks
Sport	12 clicks

Info

Turn clockwise to increase the damping; turn counterclockwise to reduce damping when the shock absorber rebounds.

11.14 Adjusting the spring preload of the fork

1

S04314-10

П

Preparatory work

- Raise the motorcycle with a lift stand. (IP p. 64)

Main work

- Turn T-grips 1 counterclockwise all the way.
 - ✓ Marking +0 aligns with the right T-grip on both fork legs.

Info

- Make the adjustment by hand only. Do not use a tool. Make the same adjustment on both fork legs.
- Turn the T-grip clockwise.

Guideline

Spring preload - Preload Adjuster		
Comfort	+0	
Standard	+0	
Sport	+3	

The T-grip engages noticeably at the numerical values.

Info

Adjust the spring preload to the numerical values only as the preload will not engage between the numerical values.

Turn clockwise to increase the spring preload; turn counterclockwise to reduce the spring preload. Adjusting the spring preload has no influence on the absorption setting of the rebound. Basically, however, you should set the rebound damping higher with a higher spring preload.

Finishing work

- Remove the motorcycle from the lift stand. (I p. 64)

11.15 Handlebar position



(All standard XC-W models, All standard EXC models)

On the upper triple clamp, there are 2 holes at a distance of \mathbf{A} to each other.

Hole distance A 15 mm (0.59 in)

The holes on the handlebar support are placed at a distance of $\ensuremath{\mathfrak{B}}$ from the center.

	Hole distance B	3.5 mm (0.138 in)
--	-----------------	-------------------

The handlebar can be mounted in four different positions. This allows the handlebar to be mounted in the most comfortable position for the rider.



(All special models)

On the upper triple clamp, there are 2 holes at a distance of **A** to each other.

Hole distance A	15 mm (0.59 in)	
The holes on the handlebar support are placed at a distance		
of B from the center.		

Hole distance B	3.5 mm (0.138 in)

The handlebar can be mounted in four different positions. This allows the handlebar to be mounted in the most comfortable position for the rider.

11.16 Adjusting the handlebar position 🔦

Warning

Danger of accidents A repaired handlebar poses a safety risk.

If the handlebar is bent or straightened, the material becomes fatigued. The handlebar may break as a result.

- Change the handlebar if the handlebar is damaged or bent.



(All standard XC-W models, All standard EXC models)

Remove screws ①. Take off the handlebar clamps.
 Remove the handlebar and lay it to one side.

• Info

Cover the components to protect them against damage.

Do not kink the cables and lines.

- Remove screws **2**. Take off the handlebar supports.
- Place the handlebar supports in the required position.
 Mount and tighten screws 2.

Guideline

Screw, handle-	M10	40 Nm (29.5 lbf ft)
bar support	mito	Loctite [®] 243™

• Info

Position the left and right handlebar supports evenly.

- Position the handlebar.

• Info Mak

Make sure the cables and wiring are positioned correctly.

Position the handlebar clamps. Mount screws ① and tighten evenly.

Guideline

Screw, handlebar	M8	20 Nm
clamp		(14.8 lbf ft)

Info

Make sure the gap widths are even.



(All special models)

Remove screws **①**. Take off the handlebar clamps. _ Remove the handlebar and lay it to one side.



Cover the components to protect them against damage. Do not kink the cables and lines.

- Remove screws **2**. Take off the handlebar supports. _
- Place the handlebar supports in the required position. _ Mount and tighten screws **2**.

Guideline

Screw, handle-	M10	40 Nm (29.5 lbf ft)
bar support		Loctite [®] 243™

Info . L

Position the left and right handlebar supports evenly.

Position the handlebar.

Info .

Make sure the cables and wiring are positioned correctly.

Position the handlebar clamps. Mount screws 1 and _ tighten evenly.

Guideline

Screw, handlebar clamp	M8	20 Nm (14.8 lbf ft)
---------------------------	----	------------------------



Make sure the gap widths are even.

12.1 Raising the motorcycle with a lift stand



Note

Danger of damage The parked vehicle can roll away or fall over.

- Park the vehicle on a firm and level surface.

Raise the motorcycle at the frame underneath the engine.

Lift stand (78129955100)

✓ Neither wheel is in contact with the ground.

- Secure the motorcycle against falling over.

12.2 Removing the motorcycle from the lift stand

Note

Danger of damage The parked vehicle can roll away or fall over.

- Park the vehicle on a firm and level surface.



12.3 Bleeding the fork legs

- Remove the motorcycle from the lift stand.
- Remove the lift stand.
- To park the motorcycle, press side stand 1 to the ground with your foot and lean the motorcycle on it.

Info

When you are riding, the side stand must be folded up and secured with the rubber strap.

Preparatory work

- Raise the motorcycle with a lift stand. (E p. 64)

Main work

- Release bleeder screws **1**.
 - \checkmark Any excess pressure escapes from the interior of the fork.
- Tighten the bleeder screws.

Finishing work

S04824-13

- Remove the motorcycle from the lift stand. (E p. 64)

12.4 Cleaning the dust boots of the fork legs



Preparatory work

- Raise the motorcycle with a lift stand. (I p. 64)
- Remove the fork protector. (I p. 65)

Main work

- Push dust boots 1 of both fork legs downward.

Info

The dust boots remove dust and coarse dirt particles from the inside fork tubes. Over time, dirt can accumulate behind the dust boots. If this dirt is not removed, the oil seals behind can start to leak.



Danger of accidents Oil or grease on the brake discs reduces the braking effect.

- Always keep the brake discs free of oil and grease.
- Clean the brake discs with brake cleaner when necessary.
- Clean and oil the dust boots and inner fork tubes of both fork legs.

Universal oil spray (🕮 p. 171)

- Press the dust boots back into their installation position.
- Remove excess oil.

Finishing work

_

- Install the fork protector. (🕮 p. 66)

12.5 Removing the fork protector



- Remove screws **1** and take off the clamp.
- Remove screws **2** and take off the left fork protector.
 - Remove screws 3 and take off the right fork protector.

12.6 Installing the fork protector



Position the fork protector on the left fork leg. Mount and tighten screws 1.

Guideline

R	emaining screws,	M6	10 Nm (7.4 lbf ft)
cł	nassis		

- Position the brake line, wiring harness, and clamp. Mount and tighten screws **2**.
- Position the fork protector on the right fork leg. Mount and tighten screws 3.

Guideline

Remaining screws,	M6	10 Nm (7.4 lbf ft)
chassis		

12.7 Removing the fork legs 🔌

Preparatory work

- Raise the motorcycle with a lift stand. (I p. 64)
- Remove the front wheel. 🔌 (📖 p. 109) _
 - Remove the headlight mask with the headlight. (I p. 123)

Main work

_

- Remove screws **1** and take off the clamp. _
- Remove the cable tie.
- Remove screws **2** and take off the brake caliper.
- Hang the brake caliper and the brake line loosely to the side. _





(All standard XC-W models, All standard EXC models) Loosen screws **3**. Remove the left fork leg.

- _
- Loosen screws 4. Remove the right fork leg.



- Loosen screws **3**. Remove the left fork leg.
 - Loosen screws 4. Remove the right fork leg.



12.8 Installing the fork legs 🔌 Main work Position the fork legs. Bleeder screws 1 are positioned toward the front. Info The rebound damping is located in right fork leg REB (red adjuster). The compression damping is located in left fork leg COMP (white adjuster). Grooves are milled into the side of the upper end of the S04824-13 fork legs. The second milled groove (from the top) must be flush with the upper edge of the upper triple clamp. (All standard XC-W models, All standard EXC models) Tighten screws **2**. Guideline Screw, top triple Μ8 20 Nm clamp (14.8 lbf ft) Tighten screws **3**. Guideline Μ8 Screw, bottom 15 Nm 504894-11 triple clamp (11.1 lbf ft) (All special models) Tighten screws **2**. Guideline Screw, top triple Μ8 17 Nm (12.5 lbf ft) clamp Tighten screws **3**. (3 Guideline Screw, bottom Μ8 15 Nm S04893-11 triple clamp (11.1 lbf ft) Position the brake caliper, and mount and tighten screws \mathbf{Q} . Guideline Screw, front Μ8 25 Nm (18.4 lbf ft) Loctite[®]243™ brake caliper Mount the cable ties. Position the brake line, the wiring harness, and the clamp. Mount and tighten screws **5**. E00375-11 **Finishing work** Install the front wheel. 🔌 (📖 p. 110) _ Install the headlight mask with the headlight. (E) p. 124) Check the headlight setting. (p. 126) _

12.9 Removing the lower triple clamp (All standard XC-W models, All standard EXC models)

Preparatory work

- Raise the motorcycle with a lift stand. (I p. 64)
- Remove the front wheel. 🔌 (📖 p. 109)
- Remove the headlight mask with the headlight. (IP p. 123)
- Remove the fork legs. 🔧 (🕮 p. 66)
- Remove front fender. (💷 p. 76)
- Remove the handlebar cushion.

Main work

- Remove screws **1** and hang the combination instrument holder to the side.
- S03514-10



- Remove screw 2.
- Loosen screw **3**. Take off the upper triple clamp with the handlebar and hang them to the side.

lnfo

Cover the components to protect them against damage. Do not kink the cables and lines.

- Remove O-ring 4. Remove protective ring 5.
- Take off the lower triple clamp with the steering stem.
- Remove the upper steering head bearing.



12.10 Removing the lower triple clamp 🔌 (All special models)

Preparatory work

- Raise the motorcycle with a lift stand. (IP p. 64)
- Remove the front wheel. 🔌 (📖 p. 109)
- Remove the headlight mask with the headlight. (🕮 p. 123)
- Remove the fork legs. 🔌 (🕮 p. 66)
- Remove front fender. (📖 p. 76)
- Remove the handlebar cushion.



12.11 Installing the lower triple clamp (All standard XC-W models, All standard EXC models)



Main work

 Clean the bearing and sealing elements, check for damage, and grease.

High viscosity grease (🕮 p. 170)

- Insert the lower triple clamp with the steering stem. Mount upper steering head bearing.
- Check whether upper steering head seal 1 is correctly positioned.
- Mount protective ring **2** and O-ring **3**.











- Position the upper triple clamp with the handlebar.
- Position the clutch line and the wiring harness.
- Mount screw 4, but do not tighten yet.
- Position the combination instrument holder, and mount and tighten screws **(5)**.

Guideline

Remaining screws,	M6	10 Nm (7.4 lbf ft)
chassis		

Position the fork legs.

✓ Bleeder screws **6** are positioned toward the front.

Info

The rebound damping is located in right fork leg **REB** (red adjuster). The compression damping is located in left fork leg **COMP** (white adjuster). Grooves are milled into the side of the upper end of the fork legs. The second milled groove (from the top) must be flush with the upper edge of the upper triple clamp.

Tighten screws 7.

_

Screw, bottom triple	M8	15 Nm (11.1 lbf ft)
clamp		

Tighten screw **4**.

Guideline

Screw, top steering	M20x1.5	12 Nm (8.9 lbf ft)
head		


Finishing work

- Mount the handlebar cushion.
- Install front fender. (🕮 p. 76)
- Install the front wheel. 🔌 (📖 p. 110)
- Install the headlight mask with the headlight. (I p. 124)
- Check that the wiring harness, throttle cables, and brake and clutch lines can move freely and are routed correctly.
- Check steering head bearing play. (I p. 74)
- Check the headlight setting. (I p. 126)

12.12 Installing the lower triple clamp 🔌 (All special models)



Main work

- Clean the bearing and sealing elements, check for damage, and grease.

High viscosity grease (📖 p. 170)

- Insert the lower triple clamp with the steering stem. Mount upper steering head bearing.
- Check whether upper steering head seal 1 is correctly positioned.
 - Mount protective ring **2** and O-ring **3**.

- Position the upper triple clamp with the handlebar.
- Mount screw (4), but do not tighten yet.
- Position the clutch line and the wiring harness.





Position the combination instrument holder, and mount and tighten screws **(5**).

Guideline

Remaining screws,	M6	10 Nm (7.4 lbf ft)
chassis		

Position the fork legs.

Bleeder screws 6 are positioned toward the front.

Info

The rebound damping is located in right fork leg **REB** (red adjuster). The compression damping is located in left fork leg **COMP** (white adjuster). Grooves are milled into the side of the upper end of the fork legs. The second milled groove (from the top) must be flush with the upper edge of the upper triple clamp.



- Install front fender. (IIII p. 76)
- Install the front wheel. ◀ (🕮 p. 110)
- Install the headlight mask with the headlight. (\mathbbm{R} p. 124)

- Check that the wiring harness, throttle cables, and brake and clutch lines can move freely and are routed correctly.
- Check steering head bearing play. (E p. 74)
- Check the headlight setting. (I p. 126)

12.13 Checking steering head bearing play



Warning

Danger of accidents Incorrect steering head bearing play impairs the handling characteristic and damages components.

- Correct incorrect steering head bearing play immediately. (Your authorized KTM workshop will be glad to help.)

Info

If the vehicle is operated for a lengthy period with play in the steering head bearing, the bearings and the bearing seats in the frame can become damaged over time.



Preparatory work

- Raise the motorcycle with a lift stand. (I p. 64)

Main work

 Move the handlebar to the straight-ahead position. Move the fork legs to and fro in the direction of travel.

Play should not be detectable on the steering head bearing.

- » If there is detectable play:
 - Adjust the steering head bearing play. ◄ (IIIIII) p. 74)
- Move the handlebar to and fro over the entire steering range.

It must be possible to move the handlebar easily over the entire steering range. There should be no detectable detent positions.

- If detent positions are detected:
 - Adjust the steering head bearing play. ◄ (IIII p. 74)
 - Check the steering head bearing and change if necessary.

Finishing work

Remove the motorcycle from the lift stand. (I p. 64)

12.14 Adjusting the steering head bearing play

Preparatory work

Raise the motorcycle with a lift stand. (I p. 64)

ft)



Main work

(All standard XC-W models, All standard EXC models)

- Loosen screws **1** and **2**.
- Loosen and retighten screw 3.
 Guideline

duldellile		
Screw, top steering	M20x1.5	12 Nm (8.9 lbf
head		

- Using a plastic hammer, tap lightly on the upper triple clamp to avoid stresses.
- Tighten screws 1.

Guideline

Screw, top triple	M8	20 Nm
clamp		(14.8 lbf ft)

- Tighten screw **2**.

Guideline

Screw, top steering	M8	20 Nm
stem		(14.8 lbf ft)

(All special models)

- Loosen screws **1**. Remove screw **2**.
- Loosen and retighten screw 3.

Guideline		
Screw, top steering	M20x1.5	1

Screw, top steering	M20x1.5	12 Nm (8.9 lbf ft)
head		

- Using a plastic hammer, tap lightly on the upper triple clamp to avoid stresses.

- Tighten screws **1**.

Guideline

Screw, top triple	M8	17 Nm
clamp		(12.5 lbf ft)

Mount and tighten screw 2. Guideline

aalaoinio		
Screw, top	M8	17 Nm (12.5 lbf ft)
steering stem		Loctite [®] 243™

Finishing work

- Remove the motorcycle from the lift stand. (E) p. 64)



12.15 Lubricating the steering head bearing 🔧



(All standard XC-W models, All standard EXC models)

- Remove the lower triple clamp. 🔌 (💷 p. 68)
- Install the lower triple clamp. 🔌 (💷 p. 69)

(All special models)

- Remove the lower triple clamp. 🔌 (💷 p. 68)
- Install the lower triple clamp. ◄ (p. 72)

12.16 Removing front fender



Main work

_

Remove screws 1.

- Remove the headlight mask with the headlight. (IP p. 123)





- Remove screws 2. Take off front fender.

12.17 Installing front fender



Main work

V00341-10

Position front fender. Mount and tighten screws ①.
 Guideline

Remaining screws,	M6	10 Nm (7.4 lbf ft)
chassis		



Mount and tighten screws 2.
 Guideline

Remaining screws, M6 chassis	10 Nm (7.4 lbf ft)
---------------------------------	--------------------

Finishing work

- Install the headlight mask with the headlight. (IP p. 124)
- Check the headlight setting. (
 p. 126)

12.18 Removing the shock absorber 🔌

Preparatory work

- Raise the motorcycle with a lift stand. (IP p. 64)

Main work



- Remove screw ① and lower the rear wheel with the link fork as far as possible without blocking the rear wheel. Secure the rear wheel in this position.
- Remove screw **2**, push splash protector **3** to the side, and remove the shock absorber.

12.19 Installing the shock absorber 🔌



Main work

 Push splash protector 1 to the side and position the shock absorber. Mount and tighten screw 2.

Guideline

Screw, top	M12	80 Nm (59 lbf ft)
shock absorber		Loctite [®] 2701™

Mount and tighten screw 3.
 Guideline

Screw, bottom	M12	80 Nm (59 lbf ft)
shock absorber		Loctite [®] 2701™

• Info The

The heim joint for the shock absorber on the link fork is Teflon coated. It must not be lubricated with grease, nor with any other lubricants. Lubricants dissolve the Teflon coating, thereby drastically reducing the service life.

Finishing work

- Remove the motorcycle from the lift stand. (p. 64)

12.20 Removing the seat



Remove screw **1** on the left side.

_

_

_

H02218-10

Raise the rear of the seat, pull the seat back, and lift it off.





- Mount the front of the seat on the two collar bushings of the fuel tank, lower the seat at the rear, and push the seat forward.
- Make sure the seat is latched in place correctly.



Mount and tighten screw ① on the left side. Guideline

Screw, seat fixing	M6	10 Nm (7.4 lbf ft)
	•	

12.22 Removing the air filter box cover





Preparatory work

- Remove the seat. (🕮 p. 78)

Condition

- The air filter box cover is secured.
 - Remove screw 1.

- Pull off the air filter box cover in area (A) laterally and take it off at the front.

12.23 Installing the air filter box cover



1

Main work
Insert the air filter box cover in area and clip it into area .

Condition

The air filter box cover is secured.

Mount and tighten screw ①.
 Guideline

Screw, air filter box	EJOT PT®	3 Nm (2.2 lbf ft)
cover	K60x20-Z	

Finishing work

– Mount the seat. (🕮 p. 78)

12.24 Removing the air filter 🔧

Note

Engine damage Unfiltered intake air has a negative effect on the service life of the engine. Dust and dirt will enter the engine without an air filter.

- Only operate the vehicle if it is equipped with an air filter.



Environmental hazard Hazardous substances cause environmental damage.

Dispose of oils, grease, filters, fuel, cleaning agents, brake fluid, etc., correctly and in compliance with the applicable regulations.



Preparatory work

- Remove the seat. (🕮 p. 78)
- Remove the air filter box cover. (📖 p. 79)
- Main work
- Detach retaining tab ①. Remove air filter with air filter support.
- Remove air filter from air filter support.

12.25 Installing the air filter 🔧



Main work

- Mount the clean air filter on the air filter support.
- Grease the air filter in area 🚯

Long-life grease (🕮 p. 170)

- Insert air filter and position retaining pin 1 in bushing 3.
 The air filter is correctly positioned.
- Insert retaining tab 2.
 - \checkmark Retaining pin **3** is secured with retaining tab **2**.

• Info

If the air filter is not mounted correctly, dust and dirt may enter the engine and result in damage.

Finishing work

503483-10

- Install the air filter box cover. (
 p. 79)
- Mount the seat. (🕮 p. 78)

12.26 Cleaning the air filter and air filter box 🔧

Note

Environmental hazard Hazardous substances cause environmental damage.

 Dispose of oils, grease, filters, fuel, cleaning agents, brake fluid, etc., correctly and in compliance with the applicable regulations.

Info

Do not clean the air filter with fuel or petroleum since these substances attack the foam.

Preparatory work

- Remove the seat. (I p. 78)
- Remove the air filter box cover. (I p. 79)
- Remove the air filter. 🔧 (🕮 p. 80)

Main work

 Wash the air filter thoroughly in special cleaning liquid and allow it to dry properly.

Air filter cleaner (
p. 170)

• Info

- Only press the air filter to dry it, never wring it out.
- Oil the dry air filter with a high-grade air filter oil.

Oil for foam air filter (P. 170)

- Clean the air filter box.
- Clean the intake flange and check it for damage and tightness.

Finishing work

- Install the air filter. 🔌 (📖 p. 80)
- Mount the seat. (🕮 p. 78)

12.27 Preparing air filter box cover for securing -

A

Preparatory work

- Remove the seat. (🕮 p. 78)

Main work

_

03499-10

Drill a hole at marking **A**.

Guideline

Diameter	6 mm (0.24 in)

Finishing work

- Install the air filter box cover. (E p. 79)
- Mount the seat. (📖 p. 78)

•





8 Removing the main silencer

Warning

_

 $\label{eq:Danger of burns} \quad \mbox{The exhaust system gets very hot when the vehicle is driven}.$

Allow the exhaust system to cool down before performing any work on the vehicle.

Remove screws 1.

spring ring from the manifold.



12.29 Installing the main silencer



- Mount the main silencer with rubber sleeve 1 and the spring rings.

Pull off the main silencer with exhaust sleeve **2** and the

Mount and tighten screws **2**.

Guideline

Remaining screws, chassis	M6	10 Nm (7.4 lbf ft)
---------------------------	----	--------------------

12.30 Changing the glass fiber yarn filling of the main silencer 🔌

Warning

Danger of burns The exhaust system gets very hot when the vehicle is driven.

- Allow the exhaust system to cool down before performing any work on the vehicle.

Info

Over time, the fibers of the glass fiber yarn filling escape and the damper "burns" out. Not only is the noise level higher, but the performance characteristics change.

Preparatory work

Remove main silencer. (
 P. 82)



Main work

- Remove screws **1**. Pull out inner tube **2** with O-ring **3**.
- Pull glass fiber yarn filling 4 from the inner tube.
- Clean the parts that need to be reinstalled and check for damage.
- Mount new glass fiber yarn filling **4** on the inner tube.
- Push outer tube over the inner tube with the new glass fiber yarn filling and the O-ring.
- Mount and tighten all screws 1.

Guideline

Screws on main	M5	7 Nm (5.2 lbf ft)
silencer		

Finishing work

Install the main silencer. (🕮 p. 82)

12.31 Removing the fuel tank 🔌

Danger

Fire hazard Fuel is highly flammable.

The fuel in the fuel tank expands when warm and can escape if overfilled.

- Do not fuel the vehicle in the vicinity of open flames or lit cigarettes.
- Switch off the engine for refueling.
- Make sure that no fuel is spilled; particularly not on hot parts of the vehicle.
- If any fuel is spilled, wipe it off immediately.
- Observe the specifications for refueling.

Warning

Danger of poisoning Fuel is poisonous and a health hazard.

- Avoid skin, eye and clothing contact with fuel.
- Immediately consult a doctor if you swallow fuel.
- Do not inhale fuel vapors.
- In case of skin contact, rinse the affected area with plenty of water.
- Rinse the eyes thoroughly with water, and consult a doctor in case of fuel contact with the eyes.
- Change your clothing in case of fuel spills on them.
- Keep fuels correctly in a suitable canister, and out of the reach of children.

Preparatory work

- Remove the seat. (🕮 p. 78)





Main work

Unplug connector **1** of the fuel pump.

- Remove tube 2 from the fuel tank breather.
- Clean the quick release coupling thoroughly with compressed air.

Info

Under no circumstances should dirt enter into the fuel line. Dirt in the fuel line clogs the injection valve!

Disconnect the quick release coupling.

• Info

Remaining fuel may flow out of the fuel hose.

- Mount wash cap set **3**.

Wash cap set (81212016100)

- Remove screws **4** with the collar bushings.

(All EXC models)

- Hang the horn and horn bracket to one side.

Remove screw **5** with the rubber bushing.





 Pull both spoilers off laterally from the radiator mount and lift off the fuel tank.

12.32 Installing the fuel tank 🔦

1 Danger

Fire hazard Fuel is highly flammable.

The fuel in the fuel tank expands when warm and can escape if overfilled.

- Do not fuel the vehicle in the vicinity of open flames or lit cigarettes.
- Switch off the engine for refueling.
- Make sure that no fuel is spilled; particularly not on hot parts of the vehicle.
- If any fuel is spilled, wipe it off immediately.
- Observe the specifications for refueling.

Warning

Danger of poisoning Fuel is poisonous and a health hazard.

- Avoid skin, eye and clothing contact with fuel.
- Immediately consult a doctor if you swallow fuel.
- Do not inhale fuel vapors.
- In case of skin contact, rinse the affected area with plenty of water.
- Rinse the eyes thoroughly with water, and consult a doctor in case of fuel contact with the eyes.
- Change your clothing in case of fuel spills on them.

Main work

- Check the throttle cable routing. (I p. 92)
- Position the fuel tank and fit the two spoilers to the sides in front of the radiator bracket.
- Make sure that no cables or throttle cables are trapped or damaged.





Mount and tighten screw
 with the rubber bushing.
 Guideline

Remaining screws,	M6	10 Nm (7.4 lbf ft)
chassis		

(All EXC models)

- Position the horn with the horn bracket.





Mount and tighten screws **2** with the collar bushings. Guideline

Remaining screws,	M6	10 Nm (7.4 lbf ft)
chassis		

- Remove the wash cap set.
- Clean the quick release coupling thoroughly with compressed air.

Info

- Under no circumstances should dirt enter into the fuel line. Dirt in the fuel line clogs the injection valve!
- Spray silicone spray onto a lint-free cleaning cloth and lightly lubricate the O-ring of the quick-release coupling.

Silicone spray (🕮 p. 171)

Join quick release coupling 3.

• Info

Route the cable and fuel line at a safe distance from the exhaust system.

- Attach fuel tank breather hose 4.
- Plug in connector **5** for the fuel pump.

Finishing work

– Mount the seat. (🕮 p. 78)

12.33 Checking the chain for dirt



- Check the chain for heavy soiling.
 - » If the chain is very dirty:
 - Clean the chain. (📖 p. 87)

12.34 Cleaning the chain



Warning

- **Danger of accidents** Lubricants on the tires reduces the road grip.
- Remove lubricants from the tires using a suitable cleaning agent.



Warning

- **Danger of accidents** Oil or grease on the brake discs reduces the braking effect.
- Always keep the brake discs free of oil and grease.
- Clean the brake discs with brake cleaner when necessary.

Note

Environmental hazard Hazardous substances cause environmental damage.

 Dispose of oils, grease, filters, fuel, cleaning agents, brake fluid, etc., correctly and in compliance with the applicable regulations.

Info

The service life of the chain depends largely on its maintenance.

 \cap

400725-01

Preparatory work

- Raise the motorcycle with a lift stand. (p. 64)

Main work

- Rinse off loose dirt with a soft jet of water.
- Remove old grease residue with chain cleaner.

Chain cleaner (🕮 p. 170)

After drying, apply chain spray.

Off-road chain spray (📖 p. 170)

Finishing work

- Remove the motorcycle from the lift stand. (I p. 64)

12.35 Checking the chain tension



Warning

Danger of accidents Incorrect chain tension damages components and results in accidents.

If the chain is tensioned too much, the chain, engine sprocket, rear sprocket, transmission and rear wheel bearings wear more quickly. Some components may break if overloaded.

If the chain is too loose, the chain may fall off the engine sprocket or the rear sprocket. As a result, the rear wheel locks or the engine will be damaged.

- Check the chain tension regularly.
- Set the chain tension in accordance with the specification.

Preparatory work

Raise the motorcycle with a lift stand. (I p. 64)



Main work

• Pull the chain at the end of the chain sliding piece upward to measure chain tension **A**.

e Info

Lower chain section nust be taut. When the chain guard is mounted, it must be possible to pull up the chain at least to the point where it makes contact with chain guard . Chain wear is not always even, so you should repeat this measurement at different chain positions.

Chain tension	55 58 mm (2.17
	2.28 in)

If the chain tension does not meet the specification:

– Adjust the chain tension. (🕮 p. 88)

Finishing work

- Remove the motorcycle from the lift stand. (E p. 64)

12.36 Adjusting the chain tension

Warning

Danger of accidents Incorrect chain tension damages components and results in accidents.

If the chain is tensioned too much, the chain, engine sprocket, rear sprocket, transmission and rear wheel bearings wear more quickly. Some components may break if overloaded. If the chain is too loose, the chain may fall off the engine sprocket or the rear sprocket. As a result, the rear wheel locks or the engine will be damaged.

- Check the chain tension regularly.
- Set the chain tension in accordance with the specification.

Preparatory work

- Raise the motorcycle with a lift stand. (
 p. 64)
- Check the chain tension. (
 ^[2] p. 87)



 \bigcirc

Main work

- Loosen nut 🚺.
- Loosen nuts 2.
- Adjust the chain tension by turning adjusting screws ③ left and right.

Guideline

 Chain tension
 55 ... 58 mm (2.17 ...

 2.28 in)
 2.28 in)

 Turn adjusting screws ③ on the left and right so that the markings on the left and right chain adjusters are in the same position relative to reference marks ④. The rear wheel is then correctly aligned.

- Tighten nuts **2**.
- Make sure that chain adjusters 4 are fitted correctly on adjusting screws 3.
 - Tighten nut 🚺.

Guideline

Nut, rear wheel spin-	M20x1.5	80 Nm (59 lbf ft)
dle		

Info

The wide adjustment range of the chain adjusters (32 mm (1.26 in)) enables different secondary ratios with the same chain length. Chain adjusters (4) can be turned by 180°.

Finishing work

- Remove the motorcycle from the lift stand. (I p. 64)

12.37 Checking the chain, rear sprocket, engine sprocket, and chain guide

400227-01

Preparatory work

- Raise the motorcycle with a lift stand. (
p. 64)

Main work

- Shift the transmission into neutral.
- Check the chain, rear sprocket, and engine sprocket for wear.
 - » If the chain, rear sprocket or engine sprocket is worn:
 - Change the drivetrain kit. 🔌



Info

The engine sprocket, rear sprocket, and chain should always be replaced together.



Pull on the top section of the chain with the specified weight old A.

Guideline

Weight, chain wear measure-	10 15 kg (22 33 lb.)
ment	

Measure distance $\ensuremath{\mathbb{B}}$ of 18 chain rollers in the lower chain section.

• Info

Chain wear is not always even, so you should repeat this measurement at different chain positions.

Maximum distance B from	272 mm (10.71 in)
18 chain rollers at the	
longest chain section	

- » If distance 🚯 is greater than the specified measurement:
 - Change the drivetrain kit. 🔧



When a new chain is mounted, the rear sprocket and engine sprocket should also be changed. New chains wear out faster on old, worn sprockets.

- Check the chain sliding guard for wear.
 If the lower edge of the chain pins i
 - » If the lower edge of the chain pins is in line with, or below, the chain sliding guard:
 - Change the chain sliding guard. 🔌
 - Check that the chain sliding guard is firmly seated.
 - » If the chain sliding guard is loose:
 - Tighten screws on the chain sliding guard.
 Guideline

	aldenne		
	Screw, chain	M6	10 Nm (7.4 lbf ft)
1	sliding guard		Loctite®243™





- Check chain sliding piece for wear.
 - If the lower edge of the chain pins is in line with or below » the chain sliding piece:
 - Change the chain sliding piece. 🔌
- Check that the chain sliding piece is firmly seated. _
 - If the chain sliding piece is loose: »
 - Tighten screw on the chain sliding piece. _

Guideline		
Screw, chain slid-	M8	15 Nm
ing piece		(11.1 lbf ft)

400985-01

Check the chain guide for wear. _

•	Inf
	We

- O ear can be seen on the front of the chain guide.
- If the light part of the chain guide is worn:
 - Change the chain guide. 🔌 _



- Check that the chain guide is firmly seated. _
 - » If the chain guide is loose:
 - Tighten the screws on the chain guide. _ Guideline

aaraonno		
Remaining screws,	M6	10 Nm
chassis		(7.4 lbf ft)

Finishing work

Remove the motorcycle from the lift stand. (
p. 64) _

12.38 Checking the frame 🔧



12.39 Checking the link fork 🔌



- Check the frame for damage, cracks, and deformation.
 - » If the frame shows signs of damage, cracks, or deformation:
 - Change the frame.
 Guideline

Repairs on the frame are not permitted.

- Check the link fork for damage, cracks, and deformation.
 - » If the link fork shows signs of damage, cracks, or deformation:
 - Change the link fork. 🔌

Guideline

Repairs on the link fork are not permitted.

12.40 Checking the throttle cable routing

Preparatory work

- Remove the seat. (📖 p. 78)
- Remove the fuel tank. 🔌 (📖 p. 83)

Main work

Check the throttle cable routing.

Both throttle cables must be routed, side by side, on the back of the handlebars, above the fuel tank bracket on the right of the frame to the throttle valve body. Both throttle cables must be secured behind the rubber strap of the fuel tank support.

- » If the throttle cable is not routed as specified:
 - Correct the throttle cable routing.



Finishing work

- 🛛 Install the fuel tank. 🔌 (📖 p. 85)
- Mount the seat. (🕮 p. 78)

12.41 Checking the rubber grip





Check the rubber grips on the handlebar for damage, wear, and looseness.

Info

The rubber grips are vulcanized onto a sleeve on the left and onto the handle tube of the throttle grip on the right. The left sleeve is clamped onto the handlebar. The rubber grip can only be replaced with the sleeve or the throttle tube.

- » If a rubber grip is damaged or worn:
 Change the rubber grip.
- Check that screw 1 is firmly seated.

Guideline

Screw, fixed grip	M4	5 Nm (3.7 lbf ft) Loctite®243™
Diamond A mus ure.	t be positioned vi	isibly as shown in the fig-

12.42 Adjusting the basic position of the clutch lever



Adjust the basic position of the clutch lever to your hand size by turning adjusting screw **1**.

Info

i

_

Turn the adjusting screw counterclockwise to decrease the distance between the clutch lever and the handlebar.

Turn the adjusting screw clockwise to increase the distance between the clutch lever and the handlebar. The range of adjustment is limited.

Turn the adjusting screw by hand only, and do not apply any force.

Do not make any adjustments while riding.



Warning

Skin irritation Brake fluid causes skin irritation.

- Keep brake fluid out of the reach of children.
- Wear suitable protective clothing and safety glasses.
- Do not allow brake fluid to come into contact with the skin, the eyes or clothing.
- Consult a doctor immediately if brake fluid has been swallowed.
- Rinse the affected area with plenty of water in the event of contact with the skin.
- Rinse eyes thoroughly with water immediately and consult a doctor if brake fluid comes into contact with the eyes.
- If brake fluid spills on to your clothing, change the clothing.

Note

Environmental hazard Hazardous substances cause environmental damage.

Dispose of oils, grease, filters, fuel, cleaning agents, brake fluid, etc., correctly and in compliance with the applicable regulations.

Info

The fluid level rises with increasing wear of the clutch facing discs.

Never use DOT 5 brake fluid. It is silicone-based and purple in color. Oil seals and clutch lines are not designed for DOT 5 brake fluid.

Avoid contact between brake fluid and painted parts. Brake fluid attacks paint.

Only use clean brake fluid from a sealed container.



- Move the clutch fluid reservoir mounted on the handlebar to a horizontal position.
- Remove screws 1.
- Remove cover **2** with membrane **3**.
- Check the fluid level.

Fluid level below container	4 mm (0.16 in)
rim	

If the level of the fluid does not meet specifications:

Correct the fluid level of the hydraulic clutch. _

Brake fluid DOT 4 / DOT 5.1 (I p. 168)

Position the cover with the membrane. Mount and tighten the screws.



Info

Clean up overflowed or spilled brake fluid immediately with water.

12.44 Changing the hydraulic clutch fluid 🔧



Warning

Skin irritation Brake fluid causes skin irritation.

- Keep brake fluid out of the reach of children.
- Wear suitable protective clothing and safety glasses.
- Do not allow brake fluid to come into contact with the skin, the eyes or clothing.
- Consult a doctor immediately if brake fluid has been swallowed.
- Rinse the affected area with plenty of water in the event of contact with the skin.
- Rinse eyes thoroughly with water immediately and consult a doctor if brake fluid comes into contact with the eyes.
- If brake fluid spills on to your clothing, change the clothing.

B Note

Environmental hazard Hazardous substances cause environmental damage.

 Dispose of oils, grease, filters, fuel, cleaning agents, brake fluid, etc., correctly and in compliance with the applicable regulations.

Info

Never use DOT 5 brake fluid. It is silicone-based and purple in color. Oil seals and clutch lines are not designed for DOT 5 brake fluid.

Avoid contact between brake fluid and painted parts. Brake fluid attacks paint. Only use clean brake fluid from a sealed container.



- Move the clutch fluid reservoir mounted on the handlebar to a horizontal position.
- Remove screws 1.
- Take off cover **2** with membrane **3**.



- Fill bleeding syringe $\mathbf{4}$ with the appropriate hydraulic fluid.

Syring	ge (50329050000)
Brake	e fluid DOT 4 / DOT 5.1 (📖 p. 168)

On the clutch slave cylinder, remove bleeder protection cap, release the bleeder screw (5) and mount bleeding syringe (4).



- Now press the fluid into the system until it emerges from the hole (3) of the master cylinder without bubbles.
- Now and then, extract fluid from the master cylinder reservoir to prevent overflow.
- Remove the bleeding syringe. Tighten the bleeder screw. Mount protection cap.
- Correct the fluid level of the hydraulic clutch.

Guideline

_

Fluid level below container	4 mm (0.16 in)
rim	

- Position cover with membrane. Mount and tighten screws.
 - lnfo

Clean up overflowed or spilled brake fluid immediately with water.

12.45 Removing the engine guard (All special models)



Remove screws ① and engine guard.

12.46 Installing the engine guard (All special models)



- Attach the engine guard on the frame at the rear and swing up at the front.
- Mount and tighten screws ①.
 Guideline

Remaining screws,	M6	10 Nm (7.4 lbf ft)
chassis		

13.1 Checking the free travel of the hand brake lever

Warning

Danger of accidents The brake system fails in the event of overheating.

- If there is no free travel on the hand brake lever, pressure builds up on the front brake circuit.
- Set the free travel on the hand brake lever in accordance with the specification.



(All EXC models)

Push the hand brake lever to the handlebar and check free travel A.

Free travel of hand brake	≥ 3 mm (≥ 0.12 in)
lever	

» If the free travel does not match the specification:
 Adjust the free travel of the handbrake lever.
 (I p. 97)

(All XC-W models)



Push the hand brake lever forward and check free travel A.

Free travel of hand brake lever	≥ 3 mm (≥ 0.12 in)	
If the free troughdoes not match the aposition		

If the free travel does not match the specification:
 Adjust the basic position of the hand brake lever.
 (I) p. 98)

13.2 Adjusting the free travel of the handbrake lever (All EXC models)



- Check the free travel of the hand brake lever. (and p. 97
 arrow 100
 arrow
- Adjust the free travel of the handbrake lever with adjustment screw **1**.

Info

- Turn the adjusting screw clockwise to reduce free travel. The pressure point moves away from the handlebar.
- Turn the adjusting screw counterclockwise to increase free travel. The pressure point moves towards the handlebar.
- The range of adjustment is limited.

Turn the adjusting screw by hand only, and do not apply any force.

Do not make any adjustments while riding.

13.3 Adjusting the basic position of the hand brake lever (All XC-W models)



- Check the free travel of the hand brake lever. (I p. 97)
- Adjust the basic position of the hand brake lever to your hand size by turning adjusting screw **1**.

Info

Turn the adjusting screw clockwise to increase the distance between the hand brake lever and the handlebar.

Turn the adjusting screw counterclockwise to decrease the distance between the hand brake lever and the handlebar.

The range of adjustment is limited.

Turn the adjusting screw by hand only, and do not apply any force.

Do not make any adjustments while riding.

13.4 Checking the brake discs



Warning

Danger of accidents Worn-out brake discs reduce the braking effect.

 Make sure that worn-out brake discs are replaced immediately. (Your authorized KTM workshop will be glad to help.)



- Check the front and rear brake disc thickness at multiple points for the dimension **A**.

• Info

Wear reduces the thickness of the brake disc around the contact surface of the brake linings.

Brake discs - wear limit (All standard XC-W models, All stan- dard EXC models)			
front 2.5 mm (0.098 in)			
rear 3.5 mm (0.138 in)			
Brake discs - wear limit (All special models)			
front 2.5 mm (0.098 in)			
rear 3.7 mm (0.146 in)			

- » If the brake disc thickness is less than the specified value:
 - Change the front brake disc.
 - Change the rear brake disc. 🔌
- Check the front and rear brake discs for damage, cracking, and deformation.
 - » If the brake disc exhibits damage, cracking, or deformation:
 - Change the front brake disc. 🔌
 - Change the rear brake disc. 🔌

13.5 Checking the front brake fluid level

Warning

Danger of accidents An insufficient brake fluid level will cause the brake system to fail. If the brake fluid level drops below the specified marking or the specified value, the brake system is leaking or the brake linings are worn down.

 Check the brake system and do not continue riding until the problem is eliminated. (Your authorized KTM workshop will be glad to help.)

Warning

Danger of accidents Old brake fluid reduces the braking effect.

 Make sure that brake fluid for the front and rear brake is changed in accordance with the service schedule. (Your authorized KTM workshop will be glad to help.)



- Move the brake fluid reservoir mounted on the handlebar to a horizontal position.
- Check the brake fluid level in level viewer 1.
 - If the brake fluid level has dropped below marking A in the level viewer:

13.6 Adding front brake fluid 🔌



Warning

Danger of accidents An insufficient brake fluid level will cause the brake system to fail.

If the brake fluid level drops below the specified marking or the specified value, the brake system is leaking or the brake linings are worn down.

 Check the brake system and do not continue riding until the problem is eliminated. (Your authorized KTM workshop will be glad to help.)



Warning

Skin irritation Brake fluid causes skin irritation.

- Keep brake fluid out of the reach of children.
- Wear suitable protective clothing and safety glasses.
- Do not allow brake fluid to come into contact with the skin, the eyes or clothing.
- Consult a doctor immediately if brake fluid has been swallowed.
- Rinse the affected area with plenty of water in the event of contact with the skin.
- Rinse eyes thoroughly with water immediately and consult a doctor if brake fluid comes into contact with the eyes.
- If brake fluid spills on to your clothing, change the clothing.



Warning

Danger of accidents Old brake fluid reduces the braking effect.

 Make sure that brake fluid for the front and rear brake is changed in accordance with the service schedule. (Your authorized KTM workshop will be glad to help.)



z Note

Environmental hazard Hazardous substances cause environmental damage.

 Dispose of oils, grease, filters, fuel, cleaning agents, brake fluid, etc., correctly and in compliance with the applicable regulations.

Info

Never use DOT 5 brake fluid. It is silicone-based and purple in color. Oil seals and brake lines are not designed for DOT 5 brake fluid.

Avoid contact between brake fluid and painted parts. Brake fluid attacks paint. Only use clean brake fluid from a sealed container.

Preparatory work

- Check the front brake linings. (🕮 p. 100)

Main work

- Move the brake fluid reservoir mounted on the handlebar to a horizontal position.
- Remove screws 1.
- Take off cover 2 with membrane 3.
- Add brake fluid to level 🚯.

Guideline



Position the cover with the membrane. Mount and tighten the screws.

• Info

Immediately clean up any brake fluid that has overflowed or spilled using water.

13.7 Checking the front brake linings

2)

3

Warning

_

Danger of accidents Worn-out brake linings reduce the braking effect.

Α

E01225-10

Ensure that worn-out brake linings are replaced immediately. (Your authorized KTM workshop will be glad to help.)



- Check the brake linings for minimum thickness A.
 Minimum thickness A ≥ 1 mm (≥ 0.04 in)
 » If the minimum thickness is less than specified:

 Change the brake linings of the front brake.
 (I p. 101)

 Check the brake linings for damage and cracking.
 - » If damage or wear is encountered:

13.8 Changing the brake linings of the front brake 🔌

Warning

Danger of accidents Incorrect servicing will cause the brake system to fail.

 Ensure that service work and repairs are performed professionally. (Your authorized KTM workshop will be glad to help.)



Warning

Skin irritation Brake fluid causes skin irritation.

- Keep brake fluid out of the reach of children.
- Wear suitable protective clothing and safety glasses.
- Do not allow brake fluid to come into contact with the skin, the eyes or clothing.
- Consult a doctor immediately if brake fluid has been swallowed.
- Rinse the affected area with plenty of water in the event of contact with the skin.
- Rinse eyes thoroughly with water immediately and consult a doctor if brake fluid comes into contact with the eyes.
- If brake fluid spills on to your clothing, change the clothing.



Warning

Danger of accidents Old brake fluid reduces the braking effect.

 Make sure that brake fluid for the front and rear brake is changed in accordance with the service schedule. (Your authorized KTM workshop will be glad to help.)



Warning

Danger of accidents Oil or grease on the brake discs reduces the braking effect.

- Always keep the brake discs free of oil and grease.
- Clean the brake discs with brake cleaner when necessary.

Warning

Danger of accidents Brake linings which have not been approved alter the braking efficiency.

Not all brake linings are tested and approved for KTM motorcycles. The structure and friction coefficient of the brake linings, and thus their brake power, may vary greatly from that of original brake linings. If brake linings are used that differ from the original equipment, compliance with the original homologation is not guaranteed. In this case, the vehicle no longer corresponds to its condition at delivery and the manufacturer warranty shall be void.

- Only use brake linings approved and recommended by KTM.



Note

Environmental hazard Hazardous substances cause environmental damage.

- Dispose of oils, grease, filters, fuel, cleaning agents, brake fluid, etc., correctly and in compliance with the applicable regulations.



Never use DOT 5 brake fluid. It is silicone-based and purple in color. Oil seals and brake lines are not designed for DOT 5 brake fluid.

Avoid contact between brake fluid and painted parts. Brake fluid corrodes paint. Only use clean brake fluid from a sealed container.

13 BRAKE SYSTEM



- Move the brake fluid reservoir mounted on the handlebar to a horizontal position.
- Remove screws 1.
- Take off cover **2** with membrane **3**.
- Manually press the brake caliper toward the brake disc to push back the brake pistons. Ensure that brake fluid does not flow out of the brake fluid reservoir, extract some if necessary.

Info

- Remove cotter pin (4), pull out pin (5), and remove the brake linings.
- Clean the brake caliper and the brake caliper bracket.









Check that spring plate (6) in the brake caliper and brake lining sliding plate (7) in the brake caliper bracket are seated correctly.

Insert the new brake linings, insert the pin, and mount the cotter pins.



Always change the brake linings in pairs.

- Operate the hand brake lever repeatedly until the brake linings are in contact with the brake disc and there is a pressure point.
- Correct the brake fluid level to level (A).

Guideline

Level (A) (brake fluid level below reservoir rim)	5 mm (0.2 in)	
Brake fluid DOT 4 / DOT 5.1 (💷 p. 168)		

Position the cover with the membrane. Mount and tighten the screws.

Make sure that you do not press the brake caliper against the spokes when pushing back the brake pistons.

Info

Use water to immediately clean up any brake fluid that has overflowed or spilled.

13.9 Checking the free travel of foot brake lever

Warning

Danger of accidents The brake system fails in the event of overheating.

If there is no free travel on the foot brake lever, pressure builds up in the brake system on the rear brake.

Set the free travel on the foot brake lever in accordance with the specification.



13.10 Adjusting the basic position of the foot brake lever 🔌

Warning

Danger of accidents The brake system fails in the event of overheating.

If there is no free travel on the foot brake lever, pressure builds up in the brake system on the rear brake.

- Set the free travel on the foot brake lever in accordance with the specification.



Detach spring **①**.



- Loosen nut **2** and, with push rod **3**, turn it back until you have maximum free travel.
- To adjust the basic position of the foot brake lever to individual requirements, loosen nut 4 and turn screw 5 accordingly.

• Info

- The range of adjustment is limited.
- Turn push rod ③ accordingly until you have free travel ④. If necessary, adjust the basic position of the foot brake lever. Guideline

Free travel at foot brake lever 3 ... 5 mm (0.12 ... 0.2 in)

- Hold screw (5) and tighten nut (4).

Guideline

Nut, foot brake lever	M8	20 Nm (14.8 lbf ft)
stop		

Hold push rod ${f 3}$ and tighten nut ${f 2}$.

Guideline

Remaining nuts, chassis	M6	10 Nm (7.4 lbf ft)

Attach spring 1.

◀

13.11 Checking the rear brake fluid level

Warning

Danger of accidents An insufficient brake fluid level will cause the brake system to fail. If the brake fluid level drops below the specified marking or the specified value, the brake system is leaking or the brake linings are worn down.

 Check the brake system and do not continue riding until the problem is eliminated. (Your authorized KTM workshop will be glad to help.)



Warning

Danger of accidents Old brake fluid reduces the braking effect.

 Make sure that brake fluid for the front and rear brake is changed in accordance with the service schedule. (Your authorized KTM workshop will be glad to help.)



- Stand the vehicle upright.
- Check the brake fluid level in the viewer 1.
 - » If the fluid has dropped below marking **(A)** in the level viewer:
 - Add rear brake fluid. 🔌 (🕮 p. 105)

13.12 Adding rear brake fluid 🔧

Warning

Danger of accidents An insufficient brake fluid level will cause the brake system to fail.

If the brake fluid level drops below the specified marking or the specified value, the brake system is leaking or the brake linings are worn down.

 Check the brake system and do not continue riding until the problem is eliminated. (Your authorized KTM workshop will be glad to help.)

Warning

Skin irritation Brake fluid causes skin irritation.

- Keep brake fluid out of the reach of children.
- Wear suitable protective clothing and safety glasses.
- Do not allow brake fluid to come into contact with the skin, the eyes or clothing.
- Consult a doctor immediately if brake fluid has been swallowed.
- Rinse the affected area with plenty of water in the event of contact with the skin.
- Rinse eyes thoroughly with water immediately and consult a doctor if brake fluid comes into contact with the eyes.
- If brake fluid spills on to your clothing, change the clothing.

Warning

Danger of accidents Old brake fluid reduces the braking effect.

 Make sure that brake fluid for the front and rear brake is changed in accordance with the service schedule. (Your authorized KTM workshop will be glad to help.)

Note

Environmental hazard Hazardous substances cause environmental damage.

 Dispose of oils, grease, filters, fuel, cleaning agents, brake fluid, etc., correctly and in compliance with the applicable regulations.

Info

Never use DOT 5 brake fluid. It is silicone-based and purple in color. Oil seals and brake lines are not designed for DOT 5 brake fluid.

Avoid contact between brake fluid and painted parts. Brake fluid attacks paint. Only use clean brake fluid from a sealed container.



Preparatory work

- Check the brake linings of the rear brake. (📖 p. 106)

Main work

- Stand the vehicle upright.
- Remove screw cap 1 with membrane 2 and the O-ring.
- Add brake fluid to level A.

Brake fluid DOT 4 / DOT 5.1 (🕮 p. 168)

 Mount and tighten the screw cap with the membrane and Oring.

Info

Clean up overflowed or spilled brake fluid immediately with water.

13.13 Checking the brake linings of the rear brake

Warning

Danger of accidents Worn-out brake linings reduce the braking effect.

Ensure that worn-out brake linings are replaced immediately. (Your authorized KTM workshop will be glad to help.)



- - » If damage or wear is encountered:
 - Change the rear brake linings. 🔌 (🕮 p. 106)

13.14 Changing the rear brake linings 🔌



Warning

Danger of accidents Incorrect servicing will cause the brake system to fail.

 Ensure that service work and repairs are performed professionally. (Your authorized KTM workshop will be glad to help.)

Warning

Skin irritation Brake fluid causes skin irritation.

- Keep brake fluid out of the reach of children.
- Wear suitable protective clothing and safety glasses.
- Do not allow brake fluid to come into contact with the skin, the eyes or clothing.
- Consult a doctor immediately if brake fluid has been swallowed.
- Rinse the affected area with plenty of water in the event of contact with the skin.
- Rinse eyes thoroughly with water immediately and consult a doctor if brake fluid comes into contact with the eyes.
- If brake fluid spills on to your clothing, change the clothing.



Warning

Danger of accidents Old brake fluid reduces the braking effect.

 Make sure that brake fluid for the front and rear brake is changed in accordance with the service schedule. (Your authorized KTM workshop will be glad to help.)

Warning

Danger of accidents Brake linings which have not been approved alter the braking efficiency.

Not all brake linings are tested and approved for KTM motorcycles. The structure and friction coefficient of the brake linings, and thus their brake power, may vary greatly from that of original brake linings. If brake linings are used that differ from the original equipment, compliance with the original homologation is not guaranteed. In this case, the vehicle no longer corresponds to its condition at delivery and the manufacturer warranty shall be void.

- Only use brake linings approved and recommended by KTM.
B Note

Environmental hazard Hazardous substances cause environmental damage.

 Dispose of oils, grease, filters, fuel, cleaning agents, brake fluid, etc., correctly and in compliance with the applicable regulations.

Info

Never use DOT 5 brake fluid. It is silicone-based and purple in color. Oil seals and brake lines are not designed for DOT 5 brake fluid.

Avoid contact between brake fluid and painted parts. Brake fluid corrodes paint. Only use clean brake fluid from a sealed container.

_





- Position the vehicle vertically.
- Remove screw cap **1** with membrane **2** and the O-ring.
- Press the brake piston back into the basic position and ensure that brake fluid does not flow out of the brake fluid reservoir; extract some if necessary.

Info

Make sure that you do not press the brake caliper against the spokes when pushing back the brake piston.

- Remove cotter pin **3**, pull out pin **4**, and remove the brake linings.
- Clean the brake caliper and the brake caliper bracket.



Check that spring plate **(5)** in the brake caliper and brake pad sliding plate **(6)** in the brake caliper bracket are seated correctly.

 Insert the new brake linings, insert the pin, and mount the cotter pins.



E00353-01

Always change the brake linings in pairs.

Operate the foot brake lever repeatedly until the brake linings are in contact with the brake disc and there is a pressure point.



- Correct brake fluid level to marking (A).

Brake fluid DOT 4 / DOT 5.1 (🕮 p. 168)

Mount screw cap 🚺 with membrane 2 and O-ring.

• Info

Use water to immediately clean up any brake fluid that has overflowed or spilled.

14.1 Removing the front wheel 🔧







Preparatory work

- Raise the motorcycle with a lift stand. (E p. 64)

Main work

 Manually press the brake caliper toward the brake disc to push back the brake pistons.



Make sure that you do not press the brake caliper against the spokes when pushing back the brake pistons.

- Loosen screw 1 by several rotations.
- Loosen screws **2**.
- Press on screw **1** to push the wheel spindle out of the axle clamp.
- Remove screw 1.



Warning

Danger of accidents Damaged brake discs reduce the braking effect.

- Always lay the wheel down in such a way that the brake disc is not damaged.
- Hold the front wheel and remove the wheel spindle. Take the front wheel out of the fork.



Do not actuate the hand brake lever when the front wheel is removed.



(All Standard and SIX DAYS models)

Remove spacers 3.



14.2 Installing the front wheel 🔌

Warning

- Danger of accidents Oil or grease on the brake discs reduces the braking effect.
- Always keep the brake discs free of oil and grease.
- Clean the brake discs with brake cleaner when necessary.



(All Standard and SIX DAYS models)

(All ERZBERGRODEO models)

_

- Check the wheel bearing for damage and wear.
 - » If the wheel bearing is damaged or worn:

Remove spacer **3** and brake disc guard **4**.

- Change front wheel bearing. 🔌
- Clean and grease shaft seal rings 1 and contact surfaces (A) of the spacers.
- Long-life grease (🕮 p. 170)
- Insert the spacers.
- Clean and grease the wheel spindle.

Long-life grease (🕮 p. 170)

- Jack up the front wheel into the fork, position it, and insert the wheel spindle.
 - ✓ The brake linings are correctly positioned.

(All ERZBERGRODEO models)

- Check the wheel bearing for damage and wear.
 - » If the wheel bearing is damaged or worn:
 - Change front wheel bearing. 🔌
- Clean and grease shaft seal rings 1 and contact surfaces (A) of the spacers.
- Long-life grease (🕮 p. 170)
- Insert the spacer and brake disc guard.
- Clean and grease the wheel spindle.

Long-life grease (🕮 p. 170)

- Position the front wheel and insert the wheel spindle.
- ✓ The brake linings are correctly positioned.



WHEELS, TIRES 14



- 301033-10 301033-10 301033-10
- Align the brake disc guard so that distance **B** and **C** are equal in size.

Mount and tighten screw 2.
 Guideline

Screw, front wheel	M20x1.5	35 Nm (25.8 lbf ft)
spindle		

- Operate the hand brake lever several times until the brake linings are seated correctly against the brake disc.
- Remove the motorcycle from the lift stand. (E) p. 64)
- Operate the front brake and compress the fork a few times firmly.
 - ✓ The fork legs straighten.
- Tighten screws 🕄.

Guideline

	Screw, fork stub	M8	15 Nm (11.1 lbf ft)
--	------------------	----	---------------------

14.3 Removing the rear wheel 🔧



Preparatory work

- Raise the motorcycle with a lift stand. (IP p. 64)

Main work

i

Manually press the brake caliper toward the brake disc to push back the brake piston.

Info

Make sure that you do not press the brake caliper against the spokes when pushing back the brake piston.

- Remove nut 1.

- Take off chain adjuster **2**. Pull out wheel spindle **3** far enough to allow the rear wheel to be pushed forward.
- Push the rear wheel forward as far as possible. Remove the chain from the rear sprocket.

• Info

Cover the components to protect them against damage.



Warning

Danger of accidents Damaged brake discs reduce the braking effect.

- Always lay the wheel down in such a way that the brake disc is not damaged.
- Hold the rear wheel and remove the wheel spindle. Take the rear wheel out of the link fork.



Do not operate the foot brake lever when the rear wheel is removed.





14.4 Installing the rear wheel A

Warning

Danger of accidents Oil or grease on the brake discs reduces the braking effect.

- Always keep the brake discs free of oil and grease.
- Clean the brake discs with brake cleaner when necessary.



Main work

- Check the wheel bearing for damage and wear.
 - » If the wheel bearing is damaged or worn:
 - Change the rear wheel bearing. 🔌
- Clean and grease shaft seal rings 1 and contact surfaces A of the spacers.

Long-life grease (🕮 p. 170)

Insert the spacers.

Clean and grease the wheel spindle.

Long-life grease (🕮 p. 170)

WHEELS, TIRES 14



- Position rear wheel and insert wheel spindle 2.
 Mount the chain.
 - ✓ The brake linings are correctly positioned.
- Position chain adjuster ③. Mount nut ④, but do not tighten it yet.
- Make sure that chain adjusters ③ are fitted correctly on adjusting screws ⑤.
- Check the chain tension. (🕮 p. 87)
- Tighten nut 4.
 - Guideline

Nut, rear wheel spin-	M20x1.5	80 Nm (59 lbf ft)
dle		

Info

- The wide adjustment range of the chain adjusters (32 mm (1.26 in)) enables different secondary ratios with the same chain length. Chain adjusters (3) can be turned by 180°.
- Operate the foot brake lever repeatedly until the brake lin-
- ings are in contact with the brake disc and there is a pressure point.

Finishing work

- Remove the motorcycle from the lift stand. (IP p. 64)

14.5 Checking the tire condition

lnfo

Only mount tires approved and/or recommended by KTM.

Other tires could have a negative effect on handling characteristics.

The type, condition, and pressure of the tires all have a major impact on the handling characteristic of the motorcycle.

Worn tires have a negative effect on handling characteristics, especially on wet surfaces.



- Check the front and rear tires for cuts, embedded objects, and other damage.
 - » If the tires have cuts, run-in objects, or other damage:
 Change the tires. ◄
 - Check the tread depth.



- » If the tread depth is less than the minimum tread depth:
 Change the tires. ◄
- Check the tire age.

• Info

The tire date of manufacture is usually contained in the tire label and is indicated by the last four digits of the **DOT** number. The first two digits indicate the week of manufacture and the last two digits the year of manufacture. KTM recommends that the tires be changed after 5

years at the latest, regardless of the actual state of wear.

- If the tires are more than 5 years old:
 - Change the tires. 🔧

14.6 Checking tire pressure

DOT EB OV 0208 1215

H01144-01

• Info

Low tire pressure leads to abnormal wear and overheating of the tire. Correct tire pressure ensures optimal riding comfort and maximum tire service life.



- Remove protection cap.
- Check tire pressure when the tires are cold.

Street tire pressure (All EXC models)	
front	2.0 bar (29 psi)
rear	2.0 bar (29 psi)
Offroad tire pressure	
front	1.0 bar (15 psi)
rear	1.0 bar (15 psi)

- If the tire pressure does not meet specifications:
 - Correct tire pressure.
- Mount the protection cap.

14.7 Checking spoke tension



Warning

Danger of accidents Incorrectly tensioned spokes impair the handling characteristic and result in secondary damage.

The spokes break due to being overloaded if they are too tightly tensioned. If the tension in the spokes is too low, then lateral and radial run-out will form in the wheel. Other spokes will become looser as a result.

 Check spoke tension regularly, and in particular on a new vehicle. (Your authorized KTM workshop will be glad to help.)



Strike each spoke briefly using a screwdriver blade.

Info

i

The frequency of the sound depends on the spoke length and spoke diameter. If you hear different tone frequencies from different

spokes of equal length and diameter, this is an indication of different spoke tensions.

You should hear a high note.

- » If the spoke tension differs:
 - Correct the spoke tension. 🔌
- Check the spoke torque.

Guideline

_

Spoke nipple, front wheel	M4.5	6 Nm (4.4 lbf ft)
Spoke nipple, rear wheel	M4.5	6 Nm (4.4 lbf ft)
Torque wrench kit (58429094000)		

15.1 Removing the 12-V battery 🔧

A Note

Environmental hazard 12 V batteries contain environmentally hazardous materials.

- Do not dispose of 12 V batteries as household waste.
- Dispose of 12 V batteries at a collection point for used batteries.



Note

Environmental hazard Hazardous substances cause environmental damage.

Dispose of oils, grease, filters, fuel, cleaning agents, brake fluid, etc., correctly and in compliance with the applicable regulations.



Remove the seat. (I p. 78)

Warning





Risk of injury 12 V batteries contain harmful substances.

- Keep 12 V batteries out of the reach of children.
- Keep sparks and open flames away from 12 V batteries.
- Only charge 12 V batteries in well-ventilated rooms.
- Maintain a minimum clearance from inflammable materials when charging 12 V batteries.
 Minimum clearance 1 m (3 ft)
- Do not charge deeply discharged 12 V batteries if the charge is already below the minimum voltage.
 Minimum voltage before 9 V the start of the charge
- Dispose of 12 V batteries with less than the minimum voltage correctly.
- Disconnect negative cable ① from the 12-V battery.
- Pull back positive terminal cover ② and disconnect the positive cable from the 12-V battery.
- Pull EFI control unit 3 upward off rubber lugs 4 and hang to the side.



ELECTRICAL SYSTEM 15

- Pull off starter relay **(5)** and fuse box **(6)** from the battery compartment and hang to the side.



6

- Detach wiring harness **7**, disconnect relays **8** and plug **9**, and hang to the side.

Remove screw and detach the battery compartment.
Lift out the 12-V battery.



15.2 Installing the 12-V battery 🔧





Main work

_

 Insert the 12 V battery into the battery compartment with the terminals facing forward and secure with holding bracket ①.

163)

	12-V battery (HJTZ5S-FP-C) (📖 p.	
--	----------------------------------	--

Mount and tighten screw **2**.

ĺ	Remaining screws,	M6	10 Nm (7.4 lbf ft)
	chassis		

Place relays ③ and connector ④ on the battery compartment and attach the wiring harness ⑤.





Attach starter relay (6) and fuse box (7) to the battery compartment.

- Secure EFI control unit ③ with the rubber lugs ④.



Connect positive cable 12-V battery.
 Guideline

Screw, battery termi- nal		M5	2.5 Nm (1.84 lbf ft)
			(1.84 lbf ft)
			L
i			d under screw ① and rd the battery termi-
Slide	positive terminal o	cover 🔞 over the	e positive terminal.

- Connect negative cable 12 to the 12-V battery.

Guideline

Screw, battery termi-	M5	2.5 Nm
nal		(1.84 lbf ft)

Finishing work

– Mount the seat. (🕮 p. 78)

15.3 Charging the 12-V battery 🔌

Warning

- **Risk of injury** 12 V batteries contain harmful substances.
- Keep 12 V batteries out of the reach of children.
- Keep sparks and open flames away from 12 V batteries.
- Only charge 12 V batteries in well-ventilated rooms.
- Maintain a minimum clearance from inflammable materials when charging 12 V batteries.
 Minimum clearance 1 m (3 ft)
- Do not charge deeply discharged 12 V batteries if the charge is already below the minimum voltage.
 Minimum voltage before the start of the charge
 9 V
- Dispose of 12 V batteries with less than the minimum voltage correctly.

Note

Environmental hazard 12 V batteries contain environmentally hazardous materials.

- Do not dispose of 12 V batteries as household waste.
- Dispose of 12 V batteries at a collection point for used batteries.

Note Enviro

Environmental hazard Hazardous substances cause environmental damage.

- Dispose of oils, grease, filters, fuel, cleaning agents, brake fluid, etc., correctly and in compliance with the applicable regulations.

e Info

Even if there is no load on the 12-V battery, it discharges each day. The charging level and the method of charging are very important for the service life of the 12-V battery. Rapid recharging with a high charging current shortens the service life of the battery. If the charging current or charging voltage are exceeded, the 12-V battery will be destroyed. If the 12-V battery is depleted by repeated starting, the 12-V battery must be charged immediately. If the 12-V battery is left in a discharged state for an extended period, it will become deeply discharged and suffer a loss of capacity, destroying the battery. The 12-V battery is maintenance-free.

Preparatory work

- Remove the seat. (I p. 78)
- Remove the 12-V battery. 🔌 💷 p. 116)

Main work

- Check the battery voltage.
 - » Battery voltage: < 9 V
 - Do not charge the 12-V battery.
 - Replace the 12-V battery and dispose of the old 12-V battery properly.
 - » If the specifications have been met: Battery voltage: ≥ 9 V
 - Charge the 12-V battery.
 - Guideline

The charging current, char time must not be exceeded	ging voltage, and charging d.
Maximum charging volt- age	14.4 V
Maximum charging cur- rent	3.0 A
Maximum charging time	24 h
Recharge the 12-V bat- tery regularly when the motorcycle is not being used	6 months

Battery charger (79629974000)

This battery charger tests whether the 12-V battery retains its voltage. It is also impossible to overcharge the 12-V battery with this battery charger. The charging time may be longer at low temperatures.

This battery charger is only suitable for lithium iron phosphate batteries. Read the accompanying **KTM Power Parts** instructions.



 Switch off the battery charger after charging and disconnect it from the 12-V battery.

Finishing work

- Install the 12-V battery. 🔌 💷 p. 118)
- Mount the seat. (💷 p. 78)



15.4 Changing main fuse

Warning

Fire hazard Incorrect fuses overload the electrical system.

- Only use fuses with the required ampere value.
- Do not bypass or repair fuses.

Info

The main fuse protects all electrical power consumers of the vehicle.

S04883-11

Preparatory work

Remove the seat. (I p. 78)

Main work

 Pull EFI control unit 1 upward off the rubber lugs 2 and hang to the side.







- Take off protection caps 4.
- Remove faulty main fuse **5**.

Info

- A faulty fuse has a burned-out fuse wire **A**. A spare fuse **6** is located in the starter relay.
- Insert a new main fuse.

Fuse (58011109120) (🕮 p. 163)

- Check that the electrical system is functioning properly.

• Tip

Insert a spare fuse so that it is available if needed.

- Attach the protection caps 4.
- Mount starter relay 🕄 onto the holder and route the cable.

15 ELECTRICAL SYSTEM



Mount the EFI control unit 1 on the rubber lugs 2.

Finishing work − Mount the seat. (≅ p. 78)

15.5 Changing the fuses of individual electrical power consumers

• Info The

The fuse box containing the fuses of individual electrical power consumers is located under the seat.



Preparatory work

- Remove the seat. (🕮 p. 78)

Main work

- Open fuse box cover $\mathbf{1}$.
- Remove the faulty fuse.
 - Guideline

(All EXC models)

	Fuse 1 - 10 A - EFI control unit, lambda sensor, oil pump, combination instrument, electronic fuel injection, diagnostics connector	
	Fuse 2 - 10 A - horn, brake light, radiator fan (optional), turn signal (optional)	
	Fuse 3 - 10 A - high beam, low beam, position light, tail light, license plate lamp	
	Fuse 4 - 5 A - fuel pump	
(All	II XC-W models)	
	Fuse 1 - 10 A - EFI control unit, oil pump, combination instrument, electronic fuel injection, diagnostics connector	
	Fuse 2 - 10 A - radiator fan (optional)	

Fuse ${\bf 3}$ - 10 A - low beam, position light, tail light

Fuse 4 - 5 A - fuel pump

Fuses res - 10 A - spare fuse

• Info A fai

A faulty fuse has a burned-out fuse wire A.



Warning

Fire hazard Incorrect fuses overload the electrical system.

- Only use fuses with the required ampere value.
- Do not bypass or repair fuses.
- Insert the spare fuse with the correct rating.

Fuse (75011088010) (🕮 p. 163)
Fuse (75011088005) (🕮 p. 163)

Tip

Put a spare fuse in the fuse box so that it is available if needed.

- Check the function of the electrical power consumer.
- Close the fuse box cover 1.

Finishing work

– Mount the seat. (🕮 p. 78)

15.6 Removing the headlight mask with the headlight



- Detach the brake line and wiring harness from the headlight mask.
- Loosen rubber strap ①. Slide the headlight mask up and swing it forward.



(All EXC models)

- Detach plug-in connectors **2** and take off the headlight mask with the headlight.

(All XC-W models)

- Disconnect plug-in connector **2** and take off the head-light mask together with the headlight.



15.7



Installing the headlight mask with the headlight

Main work (All EXC models)

- Join plug-in connectors 1.

(All XC-W models) – Join plug-in connector ①.

- E00357-11
- Position the headlight mask and secure it with rubber straps 2.

✓ The holding lugs engage in the fender.

Position the brake line and wiring harness in the brake line guide.

Finishing work

- Check the headlight setting. (E p. 126)

15.8 Changing the headlight bulb

Note

Damage to reflector Grease on the reflector reduces the light intensity.

Grease on the bulb will evaporate due to the heat and be deposited on the reflector.

- Clean and degrease the bulbs before mounting.
- Do not touch the bulbs with your bare hands.

Preparatory work

Remove the headlight mask with the headlight. (IP p. 123)

124



Main work

- Turn protection cap ① together with the underlying bulb socket counterclockwise all the way and remove it.
- Pull bulb socket **2** of the position light out of the reflector.
- Pull out headlight bulb 3.
- Insert the new headlight bulb.

Headlight (HS1	/socket BX43t)) (🕮 p. 163)	
----------------	----------------	--------------	--

 Insert the protection cap with the bulb socket into the reflector and turn it clockwise all the way.

• Info

- Ensure that O-ring **4** is seated properly.
- Insert the bulb socket of the position light into the reflector.

Finishing work

_

- Install the headlight mask with the headlight. (🕮 p. 124)
- Check the headlight setting. (🕮 p. 126)

15.9 Changing the turn signal bulb (All EXC models)

Note

Damage to reflector Grease on the reflector reduces the light intensity.

4

E00359-10

Grease on the bulb will evaporate due to the heat and be deposited on the reflector.

- Clean and degrease the bulbs before mounting.
- Do not touch the bulbs with your bare hands.

15 ELECTRICAL SYSTEM



Main work

- Remove the screw on the rear of the turn signal housing.
- Carefully remove turn signal glass ①.
- Lightly squeeze orange cap **2** in the area of the holding lugs and take it off.
- Press the turn signal bulb lightly into the socket, turn it counterclockwise by about 30°, and take it out of the socket.

• Info

Do not touch the reflector with your fingers and keep it free from grease.

Press the new turn signal bulb carefully into the socket and turn it clockwise until it stops.

Turn signal (R10W / socket BA15s) (🕮 p. 163)

- Mount the orange cap.
- Position the turn signal glass.
- Insert the screw and first turn counterclockwise until it engages in the thread with a small jerk. Tighten the screw lightly.

Finishing work

- Check that the turn signal system is functioning properly.

15.10 Checking the headlight setting



- Park the vehicle on a horizontal surface in front of a lightcolored wall and make a mark at the height of the center of the low beam headlight.
- Make another mark at a distance
 B under the first marking.
 Guideline

Distance B 5 cm (2 in)	
-------------------------------	--

Position the vehicle vertically at a distance $oldsymbol{A}$ away from the wall.

Guideline

1		
	Distance A	5 m (16 ft)

- The rider now sits down on the motorcycle.
- Switch on the low beam.
- Check the headlight setting.

The boundary between light and dark must be exactly on the lower mark for a motorcycle with rider.

- If the boundary between light and dark does not meet specifications:
 - Adjust the headlight range. (
 p. 127)

15.11 Adjusting the headlight range



- Check the headlight setting. (🕮 p. 126)



Main work

- Loosen screw 🚺.
- Adjust the headlight range by pivoting the headlight. Guideline

The boundary between light and dark must be exactly on the lower mark for a motorcycle with rider (instructions on how to apply the mark: Checking the headlight setting).

Info

•

If you have a payload, you may have to correct the headlight range.

- Tighten screw 1.

15.12 Changing the combination instrument battery

E00901-10





Preparatory work

– Remove the headlight mask with the headlight. (Imp. 123)

Main work

- Remove screws 1.
- Pull the combination instrument upward out of the holder.

- Using a coin, turn protection cap 2 all the way counterclockwise and take it off.
- Remove combination instrument battery **3**.
- Insert the combination instrument battery with the label facing outward.

Combination instrument battery (CR 2430) (IP p. 163)

- Check the O-ring of the protection cap for correct seating.
- Position protection cap 2 and turn all the way clockwise using a coin.
- Press any button on the combination instrument.
 The combination instrument is activated.
- Position the combination instrument in the holder.
- Mount and tighten the screws with washers.

Finishing work

- Install the headlight mask with the headlight. (I p. 124)
- Check the headlight setting. (🕮 p. 126)
- Set kilometers or miles. (🕮 p. 25)
- Adjust combination instrument function. (IP p. 26)
- Set the clock. (💷 p. 27)

15.13 Diagnostics connector



Diagnostics connector **1** is located under the seat below the EFI control unit.

16.1 Cooling system



Water pump **1** in the engine ensures forced circulation of the coolant.

The pressure resulting from the warming of the cooling system is regulated by a valve in radiator cap **2**. This ensures that operating the vehicle at the specified coolant temperature will not result in a risk of malfunctions.

120 °C (248 °F)

Cooling is effected by the air stream.

The lower the speed, the less the cooling effect. Dirty cooling fins also reduce the cooling effect.

16.2 Checking the antifreeze and coolant level



Warning

Danger of scalding During motorcycle operation, the coolant gets very hot and is under pressure.

- Do not open the radiator, the radiator hoses or other cooling system components if the engine or the cooling system are at operating temperature.
- Allow the cooling system and the engine to cool down before you open the radiator, the radiator hoses
 or other components of the cooling system.
- In the event of scalding, rinse the area affected immediately with lukewarm water.

Warning

Danger of poisoning Coolant is toxic and a health hazard.

- Keep coolant out of the reach of children.
- Do not allow coolant to come into contact with the skin, the eyes and clothing.
- Consult a doctor immediately if coolant is swallowed.
- Rinse the affected area immediately with plenty of water in the event of contact with the skin.
- Rinse eyes thoroughly with water and consult a doctor immediately if coolant gets into the eyes.
- Change clothing if coolant spills onto your clothing.

400243-10

Condition

The engine is cold.

- Stand the motorcycle upright on a horizontal surface.
- Remove the radiator cap.
- Check the coolant antifreeze.

-2545 °C (-1349 °F)

- » If the antifreeze in the coolant does not match the specified value:
 - Correct the coolant antifreeze.
- Check the coolant level in the radiator.

Γ	Coolant level 🚯 above the	10 mm (0.39 in)
	radiator fins	

- » If the coolant level does not match the specified value:
 - Correct the coolant level.

Coolant (🕮 p. 168)

- Mount the radiator cap.

16.3 Checking the coolant level

Warning

Danger of scalding During motorcycle operation, the coolant gets very hot and is under pressure.

- Do not open the radiator, the radiator hoses or other cooling system components if the engine or the cooling system are at operating temperature.
- Allow the cooling system and the engine to cool down before you open the radiator, the radiator hoses
 or other components of the cooling system.
- In the event of scalding, rinse the area affected immediately with lukewarm water.

Warning

Danger of poisoning Coolant is toxic and a health hazard.

- Keep coolant out of the reach of children.
- Do not allow coolant to come into contact with the skin, the eyes and clothing.
- Consult a doctor immediately if coolant is swallowed.
- Rinse the affected area immediately with plenty of water in the event of contact with the skin.
- Rinse eyes thoroughly with water and consult a doctor immediately if coolant gets into the eyes.
- Change clothing if coolant spills onto your clothing.

400243-10

Condition

The engine is cold.

- Stand the motorcycle upright on a horizontal surface.
- Remove the radiator cap.
- Check the coolant level in the radiator.

Coolant level \Lambda above the	10 mm (0.39 in)
radiator fins	

» If the coolant level does not match the specified value:

Correct the coolant level.

Coolant (💷 p. 168)

Mount the radiator cap.

16.4 Draining the coolant 🔦



Warning

Danger of scalding During motorcycle operation, the coolant gets very hot and is under pressure.

- Do not open the radiator, the radiator hoses or other cooling system components if the engine or the cooling system are at operating temperature.
- Allow the cooling system and the engine to cool down before you open the radiator, the radiator hoses
 or other components of the cooling system.
- In the event of scalding, rinse the area affected immediately with lukewarm water.

Warning

Danger of poisoning Coolant is toxic and a health hazard.

- Keep coolant out of the reach of children.
- Do not allow coolant to come into contact with the skin, the eyes and clothing.
- Consult a doctor immediately if coolant is swallowed.
- Rinse the affected area immediately with plenty of water in the event of contact with the skin.
- Rinse eyes thoroughly with water and consult a doctor immediately if coolant gets into the eyes.
- Change clothing if coolant spills onto your clothing.

Condition

The engine is cold.

- Position the motorcycle upright.
- Place an appropriate container under the water pump cover.
- Remove screw 1. Take off radiator cap 2.
- Completely drain the coolant.
- Mount and tighten screw ① with a new seal ring.
 Guideline

Screw, water pump cover	M6	10 Nm (7.4 lbf ft)
		4

16.5 Refilling with coolant 🔌

Warning

Danger of poisoning Coolant is toxic and a health hazard.

S03527-10

- Keep coolant out of the reach of children.
- Do not allow coolant to come into contact with the skin, the eyes and clothing.
- Consult a doctor immediately if coolant is swallowed.
- Rinse the affected area immediately with plenty of water in the event of contact with the skin.
- Rinse eyes thoroughly with water and consult a doctor immediately if coolant gets into the eyes.
- Change clothing if coolant spills onto your clothing.



Main work

- Make sure that screw **1** is tightened.
- Position the motorcycle upright.

16 COOLING SYSTEM







Pour coolant in up to level (A) above the radiator fins. Guideline

10 mm (0.39 in)

10 mm (0.39 m)		
Coolant	1.2 (1.3 qt.)	Coolant (📖 p. 168)

• Push protection cap **2** upward over the coolant temperature sensor.

- Unplug connector 3.

Guideline

Screw, cylinder head	M10x1.25	12 Nm (8.9 lbf ft)
temperature sensor		

- Plug in connector **3**.
- Position protection cap **2**.
- Pour coolant in up to level A above the radiator fins.
 Guideline

10 mm (0.39 in)

Coolant (📖 p. 168)





Mount radiator cap **6**.

Danger

Danger of poisoning Exhaust gases are toxic and inhaling them may result in unconsciousness and death.

- Always make sure there is sufficient ventilation when running the engine.
- Use effective exhaust extraction when starting or running the engine in an enclosed space.

- Allow the engine to warm up and cool down again.

Finishing work

- Check the coolant level. (I p. 130)

16.6 Changing the coolant 🔦

Warning

Danger of scalding During motorcycle operation, the coolant gets very hot and is under pressure.

- Do not open the radiator, the radiator hoses or other cooling system components if the engine or the cooling system are at operating temperature.
- Allow the cooling system and the engine to cool down before you open the radiator, the radiator hoses
 or other components of the cooling system.
- In the event of scalding, rinse the area affected immediately with lukewarm water.

Warning

Danger of poisoning Coolant is toxic and a health hazard.

- Keep coolant out of the reach of children.
- Do not allow coolant to come into contact with the skin, the eyes and clothing.
- Consult a doctor immediately if coolant is swallowed.
- Rinse the affected area immediately with plenty of water in the event of contact with the skin.
- Rinse eyes thoroughly with water and consult a doctor immediately if coolant gets into the eyes.
- Change clothing if coolant spills onto your clothing.

Condition

The engine is cold.

- Remove screw **1**. Take off radiator cap **2**.
- Place an appropriate container under the water pump cover.
- Completely drain the coolant.

Screw, water pump	M6	10 Nm (7.4 lbf ft)
cover		

- Position the motorcycle upright.
- Completely fill the radiator with coolant.

Coolant	(🕮 p.	168)
---------	-------	------

Push protection cap ③ upward over the coolant temperature sensor.





16 COOLING SYSTEM



- Unplug connector 4.
- Remove coolant temperature sensor **(5)** with the O-ring and wait until the coolant escapes without bubbles.
- Mount and tighten coolant temperature sensor **(5)** with the O-ring.

Guideline

Screw, cylinder head	M10x1.25	12 Nm (8.9 lbf ft)
temperature sensor		

- Plug in connector 4.
- Mount protection cap 3.
- Mount radiator cap 2.



Danger

Danger of poisoning Exhaust gases are toxic and inhaling them may result in unconsciousness and death.

- Always make sure there is sufficient ventilation when running the engine.
- Use effective exhaust extraction when starting or running the engine in an enclosed space.
- Allow the engine to warm up and cool down again.
- Check the cooling system for leaks.
- Check the coolant level. (
 p. 130)



17.1 Checking the play in the throttle cable

	Check the throttle grip for smooth operation.	
	 Turn handlebar as far as possible to the right. Turn the throttle grip back and forth slightly and determine the play in throttle cable (A). 	
	Play in throttle cable 3 5 mm (0.12 0.2 in)	
400192-11	 » If the throttle cable play does not meet the specified value: – Adjust the play in the throttle cable. ◄ (
	 Danger Danger of poisoning Exhaust gases are toxic and inhaling them may result in unconsciousness and death. Always make sure there is sufficient ventilation when running the engine. Use effective exhaust extraction when starting or running the engine in an enclosed space. 	
	 Start the engine and let it run at idle speed. Move the handle- bar to and fro over the entire steering range. 	
	The idle speed must not change.	
	» If the idle speed changes:	
	 Adjust the play in the throttle cable. A (IPA p. 135) 	

17.2 Adjusting the play in the throttle cable 🔧

Info

If the correct routing of the throttle cables has already been secured, the fuel tank does not need to be removed.

Preparatory work

- Remove the seat. (
 ^[2] p. 78)
- Remove the fuel tank. 🔌 (📖 p. 83)

Main work

- Move the handlebar to the straight-ahead position.
- Push back sleeve ①.
- Loosen nut **2**.
- Turn adjusting screw **3** in as far as possible.
- Loosen nut **4**.
- Turn adjusting screw **(5)** in as far as possible.
- Turn adjusting screw ③ so that there is play in the throttle cable at the throttle grip.

Guideline

- Unscrew the adjusting screw 6 until the smooth operation or play in throttle cable is worsened.
- Turn adjusting screw **(5)** approx. two turns further.



- Tighten nut **4**.
- Tighten nut **2**.
- Slide on sleeve 1.
- Check the throttle grip for smooth operation.

Finishing work

- Check the play in the throttle cable. (IP p. 135)

17.3 Setting the characteristic map of the throttle response 🔌

• Info

On the throttle grip, the characteristic map of the throttle response is changed by changing the guide plate.

A guide plate with a different characteristic map is supplied.

102246-10





- Clean the outside of the handlebar and the inside of the grip tube. Mount the grip tube on the handlebar.
- Attach the throttle cables to the guide plate and route correctly.
- Position half-shells ③, mount and tighten screws ②.
 Guideline

Screw, throttle grip M6 5 Nm (3.7 lbf ft)

Slide on sleeve **1** and check the throttle grip for ease of movement.

Finishing work

Check the play in the throttle cable. (
 p. 135)

17.4 Adjusting the idle speed 🔌



Warning

- **Danger of accidents** The engine may go out spontaneously if the idle speed is set too low.
- Set the idle speed to the specified value. (Your authorized KTM workshop will be glad to help.)



- Run the engine until warm.
 - The cold start button is deactivated A further ¼ turn returns the cold start button back to the basic position. (
 p. 21)



Danger of poisoning Exhaust gases are toxic and inhaling them may result in unconsciousness and death.

- Always make sure there is sufficient ventilation when running the engine.
- Use effective exhaust extraction when starting or running the engine in an enclosed space.
- Adjust the idle speed by turning idle speed adjusting screw 1.

Guideline

Idle speed	1,400 1,500 rpm	
Tachometer (45129075000)		

• Info

Turn clockwise to decrease the idle speed. Turn counterclockwise to increase the idle speed. Make the setting in small steps. An incorrect idle speed can have a negative impact on overall engine running.

17.5 Programming ambient air pressure

Danger

- **Danger of poisoning** Exhaust gases are toxic and inhaling them may result in unconsciousness and death. Always make sure there is sufficient ventilation when running the engine.
- Use effective exhaust extraction when starting or running the engine in an enclosed space.

»

• Info

If the vehicle is ridden with the engine running at various heights above sea level, the ambient pressure is programmed on an ongoing basis.

If the vehicle is transported over great differences in height, the ambient pressure must be reprogrammed.



- Start the vehicle at the new height above sea level and switch off the engine again.
- Wait for at least five seconds.
- Start the vehicle again and check the response of the vehicle.
 - If the response has not improved:
 - Repeat the procedure.

17.6 Ignition curve plug-in connector



Plug-in connector **1** of the ignition timing map adjustment is located on the frame under the fuel tank.

Info

The ignition timing map connector has no function in the homologated (restricted) condition of the motorcycle.

Possible states

- Soft The plug-in connector of the ignition timing map adjustment is disconnected to achieve better rideability.
- Performance The plug-in connector of the ignition timing map adjustment is joined to achieve higher performance.

17.7 Changing the ignition timing map (All standard XC-W models, All standard EXC models)

Info

The ignition timing map connector has no function in the homologated (restricted) condition of the motorcycle.



- Remove the seat. (🕮 p. 78)
- Remove the fuel tank.

 (III) p. 83)



Switching the ignition timing map from Performance to Soft

- Disconnect plug-in connector ① of the ignition timing map adjustment.
 - ✓ Soft better rideability

Switching the ignition timing map from Soft to Performance

- Join plug-in connector 1 of the ignition timing map adjustment.
 - ✓ Performance better performance

Finishing work

- Install the fuel tank. 🔌 (🕮 p. 85)
- Mount the seat. (🕮 p. 78)

17.8 Checking the basic position of the shift lever

• Info

When driving, the shift lever must not touch the rider's boot when in the basic position. When the shift lever keeps touching the boot, the transmission will be subject to an excessive load.



 Sit on the vehicle in the riding position and determine distance A between the upper edge of your boot and the shift lever.

Distance between shift lever	10 20 mm (0.39
and upper edge of boot	0.79 in)

- » If the distance does not meet specifications:

17.9 Adjusting the basic position of the shift lever 🔌



Remove screw **①** with the washers and take off shift lever **②**.



- \bullet Clean gear teeth $oldsymbol{A}$ of the shift lever and shift shaft.
- Mount the shift lever on the shift shaft in the required position and engage gearing.

• Info The

The range of adjustment is limited. The shift lever must not come into contact with any other vehicle components during the shift procedure.

Mount and tighten screw 1 with washers.

Guideline

Screw, shift	M6	14 Nm (10.3 lbf ft)
lever		Loctite®243™

18.1 Changing the fuel screen 🔦

1 Danger

Fire hazard Fuel is highly flammable.

The fuel in the fuel tank expands when warm and can escape if overfilled.

- Do not fuel the vehicle in the vicinity of open flames or lit cigarettes.
- Switch off the engine for refueling.
- Make sure that no fuel is spilled; particularly not on hot parts of the vehicle.
- If any fuel is spilled, wipe it off immediately.
- Observe the specifications for refueling.

Warning

Danger of poisoning Fuel is poisonous and a health hazard.

- Avoid skin, eye and clothing contact with fuel.
- Immediately consult a doctor if you swallow fuel.
- Do not inhale fuel vapors.
- In case of skin contact, rinse the affected area with plenty of water.
- Rinse the eyes thoroughly with water, and consult a doctor in case of fuel contact with the eyes.
- Change your clothing in case of fuel spills on them.

g Note

Environmental hazard Improper handling of fuel is a danger to the environment.

- Do not allow fuel to enter the groundwater, the soil, or the sewage system.



Clean quick release coupling 1 thoroughly with compressed air.

Under no circumstances should dirt enter into the fuel line. Dirt in the fuel line clogs the injection valve!

Disconnect the quick release coupling.



Info

Remaining fuel may flow out of the fuel hose.

- Pull fuel screen **2** out of the connecting piece.
- Insert the new fuel screen all the way into the connecting piece.
- Spray silicone spray onto a lint-free cleaning cloth and lightly lubricate the O-ring of the quick-release coupling.

Silicone spray (🕮 p. 171)

Join the quick release coupling.



Danger

Danger of poisoning Exhaust gases are toxic and inhaling them may result in unconsciousness and death.

- Always make sure there is sufficient ventilation when running the engine.
- Use effective exhaust extraction when starting or running the engine in an enclosed space.
- Start the engine and check the response.

18.2 Checking 2-stroke oil level



Warning

Engine failure The engine will not be lubricated unless there is 2-stroke oil in the oil tank. If the oil level warning light lights up, the 2-stroke oil is sufficient for the remaining tank of fuel.

- As soon as the oil level warning light lights up, ride for no longer than until the remaining fuel in the tank is depleted.
- At the next opportunity add 2-stroke oil before you refuel.
- Time the oil pump if the 2-stroke oil hose has been removed or the 2-stroke oil tank has been fully depleted in error.



Preparatory work

- Stand the motorcycle upright on a horizontal surface.
- Main work
 - Check the 2-stroke oil level in the oil tank.

• Info

For a full tank of fuel, the 2-stroke oil tank must be filled up to at least the upper abutting edge (A).

The 2-stroke oil tank must be completely filled if possible.

- If the 2-stroke oil level is too low:
- Add 2-stroke oil. (🕮 p. 49)

18.3 Priming oil pump 🔌

Warning

Engine failure The engine will not be lubricated unless there is 2-stroke oil in the oil tank.

If the oil level warning light lights up, the 2-stroke oil is sufficient for the remaining tank of fuel.

- As soon as the oil level warning light lights up, ride for no longer than until the remaining fuel in the tank is depleted.
- At the next opportunity add 2-stroke oil before you refuel.
- Time the oil pump if the 2-stroke oil hose has been removed or the 2-stroke oil tank has been fully depleted in error.

Condition The engine is off.
Preparatory work

- Remove the seat. (🕮 p. 78)
- Stand the motorcycle upright on a horizontal surface.
- Check 2-stroke oil level. (🕮 p. 142)

Main work

- Pull the EFI control unit **1** upward off the rubber plugs and hang to the side.
- Pull diagnostics connector **2** off the holder.



- Put throttle grip **3** into full throttle position and secure.

S04874-11





- Plug in wake-up connector **4** for priming the oil pump to the diagnostics connector **5**.
 - The combination instrument lighting is activated.

Info

The connector is included as part of the motorcycle's separate enclosure.

- Wait for at least five seconds.
- Release the fixing means from the throttle grip.
 - \checkmark The oil pump is timed.



The oil pump is actuated at various speeds. The procedure is clearly audible.

- Wait until you can no longer hear the oil pump operating.
 - Disconnect the wake-up connector from the diagnostics connector.
- Check whether air bubbles are visible in the hose 6.
 - » If air bubbles are visible:
 - Repeat the entire procedure until air bubbles are no longer visible.
- Mount the diagnostics connector on the holder.
- Mount the EFI control unit on the rubber lugs.

Finishing work

– Mount the seat. (🕮 p. 78)

18.4 Cleaning the oil screen in the oil tank 🔌

Note

Environmental hazard Hazardous substances cause environmental damage.

Dispose of oils, grease, filters, fuel, cleaning agents, brake fluid, etc., correctly and in compliance with the applicable regulations.

Preparatory work

- Raise the motorcycle with a lift stand. (E p. 64)
- Remove main silencer. (🕮 p. 82)
- Remove the seat. (🕮 p. 78)
- Remove the fuel tank. 🔌 (🕮 p. 83)











- Remove oil screen 🕑 and clean it.
- Check the oil screen for damage.
 - » If the oil screen is damaged:
 Change the oil screen.
- Insert the oil screen and mount the angle piece with a new hose clamp.

Hose clamp pliers (60029057000)

- Mount throttle valve body 7.
- Remove the locking piece and position the subframe.

InfoPay attention to intake flange 6.

- Join plug-in connector **6** of the rear brake light switch.
- Position and tighten clamps ④ of the throttle valve body.
 Guideline

adiaeime		
Screw, intake	M6	6 Nm (4.4 lbf ft)
flange/reed valve		
housing		

- Mount and tighten screws **2**.

Guideline

Screw, sub- frame bottom	M8	30 Nm (22.1 lbf ft) Loctite [®] 2701™
-----------------------------	----	---

- Remove screws 🔞.
- Mount and tighten screws 3.

Guideline

Screw, sub-	M8	35 Nm (25.8 lbf ft)
frame top		Loctite [®] 2701™



- Position the frame protector.
- Mount and tighten screw ① with washer.
 Guideline

Remaining screws,	M5	5 Nm (3.7 lbf ft)
chassis		

Mount the cable ties.

Finishing work

- Install the air filter box cover. (📖 p. 79)
- Install the fuel tank. 🔌 (🕮 p. 85)
- Add 2-stroke oil. (🕮 p. 49)
- Prime the oil pump. 🔧 (🕮 p. 142)
- Mount the seat. (🕮 p. 78)
- Install the main silencer. (🕮 p. 82)
- Remove the motorcycle from the lift stand. (I p. 64)

18.5 Checking the gear oil level

• Info

The gear oil level must be checked when the engine is cold.



Preparatory work

- Stand the motorcycle upright on a horizontal surface.

Main work

- Detach the foot brake lever spring.

- Remove gear oil level monitoring screw ①.
- Check the gear oil level.

A small quantity of gear oil must run out of the drilled hole.

- » If no gear oil runs out:
 - Add the gear oil. 🔧 (🕮 p. 149)
- Mount and tighten the gear oil level monitoring screw.

Guideline

Screw, gear oil level	M6	8 Nm (5.9 lbf ft)
monitoring		

- Attach the foot brake lever spring.

18.6 Changing the gear oil 🔌

Warning

Note

Danger of scalding Engine and gear oil get very hot when the motorcycle is ridden.

- Wear suitable protective clothing and safety gloves.
- In the event of scalding, rinse the area affected immediately with lukewarm water.



Environmental hazard Hazardous substances cause environmental damage.

Dispose of oils, grease, filters, fuel, cleaning agents, brake fluid, etc., correctly and in compliance with the applicable regulations.

Info

Drain the gear oil while the engine is at operating temperature.

E00913-10

(All special models) Remove the engine guard. (I p. 96)

Preparatory work

- Park the motorcycle on a level surface.
- Position an appropriate container under the engine.



- Remove gear oil drain plug **1** with magnet.
- Let the gear oil drain fully. _
- Thoroughly clean the gear oil drain plug with magnet. _
- Clean the sealing surface on the engine.
- Mount and tighten gear oil drain plug **1** with the magnet and a new seal ring.

Guideline

Gear oil drain plug	M12x1.5	20 Nm (14.8 lbf ft)
with magnet		



Remove filler plug **2** with the O-ring, and fill up with gear oil.

Gear oil	0.80	Engine oil
	(0.85 qt.)	(15W/50)
		(🛤 p. 168)

Mount and tighten the filler plug together with the O-ring.

Danger

Danger of poisoning Exhaust gases are toxic and inhaling them may result in unconsciousness and death.

- Always make sure there is sufficient ventilation when running the engine.
- Use effective exhaust extraction when starting or running the engine in an enclosed space.
- Start the engine and check it for leaks.

Finishing work

Check the gear oil level. (p. 147)





(All special models)

- Install the engine guard. (I p. 96)

18.7 Adding the gear oil 🔌

Info

Too little gear oil or poor-quality gear oil results in premature wear to the transmission. Gear oil must only be topped up when the engine is cold.

Preparatory work

Park the motorcycle on a level surface. _ Main work Detach the foot brake lever spring. _

Remove gear oil level monitoring screw **1**.



Remove filler plug **2** with the O-ring.

Add gear oil until it emerges from the drill hole of the gear oil _ level monitoring screw.

Engine oil (15W/50) (🕮 p. 168)

_ Mount and tighten the gear oil level monitoring screw. Guideline

Screw, gear oil level	M6	8 Nm (5.9 lbf ft)
monitoring		

- Mount and tighten filler plug **2** with the O-ring.
 - Attach the foot brake lever spring.



Danger

Danger of poisoning Exhaust gases are toxic and inhaling them may result in unconsciousness and death.

- Always make sure there is sufficient ventilation when running the engine.
- Use effective exhaust extraction when starting or running the engine in an enclosed space.
- Start the engine and check it for leaks. _

Finishing work

Check the gear oil level. (2 p. 147) _

19.1 **Cleaning the motorcycle**

Note

Material damage Components become damaged or destroyed if a pressure cleaner is used incorrectly.

The high pressure forces water into the electrical components, connectors, throttle cables, and bearings, etc. Pressure which is too high causes malfunctions and destroys components.

- Do not direct the water jet directly on to electrical components, connectors, throttle cables or bearings.
- Maintain a minimum distance between the nozzle of the pressure cleaner and the component. Minimum clearance 60 cm (23.6 in)



Environmental hazard Hazardous substances cause environmental damage.

Dispose of oils, grease, filters, fuel, cleaning agents, brake fluid, etc., correctly and in compliance with the applicable regulations.

Info

To maintain the value and appearance of the motorcycle over a long period, clean it regularly. Avoid direct sunshine when cleaning the motorcycle.



- Close off exhaust system to keep water from entering.
- Remove the coarse dirt particles with a gentle water jet.
- Spray the heavily soiled parts with a normal commercial motorcycle cleaner and clean using a brush.

Motorcycle cleaner (
p. 170)

Info

- Use warm water containing normal motorcycle cleaner and a soft sponge. Never apply motorcycle cleaner to a dry vehicle; always rinse the vehicle with water first.
- After rinsing the motorcycle with a gentle spray of water, allow it to dry thoroughly.
- Remove the closure of the exhaust system.



Warning

Danger of accidents Moisture and dirt impair the brake system.

- Brake carefully several times to dry out and remove dirt from the brake linings and the brake discs.

After cleaning, ride the vehicle a short distance until the engine warms up.

Info

The heat produced causes water at inaccessible locations in the engine and on the brake system to evaporate.

- After the motorcycle has cooled down, lubricate all moving parts and pivot points.
- Clean the chain. (p. 87)

- Treat bare metal (except for brake discs and the exhaust system) with a corrosion inhibitor.

 Treat all plastic parts and powder-coated parts with a mild cleaning and care product.

(All EXC models)

Oil the steering lock.

Universal oil spray (📖 p. 171)

19.2 Checks and maintenance steps for winter operation

Info

If you use the motorcycle in winter, salt can be expected on the roads. You should therefore take precautions against aggressive road salt.

If the vehicle has been used on salted roads, use cold water for cleaning after riding. Warm water enhances the corrosive effects of salt.



- Clean the motorcycle. (🕮 p. 150)
- Clean the brakes.

Info

_

After **EVERY** trip on salted roads, thoroughly clean the brake calipers and brake linings, after they have cooled down and without removing them, with cold water and dry them carefully.

After riding on salted roads, thoroughly clean the vehicle with cold water and dry it well.

Treat engine, link fork, and all other bare or zinc-plated parts (except the brake discs) with a wax-based corrosion inhibitor.

Info

i

Corrosion inhibitor must not come in contact with the brake discs as this would greatly reduce the braking force.

- Clean the chain. (🕮 p. 87)

20.1 Storage



Warning

Danger of poisoning Fuel is poisonous and a health hazard.

- Avoid skin, eye and clothing contact with fuel.
- Immediately consult a doctor if you swallow fuel.
- Do not inhale fuel vapors.
- In case of skin contact, rinse the affected area with plenty of water.
- Rinse the eyes thoroughly with water, and consult a doctor in case of fuel contact with the eyes.
- Change your clothing in case of fuel spills on them.
- Keep fuels correctly in a suitable canister, and out of the reach of children.

Info

If you plan to garage the motorcycle for a longer period, perform the following steps or have them performed.

Before storing the motorcycle, check all parts for function and wear. If service, repairs, or replacements are necessary, you should do this during the storage period (less workshop overload). In this way, you can avoid long workshop waiting times at the start of the new season.



- Clean the motorcycle. (🕮 p. 150)
- Change the gear oil. 🔌 (💷 p. 148)
 - Check the antifreeze and coolant level. (🕮 p. 129)
- When refueling for the last time before taking the motorcycle out of service, add fuel additive.

Fuel additive (🕮 p. 170)

- Refuel. (🕮 p. 48)
- Add 2-stroke oil. (📖 p. 49)
- Check tire pressure. (
 p. 114)
- Remove the 12-V battery. 🔦 (📖 p. 116)
- Charge the 12-V battery. 🔌 (🕮 p. 119)

Guideline

Ideal charging and storage	10 20 °C (50 68 °F)
temperature of the lithium-	
ion battery	

 Store the vehicle in a dry location that is not subject to large fluctuations in temperature.



- KTM recommends jacking up the motorcycle.
- Raise the motorcycle with a lift stand. (I p. 64)
- Cover the vehicle with a tarp or similar cover that is permeable to air.

Info

i

Do not use non-porous materials since they prevent humidity from escaping, thus causing corrosion. Avoid running the engine for a short time only. Because the engine will not warm up sufficiently, the water vapor produced during combustion will condense, causing engine parts and the exhaust system to rust.



Faults	Possible cause	Act	tion
The engine cannot be cranked (starter motor)	Operating error	-	Carry out the start procedure. (© p. 44)
	12-V battery discharged	-	Charge the 12-V battery. ◀ (ﷺ p. 119) Check the charging voltage. ◀
		_	Check the closed current.
		_	Check the stator winding of the alter-
			nator. A
	Main fuse is blown	-	Change the main fuse. (🕮 p. 121)
	Starter relay faulty	-	Check the starter relay. 🔧
	Starter motor faulty	-	Check the starter motor. 🔦
The engine turns but does not start	Operating error	-	Carry out the start procedure. (💷 p. 44)
	Quick release coupling not joined	-	Join quick release coupling.
	Idle speed is not set correctly	-	Adjust the idle speed. 🔌 (📖 p. 137)
	Fuel supply interrupted	-	Check the fuel tank breather.
	Spark plug sooty or wet	-	Clean and dry the spark plug and spark plug connector, or change if necessary.
	Plug gap of spark plug too wide	-	Adjust plug gap.
			Guideline Spark plug electrode gap 0.6 mm (0.024 in)
	Faulty ignition	-	Ignition coil - check the primary wind- ing. 🌂
		_	Check the spark plug connector. 🔌
		-	Check the stator winding of the alternator. \blacktriangleleft
	Short-circuit cable in wiring	-	Check wiring harness (visual check).
	harness frayed, stop button or emergency OFF switch faulty	-	Check the electrical system.
	The connector or ignition coil is loose or oxidized	-	Clean the connector and treat it with contact spray.
	Malfunction in the electronic fuel injection	-	Check wiring for damage and electrical plug-in connectors for corrosion and damage.
		-	Read out the fault memory using the KTM diagnostics tool. \blacktriangleleft
The engine has no idle speed	Spark plug defective	-	Change the spark plug.
	Faulty ignition	-	Ignition coil - check the primary wind- ing. 🔌
		-	Check the spark plug connector. 🔌
		-	Check the stator winding of the alternator. \blacktriangleleft
	Idle speed is not set correctly	-	Adjust the idle speed. 🔌 (🕮 p. 137)

Faults	Possible cause	Action
Engine does not speed up	Malfunction in the electronic fuel injection	 Check wiring for damage and electrical plug-in connectors for corrosion and damage. Read out the fault memory using the KTM diagnostics tool.
	Faulty ignition	 Ignition coil - check the primary winding. Check the spark plug connector. Check the stator winding of the alternator.
	Ambient pressure is incorrectly stored	 Program ambient air pressure. (IIII p. 138)
Engine has too little power	Air filter very dirty	 Clean the air filter and air filter box. (E) p. 81)
	Fuel filter is very dirty	– Change the fuel filter. 🔌
	Fuel screen is very dirty	– Change the fuel screen. 🔌 💷 p. 141)
	Malfunction in the electronic fuel injection	 Check wiring for damage and electrical plug-in connectors for corrosion and damage. Read out the fault memory using the
		KTM diagnostics tool. 🔌
	Fuel supply interrupted	 Check the fuel tank breather.
	Exhaust system leaky, deformed or too little glass fiber yarn filling in main silencer	 Check exhaust system for damage. Change the glass fiber yarn filling of the main silencer. ◄ (p. 82)
	Faulty ignition	 Ignition coil - check the primary wind- ing.
		 Check the spark plug connector. Check the stator winding of the alternator.
	Diaphragm or reed valve hous- ing damaged	 Check the diaphragm and reed valve housing.
	Ambient pressure is incorrectly stored	 Program ambient air pressure. (p. 138)
The engine dies during the trip	Lack of fuel	– Refuel. (🕮 p. 48)
	The engine takes in false air	 Check that the intake flange is firmly seated.
	The connector or ignition coil is loose or oxidized	 Clean the connector and treat it with contact spray.
	Ambient pressure is incorrectly stored	 Program ambient air pressure. (IP p. 138)
Engine overheats	Too little coolant in cooling sys- tem	 Check the cooling system for leakage. Check the coolant level. (p. 130)
	Too little air stream	 Switch off engine when stationary.
	Radiator fins very dirty	- Clean the radiator fins.
	Foam formation in cooling sys- tem	 Drain the coolant. ◄ (p. 130) Refill with coolant. ◄ (p. 131)

Faults	Possible cause	Action
Engine overheats	Damaged cylinder head or cylinder head gasket	 Check the cylinder head and cylinder head gasket.
	Bent radiator hose	– Change the radiator hose. 🔧
	Thermostat defective	 Check the thermostat.
		Guideline Opening temperature: 70 °C (158 °F)
White smoke emission (steam in exhaust gas)	Damaged cylinder head or cylinder head gasket	 Check the cylinder head and cylinder head gasket.
Gear oil exits at the vent hose	Too much gear oil added	- Check the gear oil level. (🕮 p. 147)
Water in the gear oil	Damaged radial shaft seal ring or water pump	 Check the radial shaft seal ring and the water pump.
Malfunction indicator lamp lights up or flashes	Malfunction in the electronic fuel injection	 Check wiring for damage and electrical plug-in connectors for corrosion and damage.
		 Read out the fault memory using the KTM diagnostics tool.
12-V battery discharged	The 12-V battery is not being	– Check the charging voltage. 🔌
	charged by the alternator	 Check the stator winding of the alter- nator.
	Unwanted electrical power con- sumer	 Check the open-circuit current.
Values in combination instrument deleted (time, stop watch, lap times)	The combination instrument battery is empty	 Change combination instrument bat- tery. (

Info

The blink codes are only displayed by the derestricted version of the vehicle.

Blink code for malfunction indicator lamp	14 Malfunction indicator lamp flashes 1x long, 4x short
Error level condition	Crankcase pressure sensor – difference too high between sensor and engine control unit
Blink code for malfunction indicator lamp	C9 Malfunction indicator lamp flashes 9x short
Error level condition	Crankcase pressure sensor - short circuit to ground Crankcase pressure sensor - open/short circuit to plus Ambient air pressure sensor - short circuit to ground Ambient air pressure sensor - open/short circuit to plus
Blink code for malfunction indicator lamp	13 Malfunction indicator lamp flashes 1x long, 3x short
Error level condition	Intake air temperature sensor – input signal too low Intake air temperature sensor – input signal too high
Blink code for malfunction indicator lamp	12 Malfunction indicator lamp flashes 1x long, 2x short
Error level condition	Coolant temperature sensor – input signal too low Coolant temperature sensor – input signal too high
Blink code for malfunction indicator lamp	でい O6 Malfunction indicator lamp flashes 6x short
Error level condition	Throttle valve position sensor circuit A - adaption failed Throttle valve position sensor circuit A - input signal too low Throttle valve position sensor circuit A - input signal too high
Blink code for malfunction indicator lamp	41 Malfunction indicator lamp flashes 4x long, 1x short
Error level condition	Fuel pump - short circuit to ground/open circuitFuel pump - open circuit/short circuit to plus
Blink code for malfunction indicator lamp	33 Malfunction indicator lamp flashes 3x long, 3x short
Error level condition	Injection valve 0, cylinder 1 – input signal too lowInjection valve 0, cylinder 1 - input signal too high

22 BLINK CODE

Blink code for malfunction	ζ.	
indicator lamp		
	34 Malfunction indicator lamp flashes 3x long, 4x short	
Error level condition	Injection valve 1, cylinder 1 – input signal too low	
	Injection valve 1, cylinder 1 - input signal too high	
Blink code for malfunction indicator lamp	۲.	
	37 Malfunction indicator lamp flashes 3x long, 7x short	
Error level condition	Ignition coil – circuit fault	
Blink code for malfunction indicator lamp	۲ C	
	02 Malfunction indicator lamp flashes 2x short	
Error level condition	Crankshaft speed sensor – synchronization faulty	
	Crankshaft speed sensor – signal implausible	
	Crankshaft speed sensor – signal irregular	
	Crankshaft speed sensor – no signal	
Blink code for malfunction	رِي ا	
indicator lamp		
indicator lamp	المحتياً 42 Malfunction indicator lamp flashes 4x long, 2x short	
indicator lamp Error level condition		
	42 Malfunction indicator lamp flashes 4x long, 2x short	
	42 Malfunction indicator lamp flashes 4x long, 2x short Oil pump – input signal too low	
Error level condition Blink code for malfunction	42 Malfunction indicator lamp flashes 4x long, 2x short Oil pump – input signal too low Oil pump - input signal too high	
Error level condition Blink code for malfunction	42 Malfunction indicator lamp flashes 4x long, 2x short Oil pump – input signal too low Oil pump - input signal too high	
Error level condition Blink code for malfunction indicator lamp	42 Malfunction indicator lamp flashes 4x long, 2x short Oil pump – input signal too low Oil pump - input signal too high 21 Malfunction indicator lamp flashes 2x long, 1x short	
Error level condition Blink code for malfunction indicator lamp	42 Malfunction indicator lamp flashes 4x long, 2x short Oil pump – input signal too low Oil pump - input signal too high 21 Malfunction indicator lamp flashes 2x long, 1x short Battery voltage - input voltage too low Battery voltage – input voltage too high	
Error level condition Blink code for malfunction indicator lamp Error level condition Blink code for malfunction indicator lamp	42 Malfunction indicator lamp flashes 4x long, 2x short Oil pump – input signal too low Oil pump - input signal too high Image: Constraint of the signal too high Image: Constore too high Image: C	
Error level condition Blink code for malfunction indicator lamp Error level condition Blink code for malfunction	42 Malfunction indicator lamp flashes 4x long, 2x short Oil pump – input signal too low Oil pump - input signal too high 21 Malfunction indicator lamp flashes 2x long, 1x short Battery voltage - input voltage too low Battery voltage – input voltage too high	

23.1 Engine

23.1.1 All 250 models

Design	1-cylinder 2-stroke engine, water-cooled, with reed	
	intake, exhaust control and transfer duct injection	
Displacement	249 cm ³ (15.19 cu in)	
Stroke	72 mm (2.83 in)	
Hole	66.4 mm (2.614 in)	
Idle speed	1,400 1,500 rpm	
Exhaust control - setting measurement	2.7 $\pm_{0.2}^{0.2}$ mm (0.106 $\pm_{0.008}^{0.008}$ in)	
Crankshaft bearing	1 grooved ball bearing/1 roller bearing	
Conrod bearing	Needle bearing	
Piston pin bearing	Needle bearing	
Piston	Cast aluminum	
Piston rings	2 half keystone rings	
Engine lubrication	Separate lubrication	
X distance (upper edge of piston to upper edge of cylinder)	0 0.10 mm (0 0.0039 in)	
Z distance (height of control flap)	49.0 mm (1.929 in)	
Primary transmission	26:73	
Clutch	Multidisc clutch in oil bath/hydraulically activated	
Transmission	6 gear transmission, claw shifted	
Transmission ratio		
first-gear	14:32	
second-gear	16:26	
third-gear	20:25	
fourth-gear	22:23	
fifth-gear	25:22	
sixth-gear	26:20	
Alternator	12 V, 196 W	
Ignition system	Contactless controlled fully electronic ignition with digital ignition adjustment	
Spark plug	NGK BR 7 ES	
Spark plug electrode gap	0.6 mm (0.024 in)	
Cooling	Water cooling, permanent circulation of coolant by water pump	
Starting aid	Electric starter system	

23.1.2 All 300 models

Design 1-cylinder 2-stroke engine, water-cooled, w intake, exhaust control and transfer duct in	
Displacement	293.15 cm ³ (17.8892 cu in)
Stroke	72 mm (2.83 in)
Hole	72 mm (2.83 in)
Idle speed	1,400 1,500 rpm
Exhaust control - setting measurement	$2.3 \pm 0.2_{0}^{0.0} \text{ mm} (0.091 \pm 0.008_{0}^{0.008} \text{ in})$

Crankshaft bearing	1 grooved ball bearing/1 roller bearing	
Conrod bearing	Needle bearing	
Piston pin bearing	Needle bearing	
Piston	Cast aluminum	
Piston rings	2 rectangular rings	
Engine lubrication	Separate lubrication	
X distance (upper edge of piston to upper edge of cylinder)	0 0.10 mm (0 0.0039 in)	
Z distance (height of control flap)	49.5 mm (1.949 in)	
Primary transmission	26:73	
Clutch	Multidisc clutch in oil bath/hydraulically activated	
Transmission	6 gear transmission, claw shifted	
Transmission ratio		
first-gear	14:32	
second-gear	16:26	
third-gear	20:25	
fourth-gear	22:23	
fifth-gear	25:22	
sixth-gear	26:20	
Alternator	12 V, 196 W	
Ignition system	Contactless controlled fully electronic ignition with digital ignition adjustment	
Spark plug	NGK BR 7 ES	
Spark plug electrode gap	0.6 mm (0.024 in)	
Cooling	Water cooling, permanent circulation of coolant by water pump	
Starting aid	Electric starter system	

23.2 Engine tightening torques

Screw, inner membrane sheets	EJOTDELTA PT® 35x25	1 Nm (0.7 lbf ft)	
Screw, membrane support plate	EJOTDELTA PT® 30x12	1 Nm (0.7 lbf ft)	
Screw, outer membrane sheets	EJOTDELTA PT® 30x6	1 Nm (0.7 lbf ft)	
Screw, angle lever, exhaust control	M5	6 Nm (4.4 lbf ft)	Loctite [®] 243™
Screw, bearing retainer	M5	6 Nm (4.4 lbf ft)	Loctite [®] 243™
Screw, clutch spring retainer	M5	6 Nm (4.4 lbf ft)	
Screw, crankshaft speed sensor	M5	6 Nm (4.4 lbf ft)	Loctite®243™
Screw, exhaust control bearing support	M5	6 Nm (4.4 lbf ft)	Loctite®243™
Screw, exhaust control cap	M5	5 Nm (3.7 lbf ft)	
Screw, exhaust control cover	M5	4 Nm (3 lbf ft)	
Screw, injection valve holder	M5	5 Nm (3.7 lbf ft)	Loctite®243™
Screw, locking lever	M5	6 Nm (4.4 lbf ft)	Loctite [®] 243™

Screw, retaining bracket of exhaust	M5	6 Nm (4.4 lbf ft) Loctite [®] 2701™
control		
Screw, stator	M5	6 Nm (4.4 lbf ft) Loctite [®] 2701™
Cap nut, water pump impeller	M6	5 Nm (3.7 lbf ft) Loctite®243™
Drain plug, water pump cover	M6	10 Nm (7.4 lbf ft)
Screw, alternator cover	M6	8 Nm (5.9 lbf ft)
Screw, clutch cover	M6	10 Nm (7.4 lbf ft)
Screw, clutch slave cylinder	M6	10 Nm (7.4 lbf ft)
Screw, control flap, exhaust con- trol	М6	10 Nm (7.4 lbf ft) Loctite®243™
Screw, engine case	M6	10 Nm (7.4 lbf ft)
Screw, exhaust control thrust bear- ing	M6	8 Nm (5.9 lbf ft) Loctite®243™
Screw, exhaust flange	M6	8 Nm (5.9 lbf ft)
Screw, gear oil level monitoring	M6	8 Nm (5.9 lbf ft)
Screw, intake flange/reed valve	M6	6 Nm (4.4 lbf ft)
housing Screw, kick starter intermediate	M6	10 Nm (7.4 lbf.ft)
gear pin	MID	10 Nm (7.4 lbf ft) Loctite®243™
Screw, outer clutch cover	M6	8 Nm (5.9 lbf ft)
Screw, shift drum locating	M6	10 Nm (7.4 lbf ft) Loctite®243™
Screw, shift lever	M6	14 Nm (10.3 lbf ft) Loctite®243™
Screw, starter motor	M6	10 Nm (7.4 lbf ft)
Screw, starter motor bearing bush	M6	10 Nm (7.4 lbf ft) Loctite[®]243™
Screw, starter motor protection cap	M6	8 Nm (5.9 lbf ft)
Screw, water pump cover	M6	10 Nm (7.4 lbf ft)
Vacuum connection, cylinder	M6	4 Nm (3 lbf ft) Loctite®2701™
Screw, balancer shaft	M8	30 Nm (22.1 lbf ft) Loctite[®]243™
Screw, cylinder head	M8	27 Nm (19.9 lbf ft)
Nut, cylinder base	M10	35 Nm (25.8 lbf ft)
Screw, drive chain engine sprocket	M10	60 Nm (44.3 lbf ft) Loctite®2701™
Stud, cylinder base	M10	12 Nm (8.9 lbf ft)
Screw, cylinder head temperature sensor	M10x1.25	12 Nm (8.9 lbf ft)
Nut, rotor	M12x1	60 Nm (44.3 lbf ft)
Gear oil drain plug with magnet	M12x1.5	20 Nm (14.8 lbf ft)
Spark plug	M12x1.3	25 Nm (18.4 lbf ft)
Nut, inner clutch hub	M14x1.25	100 Nm (73.8 lbf ft)
		Loctite [®] 243™
Nut, primary gear wheel	M18LHx1.5	150 Nm (110.6 lbf ft) Loctite[®]243™

23 TECHNICAL DATA

23.3 Capacities

23.3.1	Gear oil			
Gear oil		0.80 I (0.85 qt.)		Engine oil (15W/50) (🕮 p. 168)
23.3.2	Coolant			
Coolant		1.2 I (1.3 qt.)		Coolant (📖 p. 168)
23.3.3	Fuel			
Total fuel	tank capacity, approx.	9 I (2.4 US gal)		Super unleaded (ROZ 95) (📖 p. 169)
Fuel reser	rve, approx.		1.5 (1.6 qt.)	
2-stroke d	oil tank content approx.	0.6 l (0.6 qt.)		Engine oil, 2-stroke (💷 p. 168)

23.4 Chassis

Frame	Central tube frame made of chrome molybdenum steel	
	tubing	
Fork	WPXPLOR OC	
Shock absorber	WP XPLOR PDS	
Suspension travel	· ·	
front	300 mm (11.81 in)	
Suspension travel	· · ·	
rear	310 mm (12.2 in)	
Fork offset	22 mm (0.87 in)	
Brake system	Disc brakes, floating brake calipers	
Brake discs - diameter	· · ·	
front	260 mm (10.24 in)	
rear	220 mm (8.66 in)	
Brake discs - wear limit (All standard XC-W r	nodels, All standard EXC models)	
front	2.5 mm (0.098 in)	
rear	3.5 mm (0.138 in)	
Brake discs - wear limit (All special models)	· ·	
front	2.5 mm (0.098 in)	
rear	3.7 mm (0.146 in)	
Street tire pressure (All EXC models)		
front	2.0 bar (29 psi)	
rear	2.0 bar (29 psi)	
Offroad tire pressure	· · ·	
front	1.0 bar (15 psi)	
rear	1.0 bar (15 psi)	
Secondary ratio (All 250 models)	14:52 (13:52)	
Secondary ratio (All 300 models)	14:50 (13:50)	
Chain	5/8 x 1/4"	
Rear sprockets available	45, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52	

Steering head angle	63.5°
Wheelbase	1,482 ± 10 mm (58.35 ± 0.39 in)
Seat height unloaded	960 mm (37.8 in)
Ground clearance unloaded	370 mm (14.57 in)
Weight without fuel, approx.	104 kg (229 lb.)
Maximum permissible front axle load	145 kg (320 lb.)
Maximum permissible rear axle load	190 kg (419 lb.)
Maximum permissible overall weight	335 kg (739 lb.)

23.5 Electrical system

12-V battery	HJTZ5S-FP-C	Lithium-ion battery Battery voltage: 12 V Nominal capacity: 2.0 Ah Maintenance-free
Combination instrument battery	CR 2430	Battery voltage: 3 V
Fuse	75011088005	5 A
Fuse	75011088010	10 A
Fuse	58011109120	20 A
Headlight	HS1/socket BX43t	12 V 35/35 W
Position light	W5W / socket W2.1x9.5d	12 V 5 W
Indicator lamps	W2.3W / socket W2x4.6d	12 V 2.3 W
Turn signal (All EXC models)	R10W / socket BA15s	12 V 10 W
Brake/tail light	LED	
License plate lamp (All EXC mod- els)	LED	

23.6 Tires

Validity	Front tire	Rear tire
(All standard EXC models)	90/90 - 21 M/C 54R M+S TT MAXXIS Maxx Enduro	140/80 - 18 M/C 70R M+S TT MAXXIS Maxx Enduro
(All special models)	90/90 - 21 M/C 54M M+S TT Metzeler MCE 6 DAYS EXTREME	140/80 - 18 M/C 70M M+S TT Metzeler MCE 6 DAYS EXTREME
(All XC-W models)	80/100 - 21 51M TT Dunlop GEOMAX AT 81 F	110/100 - 18 64M TT Dunlop GEOMAX AT 81
The tires specified represent one of the possible series production tires. Additional information is available in the Service section under: KTM.COM		

23.7 Fork

Fork article number		0797C162V401000	
Fork		WPXPLOR OC	
Compression damping			
Comfort		18 clicks	
Standard		15 clicks	
Sport		12 clicks	
Rebound damping			
Comfort		18 clicks	
Standard		15 clicks	
Sport		12 clicks	
Spring preload - Preload Adjuster			
Comfort		+0	
Standard		+0	
Sport		+3	
Spring length with preload spacer(s)		474 mm (18.66 in)	
Spring rate			
Weight of rider: 65 75 kg (143 165 lb.)		4.2 N/mm (24 lb/in)	
Weight of rider: 75 85 kg (165 187 lb.)		4.4 N/mm (25.1 lb/in)	
Weight of rider: 85 95 kg (187 209 lb.)		4.6 N/mm (26.3 lb/in)	
Fork length		928 mm (36.54	in)
Fork oil per fork leg	636 ± 10 ml (21.	5 ± 0.34 fl. oz.)	Fork oil (SAE 4) (48601166S1) (💷 p. 169)

23.8 Shock absorber

Shock absorber article number	0797C461V305000
Shock absorber	WP XPLOR PDS
Low-speed compression damping	
Comfort	18 clicks
Standard	15 clicks
Sport	12 clicks
High-speed compression damping	
Comfort	2.5 turns
Standard	2 turns
Sport	1 turn
Rebound damping	
Comfort	18 clicks
Standard	15 clicks
Sport	12 clicks
Spring preload	9 mm (0.35 in)
Spring rate	
Weight of rider: 65 75 kg (143 165 lb.)	57 63 N/mm (325 360 lb/in)
Weight of rider: 75 85 kg (165 187 lb.)	60 66 N/mm (343 377 lb/in)
Weight of rider: 85 95 kg (187 209 lb.)	63 69 N/mm (360 394 lb/in)

Spring length	225 mm (8.86 in)	
Gas pressure	10 bar (145 psi)	
Static sag	37 mm (1.46 in)	
Riding sag	110 mm (4.33 in)	
Fitted length	415 mm (16.34 in)	
Shock absorber fluid (📖 p. 169)	SAE 2.5	

23.9 Chassis tightening torques

Remaining screws, chassis	EJOT PT® K60x25-Z	2 Nm (1.5 lbf ft)	
Screw, intake air temperature sen-	EJOTDELTA PT® 45x12-Z	0.7 Nm (0.52 lbf ft)	
sor			
Screw, oil fill level sensor	G 3/4 "	7 Nm (5.2 lbf ft)	
Screw, oil pump holder on oil tank	EJOTDELTA PT 45x12-Z	0.7 Nm (0.52 lbf ft)	
Screw, pressure regulator	EJOT PT® K60x25-Z	2.3 Nm (1.7 lbf ft)	
Screw, emergency OFF switch (All EXC models)	M4	0.4 Nm (0.3 lbf ft)	
Screw, fixed grip	M4	5 Nm (3.7 lbf ft) Loctite®24	3™
Spoke nipple, front wheel	M4.5	6 Nm (4.4 lbf ft)	
Spoke nipple, rear wheel	M4.5	6 Nm (4.4 lbf ft)	
Remaining nuts, chassis	M5	5 Nm (3.7 lbf ft)	
Remaining screws, chassis	M5	5 Nm (3.7 lbf ft)	
Screw, battery terminal	M5	2.5 Nm (1.84 lbf ft)	
Screw, brake line guide for link fork	M5	5 Nm (3.7 lbf ft)	
Screw, ground wire in tail section	M5	5 Nm (3.7 lbf ft)	
Screw, light switch (All EXC mod- els)	M5	1 Nm (0.7 lbf ft)	
Screw, shock absorber adjusting ring	M5	5 Nm (3.7 lbf ft)	
Screw, turn signal switch (All EXC models)	M5	1 Nm (0.7 lbf ft)	
Nut, cable on starter motor	M6	4 Nm (3 lbf ft)	
Remaining nuts, chassis	M6	10 Nm (7.4 lbf ft)	
Remaining screws, chassis	M6	10 Nm (7.4 lbf ft)	
Screw, ball joint of push rod on foot brake cylinder	M6	10 Nm (7.4 lbf ft) Loctite®24	3™
Screw, battery support bracket	M6	6 Nm (4.4 lbf ft)	
Screw, brake lever	M6	5 Nm (3.7 lbf ft)	
Screw, cable on starter relay	M6	6 Nm (4.4 lbf ft)	
Screw, chain guide	M6	10 Nm (7.4 lbf ft)	
Screw, chain sliding guard	M6	10 Nm (7.4 lbf ft) Loctite®24	.3™
Screw, clutch lever	M6	5 Nm (3.7 lbf ft)	
Screw, front brake disc	M6	14 Nm (10.3 lbf ft) Loctite®24	.3™
Screw, manifold on silent block	M6	6 Nm (4.4 lbf ft)	

Screw, rear brake disc	Мб	14 Nm (10.3 lbf ft) Loctite[®]243™
Screw, seat fixing	M6	10 Nm (7.4 lbf ft)
Screw, silent block on frame	M6	6 Nm (4.4 lbf ft)
Screw, throttle grip	M6	5 Nm (3.7 lbf ft)
Fuel connection on fuel pump	M8	15 Nm (11.1 lbf ft)
Nut, foot brake lever	M8	20 Nm (14.8 lbf ft)
Nut, foot brake lever stop	M8	20 Nm (14.8 lbf ft)
Nut, pull switch (All XC-W models)	M8	0.8 Nm (0.59 lbf ft)
Nut, rear sprocket screw	M8	35 Nm (25.8 lbf ft) Loctite [®] 2701™
Nut, rim lock	M8	12 Nm (8.9 lbf ft)
Remaining nuts, chassis	M8	25 Nm (18.4 lbf ft)
Remaining screws, chassis	M8	25 Nm (18.4 lbf ft)
Screw, bottom triple clamp (All standard XC-W models, All stan- dard EXC models)	M8	15 Nm (11.1 lbf ft)
Screw, bottom triple clamp (All special models)	M8	15 Nm (11.1 lbf ft)
Screw, chain sliding piece	M8	15 Nm (11.1 lbf ft)
Screw, engine brace	M8x15	25 Nm (18.4 lbf ft) Loctite [®] 2701™
Screw, engine brace	M8x20	25 Nm (18.4 lbf ft) Loctite®243™
Screw, engine sprocket cover	M8	15 Nm (11.1 lbf ft)
Screw, fork stub	M8	15 Nm (11.1 lbf ft)
Screw, front brake caliper	M8	25 Nm (18.4 lbf ft) Loctite[®]243™
Screw, handlebar clamp	M8	20 Nm (14.8 lbf ft)
Screw, manifold	M8	15 Nm (11.1 lbf ft)
Screw, side stand attachment (All EXC models)	M8x20	33 Nm (24.3 lbf ft) Loctite [®] 2701™
Screw, side stand attachment (All XC-W models)	M8x26	33 Nm (24.3 lbf ft) Loctite [®] 2701™
Screw, subframe bottom	M8	30 Nm (22.1 lbf ft) Loctite [®] 2701™
Screw, subframe top	M8	35 Nm (25.8 lbf ft) Loctite [®] 2701™
Screw, top steering stem (All stan- dard XC-W models, All standard EXC models)	M8	20 Nm (14.8 lbf ft)
Screw, top steering stem (All spe- cial models)	M8	17 Nm (12.5 lbf ft) Loctite [®] 243™
Screw, top triple clamp (All stan- dard XC-W models, All standard EXC models)	M8	20 Nm (14.8 lbf ft)
Screw, top triple clamp (All special models)	M8	17 Nm (12.5 lbf ft)
Engine bracket screw	M10	60 Nm (44.3 lbf ft)

Remaining nuts, chassis	M10	45 Nm (33.2 lbf ft)
Remaining screws, chassis	M10	45 Nm (33.2 lbf ft)
Screw, handlebar support	M10	40 Nm (29.5 lbf ft)
		Loctite [®] 243™
Nut, fuel pump	M12	15 Nm (11.1 lbf ft)
Screw, bottom shock absorber	M12	80 Nm (59 lbf ft)
		Loctite [®] 2701™
Screw, top shock absorber	M12	80 Nm (59 lbf ft)
		Loctite [®] 2701™
Nut, fork pivot	M16x1.5	100 Nm (73.8 lbf ft)
Nut, rear wheel spindle	M20x1.5	80 Nm (59 lbf ft)
Screw, front wheel spindle	M20x1.5	35 Nm (25.8 lbf ft)
Screw, top steering head	M20x1.5	12 Nm (8.9 lbf ft)
Screw-in fitting, cooling system	M24x1.5	18 Nm (13.3 lbf ft)
		Loctite [®] 243™

Brake fluid DOT 4 / DOT 5.1

Standard/classification

– DOT

```
Guideline
```

 Use only brake fluid that complies with the specified standard (see specifications on the container) and that exhibits the corresponding properties.

Recommended supplier

Castrol

– REACT PERFORMANCE DOT 4

MOTOREX®

Brake Fluid DOT 5.1

Coolant

Guideline

- Only use high-grade, silicate-free coolant with corrosion inhibitor additive for aluminum motors. Low grade and unsuitable antifreeze causes corrosion, deposits and frothing.
- Do not use pure water as only coolant is able to meet the requirements needed in terms of corrosion protection and lubrication properties.
- Only use coolant that complies with the requirements stated (see specifications on the container) and that has the relevant properties.

Antifreeze protection to at least	-25 °C (-13 °F)
-----------------------------------	-----------------

The mixture ratio must be adjusted to the necessary antifreeze protection. Use distilled water if the coolant needs to be diluted.

The use of premixed coolant is recommended.

Observe the coolant manufacturer specifications for antifreeze protection, dilution and miscibility (compatibility) with other coolants.

Recommended supplier MOTOREX® – COOLANT M3.0

COCLANT MO.C

Engine oil (15W/50)

Standard/classification

- JASO T903 MA2 (🕮 p. 172)
- SAE (p. 172) (15W/50)

Guideline

Use only engine oils that comply with the specified standards (see specifications on the container) and that
possess the corresponding properties.

Recommended supplier MOTOREX®

Top Speed 4T

Engine oil, 2-stroke

```
Standard/classification
```

```
– JASO FD (🕮 p. 172)
```

Guideline

- Only use high-grade 2-stroke engine oil from a reputable brand.

fully synthetic

Recommended supplier MOTOREX®

- Cross Power 2T

Fork oil (SAE 4) (48601166S1)

Standard/classification

– SAE (🕮 p. 172) (SAE 4)

Guideline

 Use only oils that comply with the specified standards (see specifications on the container) and that exhibit the corresponding properties.

Shock absorber fluid (SAE 2.5) (50180751S1)

Standard/classification

– SAE (📖 p. 172) (SAE 2.5)

Guideline

 Use only oils that comply with the specified standards (see specifications on the container) and that exhibit the corresponding properties.

Super unleaded (ROZ 95)

Standard/classification

- DIN EN 228 (ROZ 95)

Guideline

- Only use super unleaded fuel that matches or is equivalent to the specified standard.
- Fuel with an ethanol content of up to 10% (E10 fuel) is safe to use.



Do **not** use fuel containing methanol (e.g., M15, M85, M100) or more than 10% ethanol (e.g., E15, E25, E85, E100).

25 AUXILIARY SUBSTANCES

Air filter cleaner

Recommended supplier MOTOREX®

Racing Bio Dirt Remover

Chain cleaner

Recommended supplier MOTOREX® – Chain Clean

Fuel additive

Recommended supplier MOTOREX® – Fuel Stabilizer

High viscosity grease

Recommended supplier SKF[®] – LGHB 2

Long-life grease

Recommended supplier MOTOREX® – Bike Grease 2000

Motorcycle cleaner

Recommended supplier MOTOREX® – Moto Clean

Off-road chain spray

Recommended supplier MOTOREX® – Chainlube Offroad

Oil for foam air filter

Recommended supplier MOTOREX® – Racing Bio Liquid Power

Preserving materials for paints, metal and rubber

Recommended supplier MOTOREX®

Moto Protect

Silicone spray

Recommended supplier MOTOREX® – Silicone Spray

Special cleaner for glossy and matte paint finishes, metal and plastic surfaces

Recommended supplier MOTOREX® – Quick Cleaner

Universal oil spray

Recommended supplier MOTOREX®

- Joker 440 Synthetic

26 STANDARDS

JASO T903 MA2

Different technical development directions required a separate specification for motorcycles – the **JASO T903 MA2** standard.

Earlier, engine oils from the automobile industry were used for motorcycles because there was no separate motorcycle specification.

Whereas long service intervals are demanded for automobile engines, the focus for motorcycle engines is on high performance at high engine speeds.

In most motorcycle engines, the transmission and clutch are lubricated with the same oil.

The JASO T903 MA2 standard meets these special requirements.

SAE

The SAE viscosity classes were defined by the Society of Automotive Engineers and are used for classifying oils according to their viscosity. The viscosity describes only one property of oil and says nothing about quality.

JASO FD

JASO FD is a classification for a 2-stroke engine oil that was specifically developed for the extreme demands of racing. Thanks to first-rate synthetic esters and specially designed additives, superb combustion is achieved even under extreme operating conditions.

TPI	Injection into transfer ducts (Trans- fer Port Injection)	Electronic fuel injection in which two injection valves in the transfer ducts of the cylinders are used
OBD	On-board diagnosis	Vehicle system, which monitors the specified parame- ters of the vehicle electronics

Art. no.	Article number
ca.	circa
cf.	compare
e.g.	for example
etc.	et cetera
i.a.	inter alia
no.	number
poss.	possibly

29.1 Red symbols

Red symbols indicate an error condition that requires immediate intervention.

)	The oil level warning lamp lights up red – Oil level has reached the MIN marking. Ride for no
	, MIN	more than until the remaining fuel in the tank is depleted and at the next opportunity refuel
Ŭ	-	with 2-stroke oil.

29.2 Yellow and orange symbols

Yellow and orange symbols indicate an error condition that requires prompt intervention. Active driving aids are also represented by yellow or orange symbols.

ſ.	Malfunction indicator lamp lights up/flashes yellow – The OBD has detected a malfunction in the vehicle electronics. Come safely to a halt, and contact an authorized KTM workshop.
	The fuel level warning lamp lights up yellow – The fuel level has reached the reserve mark.

29.3 Green and blue symbols

Green and blue symbols reflect information.

≣D	The high beam indicator lamp lights up blue – The high beam is switched on.
	Turn signal indicator lamp flashes green – The turn signal is switched on.

1	
12-V battery	
charging11installing11removing11starting power3	8 6
2	
2-stroke oil level checking 14	2
2-stroke oil tank cap closing	
Α	
Air filter cleaning	0
Air filter box cleaning	1
Air filter box cover 7 installing 7 preparing for securing 8 removing 7	1
Ambient pressure programming	8
Antifreeze checking	
Auxiliary substances	
B	
Basic chassis setting rider's weight, checking with	3
Blink code	8
Brake discs checking	
Brake fluid of front brake, adding	
Brake fluid level of front brake, checking	
Brake linings front brake, checking 10 of the front brake, changing 10 of the rear brake, changing 10 rear brake, checking 10	1 6

C

Capacity
coolant 132, 162
fuel 49, 162
Gear oil 148, 162
Chain
checking 89
cleaning
Chain guide
checking 89
Chain tension
adjusting 88
checking 87
Characteristic map of the throttle response
adjusting
Cleaning, care
Clutch
fluid level, checking/correcting
fluid, changing
Clutch lever
basic position, adjusting
Cold start button
Combination instrument
adjusting
clock, setting
combination instrument battery obenging 10/
combination instrument battery, changing 127
kilometers or miles, setting
kilometers or miles, setting25overview25Compression damping59fork, adjusting59Coolant133changing133draining130refilling131Coolant level129-130checking129Customer service11
kilometers or miles, setting 25 overview 25 Compression damping 59 fork, adjusting 59 Coolant 133 changing 133 draining 130 refilling 131 Coolant level 129-130 Cooling system 129 D 11
kilometers or miles, setting 25 overview 25 Compression damping 59 fork, adjusting 59 Coolant 133 draining 130 refilling 131 Coolant level 129-130 Cooling system 129 Customer service 11 D 7
kilometers or miles, setting 25 overview 25 Compression damping 59 fork, adjusting 59 Coolant 133 changing 133 draining 130 refilling 131 Coolant level 129-130 Cooling system 129 Customer service 11 D Defined use 7 Diagnostics connector 128
kilometers or miles, setting 25 overview 25 Compression damping 59 fork, adjusting 59 Coolant 133 changing 133 draining 130 refilling 131 Coolant level 129-130 Cooling system 129 Customer service 11 D 7 Diagnostics connector 128 Difficult operating conditions 39 dry sand 39 low temperature 43
kilometers or miles, setting 25 overview 25 Compression damping 59 fork, adjusting 59 Coolant 133 changing 133 draining 130 refilling 131 Coolant level 129-130 Cooling system 129 Customer service 11 D 7 Diagnostics connector 128 Difficult operating conditions 39 low temperature 43 muddy surfaces 42
kilometers or miles, setting25overview25Compression damping fork, adjusting59Coolant59changing133draining130refilling131Coolant level129-130Cooling system129Customer service11D128Difficult operating conditions39dry sand39low temperature43muddy surfaces42snow43
kilometers or miles, setting 25 overview 25 Compression damping 59 fork, adjusting 59 Coolant 133 changing 133 draining 130 refilling 131 Coolant level 129-130 Cooling system 129 Customer service 11 D 7 Diagnostics connector 128 Difficult operating conditions 39 low temperature 43 muddy surfaces 42

Difficult riding conditions	
high temperatures	4
slow speed	4
E	
Emergency OFF switch	1
	. 1
Engine	2
running in	5
Engine guard	0
installing removing	
6	
Engine number	1
Engine sprocket	~
checking	
Environment	•
F	
Figures	1
Foot brake lever	2
basic position, adjusting	10
free travel, checking	10
Fork	
article number	. 1
basic setting, checking	5
Fork legs	
bleeding	
dust boots, cleaning	
installing	
removing	
spring preload, adjusting	0
Fork protector	~
installing removing	
Frame checking	c
-	3
Front fender	-
installing	
Front wheel	
installing	11
removing	
Fuel screen	
changing	14
Fuel tank	- 4
installing	Q
removing	
-	L L
Fuel tank filler cap closing	0
opening	
Fuel, oils, etc.	1

Fuse

	changing for individual electrical power	
	consumers	122
	main fuse, changing	121
G		

Gear oil

Idle speed	
1	
Horn button	17
High-speed compression damping shock absorber, adjusting	54
Headlight setting checking 1	26
Headlight mask with headlight installing 1 removing 1	
Headlight bulb changing1	24
Headlight range, adjusting 1	27
Handlebar positionadjusting	
Hand brake lever basic position, adjusting free travel, adjusting free travel, checking	98 97
Н	
Gear oil level checking	47
adding 1 changing 1	

lule speed
adjusting 137
Idle speed adjusting screw 22
Ignition timing map changing
Implied warranty 11 Intended use 7
К
Key number
L
Light switch
Link fork checking
Lower triple clamp installing

INDEX

Low-speed compression damping shock absorber, adjusting
Μ
Main fuse
changing 121
Main silencerglass fiber yarn filling, changinginstallingremoving82
Manufacturer warranty
Map switch 18 Misuse 7
Motorcycle cleaning
0
Oil pump priming142Overview of indicator lights19Owner's Manual10
P
Play in throttle cable adjusting
Preparing for use advice on preparing for first use
Protective clothing
R
Rear sprocket checking
Rear wheel installing
Rebound damping fork, adjusting
Refueling 2-stroke oil
Riding sag adjusting
Rubber grip checking

S
Safe operation
Seat
mounting
removing
Service
Service schedule
Shift lever
basic position, adjusting
basic position, checking
Shock absorber
article number
compression damping, general
installing
removing
riding sag, checking
spring preload, adjusting
static sag, checking
Side stand
Spare parts
Spoke tension
checking 114
Start button
Starting
Starting power of lithium-ion batteries at low tempera-
tures
tures
Steering locking
Steering locking
Steering locking 24 unlocking 24 Steering head bearing
Steering locking 24 unlocking 24 Steering head bearing 24 lubricating 76
Steering 24 locking 24 unlocking 24 Steering head bearing 24 lubricating 76 Steering head bearing play 76
Steering locking 24 unlocking 24 Steering head bearing 24 Iubricating 76 Steering head bearing play 74
Steering 24 locking 24 unlocking 24 Steering head bearing 24 lubricating 76 Steering head bearing play 74 adjusting 74 checking 74
Steering 24 locking 24 unlocking 24 Steering head bearing 24 lubricating 76 Steering head bearing play 74 adjusting 74 Stop button 16-17
Steering locking 24 unlocking 24 Steering head bearing 24 Iubricating 76 Steering head bearing play 74 adjusting 74 checking 74 Stop button 16-17 Storage 152
Steering 24 locking 24 unlocking 24 Steering head bearing 24 Iubricating 76 Steering head bearing play 74 adjusting 74 checking 74 Stop button 16-17 Storage 152 Supporting strap 21
Steering 24 locking 24 unlocking 24 Steering head bearing 24 Iubricating 76 Steering head bearing play 74 adjusting 74 checking 74 Stop button 16-17 Storage 152 Supporting strap 21 T 74
Steering 24 locking 24 unlocking 24 Steering head bearing 24 lubricating 76 Steering head bearing play 74 adjusting 74 checking 74 Stop button 16-17 Storage 152 Supporting strap 21 T Technical accessories 11
Steering 24 locking 24 unlocking 24 Steering head bearing 24 lubricating 76 Steering head bearing play 74 adjusting 74 Stop button 16-17 Storage 152 Supporting strap 21 T 11 Technical accessories 11 Technical data 11
Steering 24 locking 24 unlocking 24 Steering head bearing 24 lubricating 76 Steering head bearing play 74 adjusting 74 Stop button 16-17 Storage 152 Supporting strap 21 T 11 Technical accessories 11 Technical data 162 capacities 162
Steering 24 locking 24 unlocking 24 Steering head bearing 24 Iubricating 76 Steering head bearing play 74 adjusting 74 checking 74 Stop button 16-17 Storage 152 Supporting strap 21 T Technical accessories 11 Technical data 162 chassis 162
Steering 24 locking 24 unlocking 24 Steering head bearing 24 lubricating 76 Steering head bearing play 3djusting adjusting 74 checking 74 Stop button 16-17 Storage 152 Supporting strap 21 T Technical accessories 11 Technical data 162 chassis 162 chassis tightening torques 165
Steering 24 locking 24 unlocking 24 Steering head bearing 24 lubricating 76 Steering head bearing play 3djusting adjusting 74 checking 74 Stop button 16-17 Storage 152 Supporting strap 21 T Technical accessories 11 Technical data 162 chassis 162 chassis tightening torques 163
Steering 24 locking 24 unlocking 24 Steering head bearing 24 lubricating 76 Steering head bearing play 3djusting adjusting 74 checking 74 Stop button 16-17 Storage 152 Supporting strap 21 T Technical accessories 11 Technical data 162 chassis 162 chassis tightening torques 163 electrical system 163 engine 159
Steering 24 locking 24 unlocking 24 Steering head bearing 24 lubricating 76 Steering head bearing play 3djusting adjusting 74 Stop button 16-17 Storage 152 Supporting strap 21 T Technical accessories chassis 162 chassis 162 chassis 162 chassis tightening torques 163 engine 152 engine 152 engine 152
Steering 24 locking 24 unlocking 24 Steering head bearing 24 lubricating 76 Steering head bearing play 74 adjusting 74 checking 74 Stop button 16-17 Storage 152 Supporting strap 21 T Technical accessories 11 Technical data 162 chassis 162 chassis tightening torques 163 engine 159 engine tightening torques 160 fork 164
Steering 24 locking 24 unlocking 24 Steering head bearing 24 lubricating 76 Steering head bearing play 3djusting adjusting 74 checking 74 Stop button 16-17 Storage 152 Supporting strap 21 T Technical accessories 11 Technical data 162 chassis 162 chassis tightening torques 163 engine 152 engine tightening torques 163 engine tightening torques 164

Throttle cable routing
checking 92
Throttle grip
Tire condition
checking 113
Tire pressure
checking 114
Transporting
Troubleshooting
Turn signal bulb
changing 125
Turn signal switch 18
Type label
V
Vehicle identification number 14
View of vehicle
front left
rear right
W
Winter operation
checks and maintenance steps
Work rules

3214421en

05/2021





